Child Care Expenses Deduction for 2018

This information sheet will help you fill out Form T778. The terms child care expenses, eligible child, net income, and earned income are defined on page 8 [the next page].

Who can claim child care expenses?

If you are the only person supporting the eligible child, you can claim child care expenses you incurred while the eligible child was living with you. Fill out parts A and B, and, if it applies, Part D.

There may have been another person who lived with you at any time in 2018 and at any time during the first 60 days of 2019 who was one of the following:

- the eligible child's parent
- your spouse or common-law partner, if you are the father or the mother of the eligible child
● an individual claiming an amount for the eligible child on line 304, 305, 307, or 367 of their Schedule 1

In this situation, the person with the **lower net income** (including zero income) must fill out parts A and B and claim the child care expenses unless one of the situations in Part C or in Part D applies.

If any of the situations in Part C or in Part D apply, the child care expenses can be claimed by the person with the **higher net income**, or in part by both the person with the higher net income and the person with the lower net income. In this situation, the person with the higher net income must calculate the claim first. However, you must each fill out a separate Form T778, and fill out parts A and B, and, if it applies, parts C and D.

If both of you have **equal net incomes**, you have to agree on which one of you will claim the child care expenses.

If you got married or became a common-law partner in 2018, you and your spouse or common-law partner have to consider your net incomes for the whole year. Include child care expenses you both paid for the whole year.
What payments can you claim?

You can claim child care expenses that were incurred for services provided in 2018. These include payments made to any of the following:

- caregivers providing child care services
- day nursery schools and daycare centres
- educational institutions, for the part of the fees that relate to child care services
- day camps and day sports schools where the primary goal of the camp is to care for children (an institution offering a sports study program is not a sports school)
- boarding schools, overnight sports schools, or camps where lodging is involved (read the note in Part A of Form T778)

If you were a resident of Quebec, you can also claim the basic contribution you paid directly to the subsidized childcare service provider. If applicable, also claim the additional contribution calculated on Revenu Québec's Schedule I.
The above is not an exhaustive list of deductible child care expenses. For more information, see Income Tax Folio S1-F3-C1, Child Care Expense Deduction.

**When the child care services are provided by an individual,** the individual cannot be one of the following:

- the eligible child's father or mother
- **another person** (as described under "Who can claim child care expenses?")
- a person for whom you or another person claimed an amount on line 304, 305, 307, or 367 of Schedule 1
- a person under 18 years of age who is related to you

A person is **related to you** if they are connected to you by a blood relationship, marriage or common-law partnership, or adoption. For example, your brother, sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, and your or your spouse's or common-law partner's child are related to you. However, your niece, nephew, aunt, and uncle are not.
Supporting documents – The individual or organization who received the payments must give you a receipt showing information about the services provided. When the child care services are provided by an individual, you will need the social insurance number of the individual. If you are filing online, keep all your documents in case we ask to see them at a later date. If you are filing a paper return, attach your completed Form T778, but do not send your other documents. Keep all your documents in case we ask to see them at a later date.

Notes

If you paid an individual to provide child care in your home, you may have some responsibilities as an employer. If you are not sure of your situation, contact us.

If Canada pension plan contributions and employment insurance premiums have been paid for an individual to provide child care in your home, the share that you have paid would also be considered to be child care expenses.
What payments you cannot claim?

You cannot claim payments for any of the following:

- medical or hospital care, clothing, or transportation costs
- fees that relate to education costs at an educational institution, such as tuition fees of a regular program or a sports study program
- fees for leisure or recreational activities, such as tennis lessons or the annual registration for Scouts

You cannot claim expenses for which you or another person (as described under "Who can claim child care expenses?") received, or is entitled to receive, a reimbursement of the child care expenses or any other form of assistance not included in the income. For example, this includes the hiring credit for small business and small business job credit received under the Employment Insurance Act. If your employer paid the child care expenses on your behalf, you can claim the part of the expenses included in your income for the year.
Other situations
When completing the return of a person who died in 2018, claim eligible child care expenses that were paid while that person was living with the eligible child as if they were the only person supporting the child. However, if there was another person (as described under "Who can claim child care expenses?"), that person is also considered the only person supporting the child and can claim eligible child care expenses paid while living with the child, as long as the expenses were not claimed on the return of another person.

If you lived outside Canada for part or all of 2018, and we consider you to be a factual or deemed resident of Canada, you can claim child care expenses that you paid to a non-resident person for services provided outside Canada. We explain these terms under "Which income tax package should you use?" in the Federal Income Tax and Benefit Guide. For information on other circumstances in which you can claim child care expenses paid for services provided outside Canada (e.g., commuters to the United States), please contact us.

If you immigrated to or emigrated from Canada in 2018, you can claim child care expenses for the period you were in Canada, as long as you otherwise qualify.
Definitions

The terms child care expenses, eligible child, net income, earned income, and educational program, used on Form T778, Child Care Expenses Deduction for 2018, are defined here.

Child care expenses

Child care expenses are amounts you or another person (as described under "Who can claim child care expenses?") paid to have someone look after an eligible child so that you or the other person could do one of the following:

● earn income from employment
● carry on a business either alone or as an active partner
● attend school under the conditions identified under "Educational program" on page 11 [this page]
● carry on research or similar work, for which you or the other person received a grant
The child must have lived with you or the other person when the expense was incurred for the expense to qualify. Usually, you can only deduct payments for services provided in Canada by a Canadian resident. Read "Other situations" on page 7 [above] for exceptions.

**Eligible child**

Child care expenses can only be claimed for an eligible child. An eligible child is one of the following:

- your or your spouse's or common-law partner's child
- a child who was dependent on you or your spouse or common-law partner, and whose net income in 2018 was $11,809 or less.

The child must have been under 16 years of age at some time in the year. However, the age limit does not apply if the child had an impairment in physical or mental function and was dependent on you or your spouse or common-law partner.
**Net income**

Your net income, and that of the other person, is used to determine which person can claim child care expenses. This is the amount from line 236 of your returns. However, **do not include** amounts for child care expenses (line 214) and social benefits repayment (line 235).

**Earned income**

Your earned income for line 6 in Part B of Form T778 is the total of **all** of the following:

- employment income (including tips and gratuities, and the non-taxable part of an allowance received as an emergency volunteer)
- net self-employment income, either alone or as an active partner (excluding losses)
- the taxable portion of scholarships, bursaries, fellowships and similar awards, and net research grants
- any earnings supplement received under a project sponsored by the Government of Canada to encourage employment or sponsored under Part II of the Employment Insurance Act or any similar program
- disability benefits received from the Canada Pension Plan or the Quebec Pension Plan
- amounts received under the Apprenticeship Incentive Grant program and the Apprenticeship Completion Grant program, administered by Employment and Social Development Canada

**Educational program**

An educational program has to be offered by a secondary school, college, university, or other designated educational institution. This includes any institution certified by Employment and Social Development Canada for courses that develop or improve occupational skills. An eligible program has to last at least 3 consecutive weeks.

**Full-time** educational program requires students to spend at least 10 hours a week on courses or work in the program.

**Part-time** educational program requires students to spend at least 12 hours in a calendar month on courses in the program.
For more information

What if you need help?
If you need more information after reading this publication, visit canada.ca/taxes or call 1-800-959-8281.

Teletypewriter (TTY) users
If you have a hearing or speech impairment and use a TTY, call 1-800-665-0354.
If you use an operator-assisted relay service, call our regular telephone numbers instead of the TTY number.
Child Care Expenses Deduction for 2018

Before you fill out this form, read the attached information sheet.

Part A – Total child care expenses

**First and last name** and **date of birth** of all your eligible children, even if you did not pay child care expenses for all of them.

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<td>First name of each eligible child for whom payments were made</td>
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<th>Name of the child care organization or name and social insurance number of the individual who received the payments</th>
<th>Number of weeks for boarding schools or overnight camps</th>
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Note

The maximum you can claim for expenses that relate to a stay in a boarding school (other than education costs) or an overnight camp (including an overnight sports school) is any of the following amounts:

- $200 per week for a child included on line 1 in Part B
- $275 per week for a child included on line 2
- $125 per week for a child included on line 3

Enter the amount of expenses included above that were incurred in 2018 for a child who was 6 or younger at the end of the year. 6794
Part B – Basic limit for child care expenses

Number of eligible children born in 2022 or later, for whom the disability amount cannot be claimed

\[ \text{Number} \times \$8,000 = \]

Number of eligible children born in 2018 or earlier, for whom the disability amount can be claimed *

\[ \text{Number} \times \$11,000 = 6796 + \]

T778 – 16
Number of eligible children **born in 2002 to 2011**, (and born in 2001 or earlier, with an impairment in physical or mental function, for whom the disability amount cannot be claimed) \[ \text{Number of eligible children} \times \$5,000 = \]

Add lines 1, 2, and 3.

* Attach Form T2201, Disability Tax Credit Certificate. If this form has already been filed for the child, attach a note to your return showing the name and social insurance number of the person who filed the form and the tax year for which it was filed.
Enter the amount from line 6795 in Part A.

Enter your **earned income**. \[\text{ } \times \frac{2}{3} = \text{ } \]

Enter the amount from line 4, 5, or 6, whichever is **least**.

**If you are the person with the higher net income, go to Part C. Leave lines 8 and 9 blank.**

Enter the amount that the **other person** with the higher net income deducted on line 214 of his or her 2018 return.

Line 7 minus line 8. If you attended school in 2018 and you are the only person making a claim, also go to Part D. Otherwise, enter this amount on line 214 of your return. **Allowable deduction**
Part C – Are you the person with the higher net income?

Fill out this part and tick the boxes that apply if, in 2018, another person with lower net income was in a situation described below.

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<th>Name of person with lower net income</th>
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<th>Social insurance number</th>
<th>Net income</th>
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- **a)** The other person attended school and was enrolled in a **part-time** educational program.

- **b)** The other person attended school and was enrolled in a **full-time** educational program.

- **c)** The other person was not capable of caring for children because of an impairment in physical or mental function. That person must have been confined for a period of at least two weeks to a bed or wheelchair, or as a patient in a hospital, or other similar institution. Attach a statement from the attending physician certifying this information.
d) The other person was not capable of caring for children because of an impairment in physical or mental function, and this situation is likely to continue for an indefinite period. Attach a statement from the attending physician certifying this information.

e) The other person was confined to a prison or similar institution for a period of at least two weeks.

f) You and your spouse or common-law partner were, due to a breakdown in your relationship, living separate and apart at the end of 2018 and for a period of at least 90 days beginning in 2018, but you reconciled before March 1, 2019.
Enter the amount from line 4 in Part B. \[ \boxed{} \times 2.5\% = \boxed{10} \]

Multiply the amount on line 10 by the number of months in 2018 that the situation in a) existed (other than a month that includes a week that any of the situations in b) to f) existed).

\[ \boxed{11} \]

Multiply the amount on line 10 by the number of weeks in 2018 that any of the situations in b) to f) existed.

\[ + \boxed{12} \]

Add lines 11 and 12.

\[ 6798 = \boxed{13} \]

Enter the amount from line 7 in Part B or line 13, whichever is less. If you attended school in 2018, go to Part D. Otherwise, enter this amount on line 214 of your return.

Allowable deduction \[ \boxed{14} \]
Part D – Were you enrolled in an educational program in 2018?

Fill out this part if, at any time in 2018, either of the following situations applied to you:

- You were the **only person supporting the eligible child**, line 7 equals line 6 in Part B, and you were enrolled in an educational program.

- You were the **person with the higher net income**, line 7 equals line 6 in Part B, and, at the same time in 2018, you **and another person** were enrolled in an educational program. **But first, fill out Part C.**

Part D does not apply to the person with the lower net income, since the other person will claim this part of the deduction for both of them.

Enter the amount from line 4 in Part B.  

\[
\text{\textbf{\underline{\text{\phantom{1234567890}}}} \times 2.5\% = \underline{15}}
\]

Multiply the amount on line 15 by the number of **weeks** in 2018 during which you were enrolled in a **full-time** educational program. If there was another **person**, they must also have been enrolled in a **full-time** educational program during the **same weeks**.

\[
\underline{16}
\]
Multiply the amount on line 15 by the number of months (other than any month that includes a week used to calculate the amount on line 16) in 2018 during which one of the following applies:

- there was no other person and you were enrolled in a part-time educational program
- you and the other person were enrolled in a full-time or part-time educational program during the same months

Add lines 16 and 17.

Line 4 in Part B minus line 9 in Part B or line 14 in Part C, whichever applies to you

Line 5 in Part B minus line 9 in Part B or line 14 in Part C, whichever applies to you
Enter your **net income** (not including amounts on lines 214 and 235). 

If you filled out Part C: Line 13 in Part C minus line 6 in Part B

Enter the amount from line 18, 19, 20, 21, or (if it applies) 22, whichever is **least**.

Enter the amount from line 9 in Part B or the amount from line 14 in Part C, whichever applies to you.

Add lines 23 and 24. Enter this amount on line 214 of your return. **Allowable deduction**