

Table 2: Number of Canada Recovery Benefit (CRB) unique applicants, by province and territory, and age group

Province/Territory	Age Group							
	Under 25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	Unknown	Total
Newfoundland and Labrador	3,250	5,620	5,480	4,930	5,070	2,230	-	26,580
Prince Edward Island	750	1,430	1,110	1,030	1,030	540	-	5,870
Nova Scotia	7,340	13,440	10,630	8,880	8,710	3,550	-	52,550
New Brunswick	4,260	8,070	7,390	6,490	5,890	2,300	-	34,410
Quebec	55,950	89,730	79,500	71,410	67,880	29,860	-	394,340
Ontario	149,120	250,150	209,140	189,030	175,250	67,070	-	1,039,760
Manitoba	11,900	20,980	16,360	12,830	10,010	3,930	-	76,010
Saskatchewan	8,740	17,540	14,970	11,220	8,830	3,310	-	64,600
Alberta	40,130	75,130	73,290	57,240	46,860	17,210	-	309,850
British Columbia	32,140	66,410	60,730	53,600	51,930	22,290	-	287,100
Yukon	180	540	510	440	460	200	-	2,310
Northwest Territories	410	1,000	800	770	580	250	-	3,810
Nunavut	450	1,000	830	610	340	100	-	3,320
Outside Canada	50	240	230	150	100	30	-	790
Missing	-	-	-	-	-	-	140	140
Total	314,670	551,270	480,960	418,610	382,930	152,860	140	2,301,430

## Notes:

- 1. Data are as of January 2, 2022 and are subject to change as more applications are received.
- 2. Number of applications and applicant province of residence are obtained from the Canada Recovery Benefit (CRB) file.
- 3. A unique applicant is an individual. Each unique applicant may apply for more than one eligibility period, up to a maximum of 27 periods (54 weeks) for the CRB.
- 4. Figures are stated for applicants who applied for the CRB through Canada Revenue Agency's (CRA's) My Account portal and the Interactive Voice Response system. These figures also include manual applications.
- 5. Applicants whose residence is outside of Canada are grouped in the category 'Outside Canada.' Applicants must reside and be present in Canada during the period(s) for which they are applying.
- 6. Applicants who do not have a valid province of residence registered within CRA systems are grouped in the category 'Missing.'
- 7. All counts are rounded to the nearest ten and all amounts are rounded and in thousands of dollars. The sum of the data may not add to the total, due to rounding and/or suppression.



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8. A hyphen [-] indicates that the information has been suppressed for confidentiality purposes. Suppressed information also includes valid zeros.

9. Beneficiaries can move between programs over time. For example, a beneficiary who is on CRB could apply and move to CRCB for the next benefit period to care for a family member. Alternatively, a beneficiary could leave the Employment Insurance (EI) program and move to one of the CRA administered recovery benefits. Regardless of which program a beneficiary moves to, they are only eligible to receive one EI or one CRA recovery benefit type in the same period. As a result, summing the total number of unique beneficiaries across programs over multiple periods can lead to over-reporting.