



T1 Filing Compliance (2022 Tax Year)

Table 1A.2: Number of self-employed returns by filing deadline and province or territory

Province or Territory	On time returns	1-7 days late	8-28 days late	29-56 days late	57-112 days late	113-168 days late	169+ days late	All late returns	All returns
Newfoundland and Labrador	37,910	200	760	730	920	720	540	3,880	41,780
Prince Edward Island	18,530	80	360	330	440	350	290	1,840	20,370
Nova Scotia	87,300	490	2,050	2,020	2,340	1,880	1,470	10,250	97,540
New Brunswick	58,810	250	1,210	1,130	1,380	1,010	790	5,760	64,570
Quebec	877,070	3,210	13,000	11,300	13,190	9,460	6,400	56,550	933,620
Ontario	1,609,020	8,160	37,090	37,750	46,620	33,330	25,800	188,760	1,797,780
Manitoba	156,180	650	2,660	2,770	3,550	2,510	2,180	14,310	170,490
Saskatchewan	157,430	620	2,230	2,110	2,750	1,910	1,750	11,360	168,790
Alberta	484,060	2,110	8,890	8,500	10,850	7,920	6,330	44,600	528,650
British Columbia	644,790	3,170	12,180	12,160	15,290	11,760	9,960	64,520	709,320
Northwest Territories	2,730	10	90	50	50	90	70	360	3,100
Yukon	4,930	30	120	110	200	120	90	670	5,600
Nunavut	1,230	10	30	30	30	30	10	140	1,370
Non-resident	6,690	80	210	150	220	180	70	900	7,600
Canada	4,146,660	19,070	80,860	79,130	97,820	71,270	55,760	403,900	4,550,570

## Notes:

- All counts are rounded to the nearest ten. The sum of the data may not add to the total due to rounding.
  A zero (0) indicates that the information has been suppressed for confidentiality purposes. Suppressed information also includes valid zeroes.
- 3. If a tax filer or their spouse or common-law partner carried on a business in 2022 (other than a business whose expenditures are primarily in connection with a tax shelter), then their return is classified as a self-employed return. A return other than a self-employed return is classified as an employee return.