

Table 2: Number of Canada Recovery Sickness Benefit (CRSB) unique applicants, by province and territory, and age group

Province/Territory	Age Group							Total
	Under 25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	Unknown	
Newfoundland and Labrador	2,920	4,260	3,750	2,820	1,710	420	-	15,890
Prince Edward Island	1,270	1,740	1,110	750	510	100	-	5,480
Nova Scotia	6,170	11,130	7,590	5,130	3,440	830	-	34,290
New Brunswick	3,650	6,840	5,600	4,210	2,780	650	-	23,730
Quebec	41,370	65,680	56,910	43,460	30,530	7,260	-	245,200
Ontario	73,810	143,780	98,750	74,790	52,360	12,690	-	456,180
Manitoba	11,390	19,360	15,210	10,570	5,930	1,380	-	63,850
Saskatchewan	8,090	15,720	12,720	7,860	4,000	1,020	-	49,410
Alberta	32,320	63,730	56,060	34,530	17,810	4,070	-	208,530
British Columbia	22,690	44,350	32,180	21,870	14,380	4,260	-	139,730
Yukon	110	320	280	160	120	30	-	1,010
Northwest Territories	230	630	490	370	230	60	-	2,010
Nunavut	290	700	530	400	180	50	-	2,150
Outside Canada	40	280	170	100	30	-	-	630
Missing	-	-	-	-	-	-	230	230
Total	204,340	378,520	291,360	207,010	134,020	32,820	230	1,248,300

Notes:

1. Data are as of July 10, 2022 and are subject to change as applications are reviewed and adjusted.
2. Number of applications and applicant province of residence are obtained from the Canada Recovery Sickness Benefit (CRSB) file.
3. A unique applicant is an individual. Each unique applicant could apply for more than one eligibility period, up to a maximum of 6 periods for the CRSB.
4. Figures are stated for applicants who applied for the CRSB through Canada Revenue Agency's (CRA's) My Account portal and the Interactive Voice Response system. These figures also include manual applications.
5. Applicants whose residence is outside of Canada are grouped in the category 'Outside Canada.' Applicants must have resided and been present in Canada during the period(s) for which they applied.
6. Applicants who do not have a valid province of residence registered within CRA systems are grouped in the category 'Missing.'
7. All counts are rounded to the nearest ten and all amounts are rounded and in thousands of dollars. The sum of the data may not add to the total, due to rounding and/or suppression.



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8. A hyphen [-] indicates that the information has been suppressed for confidentiality purposes. Suppressed information also includes valid zeros.

9. Beneficiaries were able to move between recovery benefit programs over time. Alternatively, a beneficiary could have left the Employment Insurance (EI) program and moved to one of the CRA administered recovery benefits. Regardless of which program a beneficiary applied for, they were only eligible to receive one EI or one CRA recovery benefit type in the same period. As a result, summing the total number of unique beneficiaries across programs over multiple periods can lead to over-reporting.