

The Daily

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Releases

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Real gross domestic product (GDP) increased 0.1% in June, the first monthly increase since July 2008. For the second quarter as a whole, real GDP decreased 0.9%, a less pronounced rate of decline than the 1.6% drop in the previous quarter. Final domestic demand increased 0.1% in the second quarter.	
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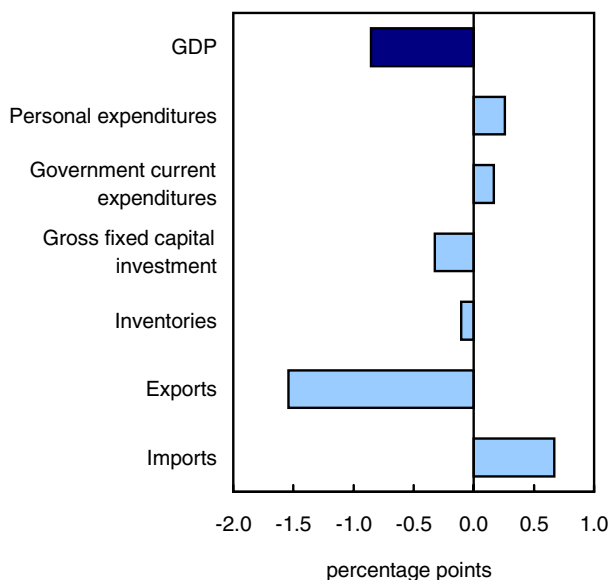
Releases

Canadian economic accounts

Second quarter 2009 and June 2009

Real gross domestic product (GDP) increased 0.1% in June, the first monthly increase since July 2008. For the second quarter as a whole real GDP decreased 0.9%, a less pronounced rate of decline than the 1.6% drop in the previous quarter. Final domestic demand increased 0.1% in the second quarter.

Contributions to percent change in real gross domestic product (GDP), second quarter 2009



Note to readers

Percentage changes for expenditure-based and industry-based statistics (such as personal expenditures, investment, exports, imports and output) are calculated using volume measures that are adjusted for price variations. Percentage changes for income-based statistics (such as labour income, corporate profits and farm income) are calculated using nominal values, that is, not adjusted for price variations.

The Frequently asked questions section on the National economic accounts module of our website has been updated with a series of questions and answers pertaining to recent economic events and how they are treated within the national economic accounts.

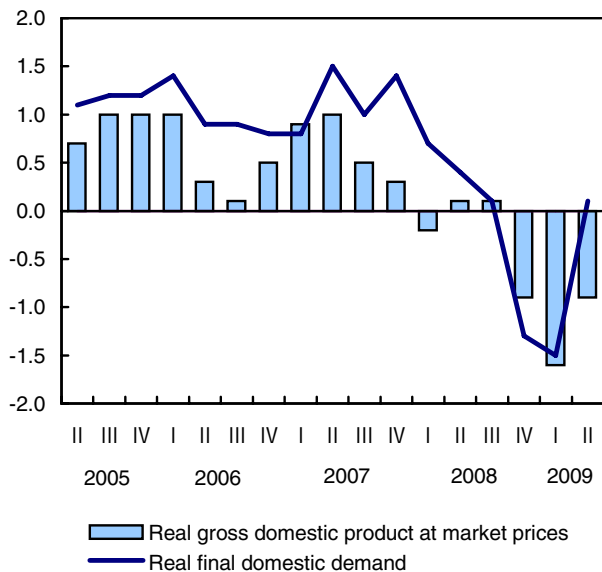
The publication Canadian Economic Accounts Quarterly Review (13-010-X, free) will be published on September 18.

Increased purchases of motor vehicles pushed consumer spending higher in the second quarter, while a rebound in housing resales sparked activity in the residential real estate market. Exports of goods and services and business investment in machinery and equipment were both down, but not as sharply as in the first quarter.

The output of goods-producing industries continued to decline (-3.6%), with the manufacturing and energy sectors being the hardest hit. The service sector increased 0.3% following two consecutive quarterly declines, with the output of real estate agents and brokers contributing the most to the increase.

Final domestic demand outpaces gross domestic product

quarterly % change



Real GDP contracted at an annualized rate of 3.4% in the second quarter, compared with a 1.0% decline in the US economy.

Real gross domestic product, chained (2002) dollars¹

	Change	Annualized change %	Year-over-year change
First quarter 2008	-0.2	-0.7	1.7
Second quarter 2008	0.1	0.3	0.7
Third quarter 2008	0.1	0.4	0.3
Fourth quarter 2008	-0.9	-3.7	-1.0
First quarter 2009	-1.6	-6.1	-2.3
Second quarter 2009	-0.9	-3.4	-3.2

1. The change is the growth rate from one period to the next. The annualized change is the growth rate compounded annually. The year-over-year change is the growth rate of a given quarter compared with the same quarter in a previous year.

Consumer spending strengthens

Consumer spending on goods and services advanced 0.4%. Increased spending on durable goods (+1.5%), particularly motor vehicles, contributed to the second quarter gain. Increased spending on financial services, mostly on mutual funds and on stock and bond commissions, contributed to the growth in services (+0.4%).

Housing demand increases

Investment in residential structures increased 1.7% in the second quarter, halting five consecutive quarterly declines. Ownership transfer costs related to housing resale activity rebounded by 40%. This rebound offset a decline in the value of new housing construction. Renovation activity was also up (+2.2%) after weakening throughout most of 2008.

Decline in non-residential capital expenditure moderates

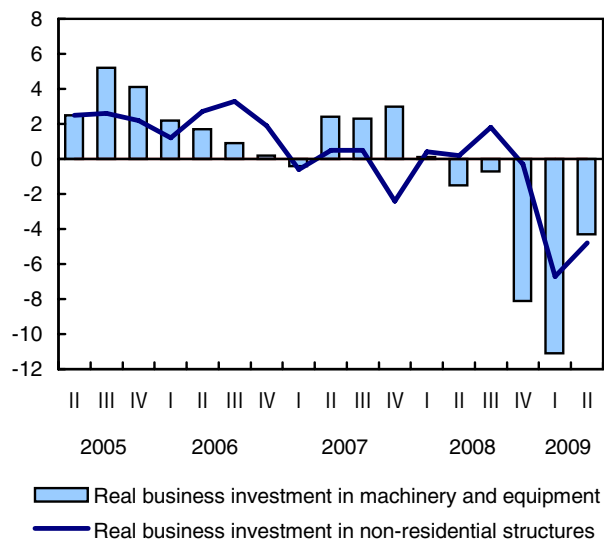
Businesses continued to reduce investment in buildings and engineering projects. However, the decline in engineering structures in the second quarter (-5.6%) was less pronounced than in the first quarter (-8.8%).

Investment fell in almost all categories of business machinery and equipment in the second quarter. Trucks and telecommunications equipment were the exceptions, as businesses increased their expenditures on both, following significant decreases in the previous two quarters. As a result, the 4.3% decline in expenditures on machinery and equipment was not as sharp as the 11% drop in the previous quarter.

Government investment in buildings and engineering projects increased 4.7%, the 11th consecutive quarterly advance.

Decline in machinery and equipment investment not as sharp

quarterly % change



Inventories drawn down again

Inventories were drawn down substantially for a second consecutive quarter. Manufacturers, wholesalers, retailers and farmers all recorded lower inventories in the second quarter.

The economy-wide stock-to-sales ratio edged up to 0.79, equivalent to 72 days of sales, the highest since 1996.

Decline in imports eases

Imports fell 2.2% in the second quarter. This was the fourth quarterly decrease in a row, but was not as steep as in the previous two quarters. Machinery and equipment as well as industrial goods and materials were major contributors to the decline. On the other hand, small increases were recorded in automotive products, "other consumer goods," and agricultural and fish products.

Exports continue to fall

Exports of goods and services dropped 5.2% in the second quarter, after falling 8.7% in the first quarter. Most categories of goods declined, particularly machinery and equipment, industrial goods and materials, and energy products. Exports of services fell 0.3%, after declining substantially in the first quarter.

Economy-wide incomes down slightly

Nominal GDP decreased 0.6% in the quarter, a much slower decline than in the two previous quarters. Corporate profits fell 11%, the third consecutive quarterly double-digit decline. As in the previous two quarters, lower profits were recorded by energy, mining and financial industries. Labour income fell 0.5%. Business sector labour income declined 1.1%, while there was a 1.3% increase in government sector labour income.

Personal income edged up, after falling 0.9% in the first quarter, as Employment Insurance benefits increased 23%. Personal outlays were virtually unchanged from the first quarter, as a drop in personal income taxes helped offset an increase in personal expenditure on goods and services. The saving rate in the personal sector remained at 4.5%.

National saving rate falls again

The national saving rate was 4.4%, its lowest rate since 1994. Both personal and corporate saving rose slightly in the second quarter. Government sector saving (all levels combined) was down for a second consecutive quarter as government revenues continued to decline.

Purchasing power declines

Real gross domestic income (GDI), a measure of Canada's purchasing power, fell 0.5% in the second quarter. The drop in real GDI was less pronounced than the drop in real GDP, as Canada's quarterly terms of trade improved for the first time since the second quarter of 2008. Real GDI was down 8.2% from the second quarter of 2008.

Real gross domestic income, volume index (2002=100)

	Change	Annualized change %	Year-over-year change
First quarter 2008	0.5	2.2	4.0
Second quarter 2008	1.3	5.5	3.9
Third quarter 2008	-0.3	-1.1	3.1
Fourth quarter 2008	-4.3	-16.0	-2.7
First quarter 2009	-3.3	-12.7	-6.5
Second quarter 2009	-0.5	-2.0	-8.2

1. The change is the growth rate from one period to the next. The annualized change is the growth rate compounded annually. The year-over-year change is the growth rate of a given quarter compared with the same quarter in a previous year.

Economy-wide prices increase for the first time in three quarters

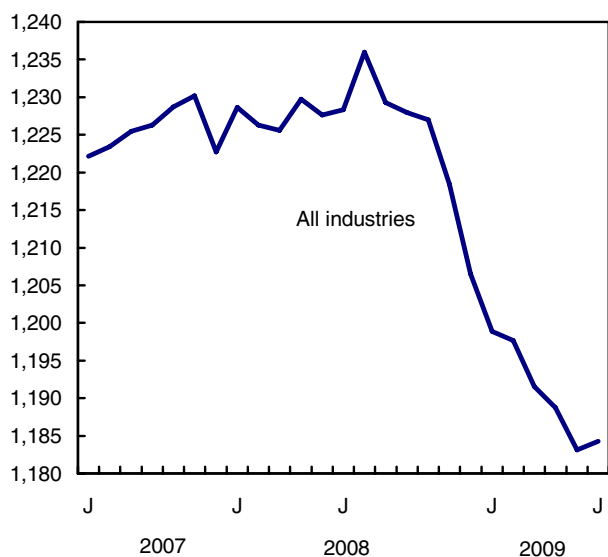
The price of goods and services produced in Canada increased 0.3%, after declines in the two previous quarters. Excluding energy, prices increased 0.7%. The price of final domestic demand was unchanged.

Gross domestic product by industry, June 2009

Real GDP rose 0.1% in June, after 10 consecutive monthly declines. The output of service industries rose 0.4% in June, the largest increase since the start of the year. Goods-producing industries registered another decline (-0.6%), although it was less pronounced than those of the previous seven months.

Real gross domestic product increases slightly in June

billions of chained (2002) dollars



Oil and gas extraction, wholesale trade and real estate agents and brokers were the sectors that contributed the most to the growth of GDP. Retail trade, finance and public administration activities also increased. Decreases in metallic ore mines, manufacturing and, to a lesser extent, construction partly offset these increases.

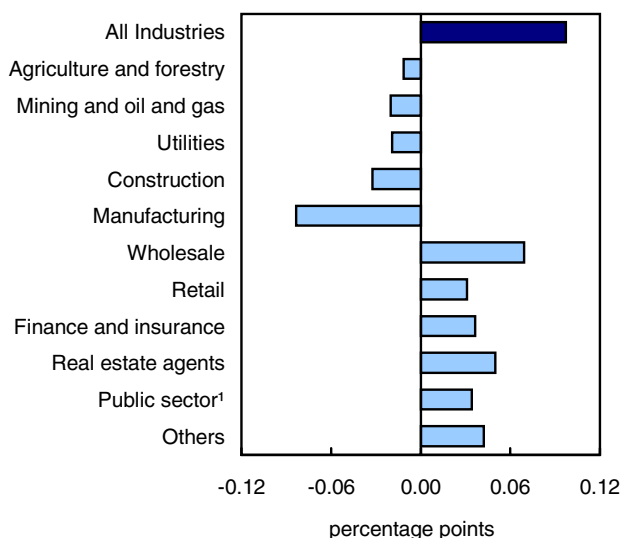
After three consecutive monthly declines, oil and gas extraction rose 1.3% in June, with both components posting gains. However, extraction of metallic ores, particularly in copper, nickel, lead and zinc mines (-33%), contracted sharply, mainly because of temporary closures attributable to weak demand and maintenance work.

The volume of wholesale trade activities rose 1.3% in June, with most wholesalers recording an increase.

Value added in retail trade rose 0.5% in June, following an identical result in May.

The manufacturing sector declined 0.7% in June, with 14 of the 21 major groups contracting. Durable goods manufacturing fell 1.4%, while the manufacturing of non-durable goods advanced 0.1%. The production and processing of non-ferrous metals (except aluminum) decreased sharply (-20%), mainly because of temporary plant closures related to faltering demand.

Main industrial sectors' contribution to the percent change in real gross domestic product, June 2009



1. Education, health and public administration.

The home resale market made another strong advance, which led to an 8.3% increase in the activities of real estate agents and brokers. However, the construction sector declined 0.5% in June. This drop was mainly attributable to a sizable 1.5% decrease in residential building construction.

Products, services and contact information

Detailed analysis and tables

The *National economic accounts* module, accessible from the home page of our website, features an up-to-date portrait of national and provincial economies and their structure.

Detailed analysis on today's releases from the national accounts, including additional charts and tables, will soon be available in the second quarter 2009 issue of *Canadian Economic Accounts Quarterly Review*, Vol. 8, no. 2 (13-010-X, free).

Gross domestic product by industry

Available on CANSIM: table 379-0027.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers, including related surveys, 1301.

The June 2009 issue of *Gross Domestic Product by Industry*, Vol. 23, no. 6 (15-001-X, free), is now available from the *Publications* module of our website.

For more information, or to order data, contact our dissemination officer (613-951-4623; toll-free

1-800-887-4623; iad-info-dci@statcan.gc.ca). To enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Bernard Lefrançois (613-951-3622), Industry Accounts Division.

Income and expenditure accounts

Available on CANSIM: tables 380-0001 to 380-0017, 380-0019 to 380-0035, 380-0056, 380-0059 to 380-0062, and 382-0006.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers, including related surveys, 1901 and 2602.

The *National Income and Expenditure Accounts: Data Tables* (13-019-X, free), and *Estimates of Labour Income: Data Tables* (13-021-X, free) are also now available from the *Publications* module of our website.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, consult the *Guide to the Income and Expenditure Accounts* (13-017-X, free) or contact the information officer (613-951-3640, iead-info-dcrd@statcan.gc.ca), Income and Expenditure Accounts Division.

□

Gross domestic product, implicit chain price indexes, quarterly change

	First quarter 2008	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009
Using seasonally adjusted data (2002=100)						
	quarterly % change					
Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services	0.4	0.8	0.9	-0.5	0.1	0.2
Business gross fixed capital formation	0.8	1.4	1.3	3.3	0.3	-1.0
Exports of goods and services	5.8	7.4	3.1	-4.1	-7.1	-3.3
Imports of goods and services	3.7	3.8	4.5	5.7	-1.6	-4.3
Gross domestic product at market prices	1.4	2.4	0.8	-2.9	-1.6	0.3
Final domestic demand	0.6	1.0	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.0

Gross domestic product, implicit chain price indexes, year-over-year change

	First quarter 2008	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009
Using seasonally adjusted data (2002=100)						
	year-over-year % change					
Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services	1.3	1.5	2.3	1.6	1.3	0.6
Business gross fixed capital formation	0.5	1.8	3.2	7.1	6.5	3.9
Exports of goods and services	1.3	10.8	17.6	12.4	-1.3	-11.1
Imports of goods and services	-5.6	1.1	9.1	18.9	12.8	4.1
Gross domestic product at market prices	3.5	4.9	5.8	1.6	-1.3	-3.4
Final domestic demand	1.4	1.6	3.1	3.3	2.8	1.8

Monthly gross domestic product by industry at basic prices, chained (2002) dollars

	January 2009 ^r	February 2009 ^r	March 2009 ^r	April 2009 ^r	May 2009 ^r	June 2009 ^p
Seasonally adjusted						
	month-to-month % change					
All industries	-0.6	-0.1	-0.5	-0.2	-0.5	0.1
Goods-producing industries	-1.8	-0.7	-1.7	-1.1	-1.6	-0.6
Service-producing industries	-0.1	0.2	-0.0	0.1	-0.0	0.4
Industrial production	-1.9	-0.8	-1.9	-1.3	-1.8	-0.6
Manufacturing	-3.2	-0.8	-1.3	-1.2	-1.9	-0.7
Wholesale trade	-2.0	-0.2	-0.7	0.2	-0.2	1.3
Energy sector	-0.1	0.0	-2.7	-1.7	-1.7	0.9

^r revised

^p preliminary

Canadian economic accounts key indicators¹

	First quarter 2008	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	2007	2008
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates								
millions of dollars at current prices								
Gross domestic product by income and by expenditure								
Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income	812,496	820,916	827,116	831,936	824,428	820,248	784,839	823,116
	1.6	1.0	0.8	0.6	-0.9	-0.5	5.6	4.9
Corporation profits before taxes	213,056	229,532	237,708	182,900	147,508	131,168	204,131	215,799
	2.8	7.7	3.6	-23.1	-19.4	-11.1	4.1	5.7
Interest and miscellaneous investment income	76,572	85,660	86,136	77,568	65,720	66,492	71,847	81,484
	4.0	11.9	0.6	-9.9	-15.3	1.2	7.7	13.4
Net income of unincorporated business	93,516	95,500	97,860	98,108	96,000	97,540	90,407	96,246
	2.9	2.1	2.5	0.3	-2.1	1.6	4.4	6.5
Taxes less subsidies	164,368	166,016	166,464	163,220	159,916	161,516	166,443	165,017
	-2.8	1.0	0.3	-1.9	-2.0	1.0	3.7	-0.9
Personal disposable income	938,832	948,596	955,512	960,852	953,256	958,648	897,562	950,948
	2.6	1.0	0.7	0.6	-0.8	0.6	5.3	5.9
Personal saving rate ²	3.3	3.4	3.1	4.9	4.5	4.5	2.5	3.7
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
millions of chained (2002) dollars								
Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services	810,096	812,310	813,469	807,018	804,514	808,071	787,063	810,723
	0.6	0.3	0.1	-0.8	-0.3	0.4	4.6	3.0
Government current expenditure on goods and services	261,546	264,477	264,462	266,084	267,477	269,574	254,740	264,142
	1.4	1.1	-0.0	0.6	0.5	0.8	3.3	3.7
Gross fixed capital formation	318,328	318,118	318,616	305,999	286,570	282,381	312,482	315,265
	0.2	-0.1	0.2	-4.0	-6.3	-1.5	3.7	0.9
Investment in inventories	9,362	14,466	14,872	10,386	-8,909	-10,548	15,006	12,272
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Exports of goods and services	498,552	493,352	488,152	464,964	424,701	402,504	510,323	486,255
	-0.6	-1.0	-1.1	-4.8	-8.7	-5.2	1.1	-4.7
Imports of goods and services	585,633	589,968	584,824	547,196	483,871	473,282	572,078	576,905
	-1.2	0.7	-0.9	-6.4	-11.6	-2.2	5.8	0.8
Gross domestic product at market prices	1,323,013	1,324,093	1,325,452	1,312,880	1,292,424	1,281,390	1,315,907	1,321,360
	-0.2	0.1	0.1	-0.9	-1.6	-0.9	2.5	0.4
millions of chained (2002) dollars								
Gross domestic product by industry at basic prices								
Goods producing industries	366,990	365,912	366,089	356,561	340,230	327,984	374,126	363,888
	-1.1	-0.3	0.0	-2.6	-4.6	-3.6	0.5	-2.7
Industrial production	266,931	265,380	265,103	256,531	243,656	233,575	274,908	263,486
	-1.8	-0.6	-0.1	-3.2	-5.0	-4.1	0.2	-4.2
Energy sector	83,934	82,555	83,175	82,395	80,833	77,424	85,827	83,015
	-1.1	-1.6	0.8	-0.9	-1.9	-4.2	1.0	-3.3
Manufacturing	178,532	178,643	176,834	168,375	156,785	150,813	185,311	175,596
	-2.4	0.1	-1.0	-4.8	-6.9	-3.8	-0.9	-5.2
Non-durable manufacturing	70,615	70,783	70,169	68,116	66,360	64,498	72,507	69,921
	-1.4	0.2	-0.9	-2.9	-2.6	-2.8	-1.8	-3.6
Durable manufacturing	108,182	108,116	106,908	100,374	90,271	86,106	113,149	105,895
	-3.1	-0.1	-1.1	-6.1	-10.1	-4.6	-0.3	-6.4
Construction	74,385	74,829	75,510	74,783	71,718	70,196	72,890	74,877
	1.2	0.6	0.9	-1.0	-4.1	-2.1	2.9	2.7
Services producing industries	862,031	864,963	867,347	863,544	859,388	861,696	846,591	864,471
	0.5	0.3	0.3	-0.4	-0.5	0.3	3.5	2.1
Wholesale trade	72,012	71,682	70,929	66,964	63,686	63,668	70,256	70,397
	-0.1	-0.5	-1.1	-5.6	-4.9	-0.0	5.5	0.2
Retail trade	74,486	74,979	75,154	73,848	73,139	73,292	72,391	74,617
	1.0	0.7	0.2	-1.7	-1.0	0.2	5.8	3.1
Transportation and warehousing	56,917	57,069	56,921	56,112	55,020	54,551	56,624	56,755
	0.1	0.3	-0.3	-1.4	-1.9	-0.9	1.7	0.2
Finance, insurance, real estate and renting	245,987	246,430	247,508	247,853	248,750	252,464	240,536	246,945
	0.8	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.4	1.5	4.0	2.7
Information and communication technologies	58,333	58,758	58,997	58,738	58,256	58,087	57,199	58,707
	0.5	0.7	0.4	-0.4	-0.8	-0.3	4.0	2.6

... not applicable

1. The first line is the series itself expressed in millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates. The second line is the quarter to quarter percentage change at quarterly rates.

2. Actual rate.

Food services and drinking places

June 2009 (preliminary)

Sales for the food services and drinking places industry decreased 1.3% between May and June to just under \$4.0 billion in current dollars. During the same period, the price of food purchased in restaurants increased by 0.5% as measured by the Consumer Price Index.

In June, two of the industry's four sectors posted sales declines. The largest decrease occurred in full-service restaurants (-3.1%), where patrons order and pay for meals at their table.

Sales in the special food services sector, which comprises food service contractors, caterers and mobile food services, fell 1.3%.

At limited-service restaurants, where patrons order and pay for their meals at the counter, sales rose 0.4%, while sales at drinking places increased 0.9%.

Provincially, only New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island recorded increases in sales. The largest sales declines occurred in Newfoundland and Labrador and Quebec.

Note: All data in this release are seasonally adjusted and expressed in current dollars.

The data for the current reference month are preliminary. Usually, unadjusted data are revised for the two previous months, and seasonally adjusted data are revised for the three previous months.

With this release, both unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data have been revised from May 2009 back to January 1998.

Factors influencing these revisions beyond the usual short-term period include the implementation of a new sample, improvements to the Business Register, improvements to the survey methodology, corrections for significant non-sampling errors, and modifications to seasonal adjustment options.

Revisions may have a greater impact in more volatile industries and in smaller provinces/territories.

Available on CANSIM: table 355-0006.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2419.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Marc Racette (613-951-2924; fax: 613-951-6696; marc.racette@statcan.gc.ca) or Pierre Felx (613-951-0075; pierre.felx@statcan.gc.ca), Service Industries Division.

Food services and drinking places

	June 2008 ^r	March 2009 ^r	April 2009 ^r	May 2009 ^r	June 2009 ^p	May to June 2009
Seasonally adjusted						
	\$ thousands					% change
Total, food services sales	3,910,603	3,965,949	3,989,272	4,029,005	3,978,615	-1.3
Full-service restaurants	1,743,908	1,752,198	1,764,562	1,785,500	1,729,919	-3.1
Limited-service eating places	1,625,656	1,683,576	1,695,168	1,711,154	1,718,343	0.4
Special food services	321,041	311,583	311,965	315,073	311,089	-1.3
Drinking places	219,998	218,592	217,577	217,278	219,264	0.9
Provinces and territories						
Newfoundland and Labrador	45,975	48,678	48,512	49,449	48,229	-2.5
Prince Edward Island	15,236	13,810	13,916	13,742	13,837	0.7
Nova Scotia	98,638	104,387	105,414	105,306	105,118	-0.2
New Brunswick	75,017	77,972	78,268	78,018	78,664	0.8
Quebec	773,045	809,783	794,425	799,629	781,036	-2.3
Ontario	1,462,842	1,488,527	1,505,052	1,522,699	1,500,247	-1.5
Manitoba	109,255	114,824	118,186	121,510	120,959	-0.5
Saskatchewan	106,054	110,201	112,787	113,436	113,380	0.0
Alberta	564,666	549,915	549,360	560,192	557,895	-0.4
British Columbia	648,066	636,609	650,507	653,031	647,218	-0.9
Yukon	3,463	3,584	3,920	3,763	F	F
Northwest Territories	6,786	6,260	7,559	6,814	F	F
Nunavut	1,560	1,399	1,366	1,416	F	F

^r revised

^p preliminary

F too unreliable to be published

Note: Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding.

Canadian Community Health Survey: Public Use Microdata File

2007/2008

The *Canadian Community Health Survey: Public Use Microdata File*, 2007/2008, is now available. Data were collected from over 130,000 respondents aged 12 or older, residing in households in all provinces and territories.

The file provides data for 102 health regions or combined health regions across Canada and includes information on a wide range of topics, including physical activity, height and weight, smoking, exposure to second-hand smoke, alcohol consumption, general health, chronic health conditions, injuries, and use of health care services. It also provides information on the socio-demographic, income and labour force characteristics of the population.

The product is provided on CD-ROM with a built-in "Beyond 20/20" application.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 3226.

To order a copy of the *Canadian Community Health Survey: Public Use Microdata File*, 2007/2008 (82M0013X, free), contact Client Services (613-951-1746; fax: 613-951-0792; hd-ds@statcan.gc.ca). This product is available free of charge to non-profit organizations in the health sector for research and non-commercial purposes.

The initial results from the Canadian Community Health Survey Annual Component (2007/2008) were released in *The Daily* on June 25, 2009. Many indicators based on Canadian Community Health Survey data are also available in *Health Indicators* (82-221-X, free).

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Client Services (613-951-1746; fax: 613-951-0792; hd-ds@statcan.gc.ca), Health Statistics Division. ■

Mineral wool including fibrous glass insulation

July 2009

Data on mineral wool including fibrous glass insulation are now available for July.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2110.

Data are available upon request only. For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact the dissemination officer (toll-free 1-866-873-8789; 613-951-9497; manufact@statcan.gc.ca), Manufacturing and Energy Division. ■

Asphalt roofing

July 2009

Data on asphalt roofing are now available for July.

Available on CANSIM: table 303-0052.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2123.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact the dissemination officer (toll-free 1-866-873-8789; 613-951-9497; manufact@statcan.gc.ca), Manufacturing and Energy Division. ■

New products

National Income and Expenditure Accounts: Data Tables, second quarter 2009, Vol. 2, no. 2
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The Daily

Statistics Canada

Thursday, May 29, 2008
Released at 9:30 a.m. Eastern time

Releases

Canada's balance of international payments, first quarter 2008	2
The current account surplus with the rest of the world (on a seasonally adjusted basis) increased sharply to \$5.0 billion in the first quarter of 2008, led by higher prices for several exported commodities compared with a lower level of oil. In the financial account, foreign direct investment flows into Canada slowed significantly from the expansion-driven pace of the previous quarter, while Canadian direct investment abroad continued to strengthen.	
Payroll employment, earnings and hours, March 2008	7
Study: The year to review for adolescent health, 2007	9
Public sector employment, first quarter 2008	10
Consumer and Mortgage Services Price Index, April 2008	11
Placement of hatchery chicks and turkey profits, April 2008	12
Health indicators, 2008	12
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2006 Census profiles

While the majority of the census and earnings release components, the complete cumulative profile is now available for census divisions, census subdivisions, dissemination areas, forward sortation areas, designated places, urban areas, and census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations with census subdivisions. To obtain these profiles in electronic format (links vary for different geography levels), contact Statistics Canada's National Contact Centre.

Statistics Canada's official release bulletin

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Release dates: September 2009

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Release date	Title	Reference period
1	Financial flow accounts	Second quarter 2009
3	Age of education infrastructure	2008
4	Labour Force Survey	August 2009
8	Building permits	July 2009
9	Stocks of grain	July 31, 2009
10	Canadian international merchandise trade	July 2009
10	Canadian Economic Observer	September 2009
11	Canada's international investment position	Second quarter 2009
11	New Housing Price Index	July 2009
14	Industrial capacity utilization rates	Second quarter 2009
14	National balance sheet accounts	Second quarter 2009
15	New motor vehicle sales	July 2009
15	Labour productivity, hourly compensation and unit labour cost	Second quarter 2008
16	Health Reports	
16	Monthly Survey of Manufacturing	July 2009
17	Consumer Price Index	August 2009
17	Travel between Canada and other countries	July 2009
17	Leading indicators	August 2009
18	Wholesale trade	July 2009
21	Canada's international transactions in securities	July 2009
22	Retail trade	July 2009
28	Employment Insurance	July 2009
29	National tourism indicators	Second quarter 2009
30	Industrial product and raw materials price indexes	August 2009
30	Gross domestic product by industry	July 2009
30	Payroll employment, earnings and hours	July 2009