



Montréal, May 15, 2013

Ms. Anne-Marie Gaudet  
Executive Secretary COFEX/FRP  
1550 D'Estimauville, 9<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Québec (Quebec) G1J 0C1

**O/Ref.: 101-53046-03**

**Subject: Nunavik Nickel Project, Canadian Royalties Inc.  
Environmental and Social Impact Assessment for the Development of  
Port Infrastructure and Sediment Management in Deception Bay  
Additional Information**

Dear Ms. Gaudet:

A copy of the above-mentioned report was sent to you in November of 2012. Following its analysis, questions from COFEX-N were emailed to Ms. Gail Amyot of Canadian Royalties Inc. (CRI), on May 1<sup>st</sup>, 2013.

The following provides the requested clarifications and additional information.

Please note that the preliminary design of the permanent wharf presented in the assessment submitted in November 2012 has been revised by CRI's design engineers. The revised plans are included in Appendix 1.

The main changes made to the design of the permanent wharf are:

- The north cell has been moved nearer to the south cell and on the same axis;
- The design of the bridge connecting the shore with the south cell has been revised; a bridge with a central support is proposed;
- Loading and unloading operations will be conducted on sheet pile cells;
- The two cells will be connected by a catwalk wide enough for a side by side ATV to pass;
- Signal lights have been added to the north and south cells;
- De-icing systems for sheet pile walls have been removed as they were deemed unnecessary.

The sheet pile cells' new approximate coordinates and UTM projection coordinates (datum NAD 83, Zone 18 N) are indicated on the included plans. They are:

- South cell
  - 62°08'20.7"N
  - 74°40'50.6"W
  - X = 516631.484m East
  - Y = 6889715.450m North
- North cell
  - 62°08'22"N
  - 74°40'54.2"W
  - X = 516594.735m East
  - Y = 6889756.371m North

It was decided to carry out the ship loading and unloading operations directly from the sheet pile cells. As CRI will own the ship, the need to reduce the time required for these operations is no longer a constraint. These operations will be just as safe; the ship will dock directly on the sheet pile cells which will be protected by defense systems.

Development of the bridge will require the construction of an intermediary support. This will consist in posts driven down right to the bedrock, which will have riprap protection. The latter is required to prevent ice from damaging the posts, and thus to preserve their integrity. The bridge's intermediary support will be constructed from the bridge's deck, which will be temporarily supported by a jack-up barge.

The sheet pile cells will be constructed from the bridge's other span for the south cell and from a barge for the north cell.

It should be noted that in order to counteract the impact of ice on the cells, the sheet pile walls will be strengthened with vertical reinforced concrete panels fixed onto their inner side (plan 506117\_8000\_41D1\_0009, plan 506117\_8000\_42D1\_004).

A reinforced concrete ring will top the sheet pile wall to eventually anchor ladders and defense systems (plan 506117\_8000\_41D1\_0010). Concrete slabs will also be attached. These slabs, of varying lengths and widths depending on their use, will be used to install the following facilities:

- Catwalk supports connecting the two sheet pile cells: one support for each cell;
- Bridge support: one support on the south cell only;
- Anchoring of bollards;
- Anchoring of signal lights and related electric system.

Plans 506117\_8000\_41D1\_0009 and 506117\_8000\_42D1\_0001 show the general layout of these facilities.

This new design has considerably diminished the volumes of sediment needing to be dredged. The installation of cell 1 (north) will require some 15,000 m<sup>3</sup> of dredging (initially 23,000 m<sup>3</sup>), whereas the dredging for cell 2 (south) is estimated

at around 7,000 m<sup>3</sup> (initially 20,000 m<sup>3</sup>). Thus, an approximate total of 22,000 m<sup>3</sup> of sediment will be dredged. The volume was determined by comparing the surfaces using a computer assisted design (CAD) software program.

The volume of rock required for the riprap protection around the cells has also been reduced. It will consist of different-calibre rock placed as shown on plan 506117\_8000\_41-D1\_0007. Around cell 1 (north), the volume is estimated at 13,100 m<sup>3</sup>, covering 2,920 m<sup>2</sup>, whereas the revised volume for cell 2 (south) is 5,700 m<sup>3</sup> over 1,535 m<sup>2</sup>.

The permanent wharf's revised design concept will modify some 5,400 m<sup>2</sup> of fish habitat: the sheet pile cells will cover the same area, that is around 940 m<sup>2</sup>, while the riprap surrounding them will cover around 4,455 m<sup>2</sup>. The intermediary support installed in the tidal range area will also be protected from the impact of ice by riprap, covering some 470 m<sup>2</sup>. Contrary to the initial design, the riprap surrounding the sheet pile cells will be permanently submerged, thus only the riprap around the intermediary support will be above water at low tide.

Therefore, despite the fact that the riprap shall be colonized by aquatic vegetation and epibenthos, thus generating fish habitats for feeding, as well as the spaces between rocks providing protection against predators or resting areas, an area estimated at 5,400 m<sup>2</sup> will be considered and be the subject of fish compensation measures under the Fisheries Act (LCR, 1985, c.F-14) as for fish habitat protection measures.

For any questions regarding this document, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Best regards,

Gail Amyot, Eng. M.Sc.  
Vice-President Environment, Health and Safety  
Canadian Royalties Inc.

Encl. Answers to Questions and Comments  
Appendix 1 – Revised Permanent Wharf Plans (signed and sealed)  
Appendix 2 – Stantec Consulting Ltd.: Geotechnical Reports  
Appendix 3 – GENIVAR: Technical Note: Dredging Methods

c.c.: Mr. Claude D'Astous, MDDEFP (central)  
Ms. Alexandra Roio, MDDEFP (central)  
Ms. Isabelle Dorion, MDDEFP (regional)  
Mr. Michael Barrett, KRG-KEAC  
Ms. Mishall Naseer, ARTIN  
Ms. Natalie Gagné, GENIVAR INC.



## COFEX-N QUESTIONS AND COMMENTS



### **Issues**

1- Detail checks made to the slope stability (slope justification), the dredging and the riprap protection that will be installed.

2- Information regarding the choice and anchoring of structures and their long-term stability (plans show that the material surrounding the 2 sheet pile cells is excavated to be replaced with stone). If the riprap protection is not efficient due to improper calibre of stone or non-compliance with filtering criteria, would the stability of the 2 cells be compromised?

3- Information regarding extreme conditions (studies on agitation, winds, ice, earthquakes, etc.) and the way they are considered in the infrastructure design (conceptual criteria to be used).

### **Answers – Issues:**

- 1- CRI mandated Stantec Consulting Ltd. (Stantec) to prepare a complete geotechnical report including the required design parameters for the construction of the proposed Deception Bay permanent wharf. A copy of this report is included in Appendix 2 of the present document.
- 2- The stability analyses are presented in the geotechnical report (Stantec, 2013). Calculations were made regarding the type of riprap to be placed around the cells so as to ensure the overall stability of the sheet pile cells considering the loads as well as the impact of ice, in addition to offering protection against the potential scouring of the sea bed generated by ship motors. It is important to note that work will be conducted under the supervision of work site supervisors mandated by CRI to ensure compliance with the requirements of the plans and specifications.
- 3- Extreme conditions were taken into account when designing the permanent wharf and related structures.

### **Detailed Questions**

- a. *The slope will need to be checked to see if it has stabilized after the landslide. Has corrective work been carried out?*

Answer:

Following the events of July 2011, large rocks were removed so as to maintain navigability near the bank. As for the slope, it has stabilized naturally. The design that was finally chosen by the engineers, together with CRI specialists, for the development of port infrastructure at Deception Bay is based on an exhaustive characterization of the proposed site, surveys having been conducted in the

summer of 2012, after the landslide. The site chosen for the construction of the sheet pile cells is optimal considering the nature of soils and bedrock as well as the navigational constraints.

- b. *There is probably a fault/weakness in the slope, is there ongoing erosion?*

Answer:

The clay to silty clay layer has a low bearing capacity. This layer shall be dredged prior to the installation of the sheet pile cells following the recommendations of Stantec's 2012 and 2013 geotechnical reports. The sea bed is stable and there are no signs of ongoing erosion.

#### *Dredging*

- a. *The clay could be sensitive. We do not have the physical properties of the clay.*

Answer:

The clay's properties are clearly defined in Stantec's geotechnical reports (Stantec, 2012; Stantec, 2013).

- b. *Have detailed geotechnical studies been carried out?*

Answer:

The geotechnical reports (Stantec, 2012; Stantec, 2013) are available in Appendix 2 of the present document.

- c. *Have the geotechnical survey's data been analyzed with recommendations by a geological engineer?*

Answer:

The geotechnical reports including recommendations from a geological engineer (Stantec, 2012; Stantec, 2013) are available in Appendix 2 of this document.

- d. *Has the stability of the excavation slope during dredging work been assessed?*

Answer:

The geotechnical reports including slope stability analyses (Stantec, 2012; Stantec, 2013) are available in Appendix 2 of this document.



- e. *The 3:1 slopes might not be stable (given the presence of clay) during the work period. The dredging volumes could be larger with a greater production of suspended matter.*

Answer:

Experts estimate that a 3:1 excavation slope is realistic, but it could reach 5:1, in which case the land-based facilities for the management of sediment have an adequate storage capacity.

- f. *How can we be sure of the stability of slopes?*

Answer:

See Stantec's 2013 geotechnical report included in Appendix 2.

- g. *The 1-month at 16-h/day dredging scenario, dredging 100 m<sup>3</sup>/hour, is really highly optimistic (the pace of dredging will create lots of turbidity). Is there a more realistic Option B if dredging work was to be slowed down by weather conditions and the schedule could not be changed (critical path)?*

Answer:

Sediment dredging could be conducted over a period which could reach hours per day. An estimated 15 days of dredging will be required for each of the sheet pile cells.

A technical note comparing various dredging methods is presented in Appendix 3. CRI favours the use of an environmental clamshell that would reduce the resuspension of fine particles during dredging, which is why this method was presented in the ESIA. However, a hydraulic method could be accepted if the compliance of that water returning to Deception Bay with the water quality criteria applicable to the Deception Bay is demonstrated. As indicated in the technical note, the hydraulic dredging method seems to be faster when conditions are optimal (absence of rock).

The contractor mandated by CRI to carry out the dredging work is aware of the conditions and constraints specific to the Deception Bay. The contract documents stipulate that the contractor must choose the work method to be used and demonstrate that it meets the performance requirements specified in the tender documents.

## Section 7: Project Description

- a. *Has an agitation report been completed? The wind data only covers 10 years and are over 40 years old. The range of data seems insufficient and unrepresentative.*

Answer:

Wind measurements at Deception Bay are rare (private data not available). The winds measured at the Salluit A (airport) weather station, situated over 50 km to the east, are used to give a general portrait, for the period from 1992 to 2012. Specialists had to work with available data.

During the development of the first wharf design in 2010, the environmental conditions were considered when determining the minimum required height of the wharf. This assessment was based on tide variations, wave heights and the possible rise in water levels due to climate changes. The height of the sheet pile cells was set based on these considerations, this has not changed from the first design.

- b. *Have the structures been designed for extreme conditions (only averages, not extremes, considered)? Have the riprap sizes been based on extreme wave, wind and tide conditions?*

Answer:

Riprap is required to counteract the effects of ice and not wind. As disclosed in the geotechnical report, the cells are stable on their own against the wind and waves.

- c. *Have ship-generated waves been studied? In relation to sediment dynamics: the speed and presence of docked ships could generate erosion (this also depends on the presence of vegetation).*

Answer:

Ship-generated waves have not been studied as there is little risk of erosion due to the nature of Deception Bay's banks (outcropping rock or at low depth). Moreover, certain conditions and constraints imposed on navigation and the development of wharves in Deception Bay can indirectly limit the impact of waves generated by ships, namely:

- Ship speed is limited to 7 knots;
- The riprap planned at the foot of sheet pile cells, on the ship side, will prevent sea bed scouring.

Consulted hydraulic engineers and geomorphologists are of the opinion that it is not pertinent to study the effects of ship-generated waves in Deception Bay.

- d. *Why has the wharf not been designed with moorings? (the dredged volume would thus be reduced).*

Answer:

Moorings are prescribed when foundation soil allows for pipe driving (sand or clay). When the bottom is rocky, moorings are then developed in the form of massive structures (caissons) which consider applicable loads and constraints (wind, ice, ships, etc.).

Further, the riprap surrounding the intermediary pile will break the ice when the tide falls, which is not possible between moorings and ships.

- e. *What guarantee is there that the sheet pile cell (which is not anchored to the rock) will not move over time?*

Answer:

The design of the sheet pile cells was developed considering all applicable constraints and loads to which factors of safety have been applied. See Stantec's 2013 geotechnical report included in Appendix 2.

- f. *Why is there no riprap on either side of one of the cells?*

Answer:

Plan 506117\_8000\_41-D1\_0006 included in Appendix 1 illustrates the distribution of riprap around the two sheet pile cells.

- g. *For riprap on clay, how can we be assured that the stone will not sink into the clay (as was the case with the 2011 landslide) – there are no indication regarding the calibre of stone to be used, the filter criteria are not being respected as there is no grain size transition between the clay and the protective stone?*

Answer:

During the 2011 event, the stone placed on the sea bed did not sink into the clay layer as anticipated: the riprap remained over the clay layer without penetrating it, overloading the clay layer until its rupture which created the landslide.

In the revised design, the proposed riprap will replace the volume of clay that is removed. While the weight of the riprap is around 10% greater than the clay it replaces, if a landslide was to occur, the stone would form a significant part of the shear plane. The riprap reinforces the slope in comparison with its original condition, thus the specialists consider that the factor of safety against slope failure provided by the riprap is equal to or better than the pre-construction condition.

- h. Question regarding the anchoring of the permanent infrastructure: the action of ice and waves could destabilize the riprap protection and generate scouring or erosion.*

Answer:

As presented in the geotechnical report (Stantec, 2013), the cells are stable on their own against wind and waves. The riprap surrounding the sheet pile cells increases the cells' stability against the impact of ice (shore) and scouring (ships).

- i. Has the possibility that the base of the sheet piles loosens due to ships' propellers been assessed? Has a solution been considered?*

Answer:

The riprap planned for the foot of the cells on the ship side serves to counter this scouring.

- j. Question regarding slope stability even after riprap has been added: There may be no problem once the riprap has been added but until then, have the necessary studies been conducted to ensure the slope's stability (wave dimensioning, effects of ice, filter criterion and grain-size transition)?*

Answer:

As previously mentioned, experts estimate that a 3:1 excavation slope will ensure slope stability, but it could reach 5:1 on the ship side. The stability studies were conducted considering all applicable constraints. It should be noted that the clay excavation, cell development and riprap installation work will be conducted over a period of around 4 months (June to September 2013), thus before the ice has formed.

- k. Have earthquakes been considered? Is risk being managed or have the structures been designed to resist earthquakes? (if the risk of earthquakes, landslides, etc. is not taken into account during the construction, this should be documented, especially when work is conducted in clayey formations).*

Answer:

As for analyses in pseudostatic conditions, a site peak ground acceleration (PGA) of 0.102 g was considered (seismic hazard value of 2% obtained from Natural Resources Canada for Deception Bay using a 1/50 year recurrence ratio).

As for pseudostatic slope stability analysis, the following seismic coefficient values were used:  $k_h = 0.051$  g and  $k_v = 0$  g. The recommended value of  $k_h$  is based on Hynes-Griffin and Franklin (1984) criteria which suggest that for pseudostatic analysis, 50% of the PGA is appropriate.

To calculate the factor of safety in pseudostatic conditions, we have assumed that the seismic loading does not act simultaneously with the thermal ice loading, since they are both considered to be extraordinary loads. Analyses for the north cell yield a factor of safety of 1.63 , compared to 2.63 under dead loads alone (see additional answer email from Stantec, May 7, 2013).

Since the south cell has a higher factor of safety under dead loads (3.05) than the north cell (2.63), it was not deemed useful to determine its factor of safety in pseudostatic conditions but it will be greater than 1.63.

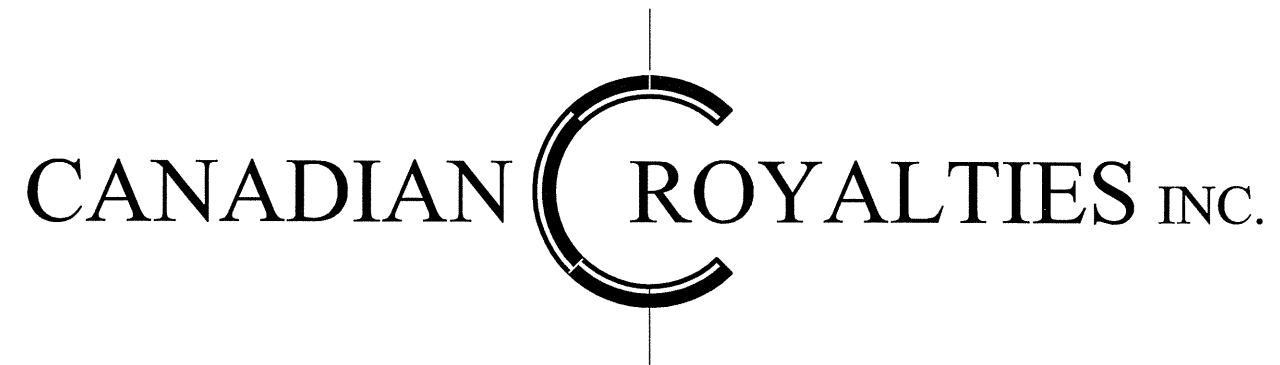


Appendix 1

Revised Permanent Wharf Plans (signed and sealed)







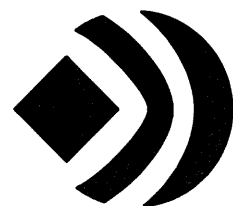
# PROJET NUNAVIK NICKEL

8000 SERIES

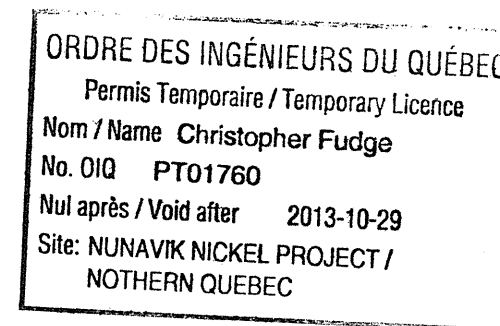
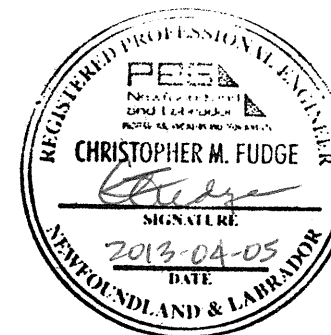
STEEL SHEET PILE CELLS  
BRIDGED OPTION/

CELLULES DE PALPLANCHES D'OPTIONS  
COMBLE

ISSUED FOR PERMIT  
EMIS POUR PERMIS



# SNC • LAVALIN



FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

## LIST OF DRAWINGS

MARINE	
506117-8000-41D1-0001	GENERAL NOTES & DESIGN CRITERIA
506117-8000-41D1-0002	SITE PLAN
506117-8000-41D1-0003	SSP CELLS - GENERAL ARRANGEMENT
506117-8000-41D1-0004	DREDGING PLAN
506117-8000-41D1-0005	DREDGING SECTIONS
506117-8000-41D1-0006	RIP RAP / ROCK FILL BERMS
506117-8000-41D1-0007	ROCK FILL SECTIONS
506117-8000-41D1-0008	SSP CELLS PLAN VIEW
506117-8000-41D1-0009	SSSP CELLS CHECK PLAN
506117-8000-41D1-0010	LADDER & BULLRAIL DETAILS
506117-8000-41D1-0011	FENDER DETAILS
506117-8000-41D1-0012	MOORING ARRANGEMENT
506117-8000-41D1-0013	MOORING DETAILS
506117-8000-41D1-0014	MOORING DETAILS
506117-8000-41D1-0015	PILE PLAN AND SECTIONS
506117-8000-42D1-0001	CONCRETE CAP REINFORCING PLANS
506117-8000-42D1-0002	CONCRETE CAP REINFORCING DETAILS - NORTH CELL
506117-8000-42D1-0003	CONCRETE CAP REINFORCING DETAILS - SOUTH CELL
506117-8000-42D1-0004	MOORING CONCRETE REINFORCING DETAILS
506117-8000-42D1-0005	ICE IMPACT BEAMS
506117-8000-42D1-0006	REINFORCED CONCRETE ABUTMENT DETAILS
506117-8000-42D1-0007	SSP CELLS - CONCRETE ABUTMENT DETAILS
506117-8000-42D1-0008	SSP CELLS - CONCRETE CAP REINFORCEMENT

## LISTÉ DES DESSINS

506117-8000-41D1-0001	REMARQUES GÉNÉRALES ET CRITÈRES DE CONCEPTION
506117-8000-41D1-0002	PLAN DU SITE
506117-8000-41D1-0003	SSP CELLULES - GÉNÉRALE ARRANGEMENT
506117-8000-41D1-0004	PLAN DE DRAGAGE
506117-8000-41D1-0005	SECTIONS DE DRAGAGE
506117-8000-41D1-0006	RIP RAP / ROCK BERMS DE REMPLISSAGE
506117-8000-41D1-0007	BASCULEZ SECTIONS DE REMPLISSAGE
506117-8000-41D1-0008	LES CELLULES SSP PLANIFIER VUE
506117-8000-41D1-0009	PLAN DE PONT SSP CELLULES
506117-8000-41D1-0010	DÉTAILS ÉCHELLE ET BULLRAIL
506117-8000-41D1-0011	DÉTAILS PARE-CHOC
506117-8000-41D1-0012	DISPOSITIF D'AMARRAGE
506117-8000-41D1-0013	LES DÉTAILS D'AMARRAGE
506117-8000-41D1-0014	LES DÉTAILS D'AMARRAGE
506117-8000-41D1-0015	PLAN DE PILE ET SECTIONS
506117-8000-42D1-0001	BOUCHON À BÉTON PLANS
506117-8000-42D1-0002	BOUCHON À BÉTON DE DÉTAILS - CELLULE DU NORD
506117-8000-42D1-0003	BOUCHON À BÉTON DE DÉTAILS - CELLULE DU SUD
506117-8000-42D1-0004	AMARRAGE DE DÉTAILS CONCRETS DE RENFORT
506117-8000-42D1-0005	POUTRELLES DE GLACE
506117-8000-42D1-0006	RENFORCES COORDONNÉES CULÉE EN BÉTON
506117-8000-42D1-0007	SSP CELLULES COORDONNÉES CULÉE EN BÉTON
506117-8000-42D1-0008	SSP CELLULES COURONNEMENT EN BÉTON

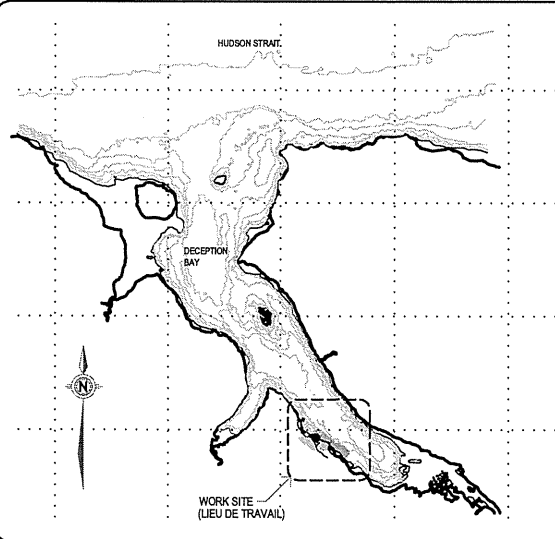
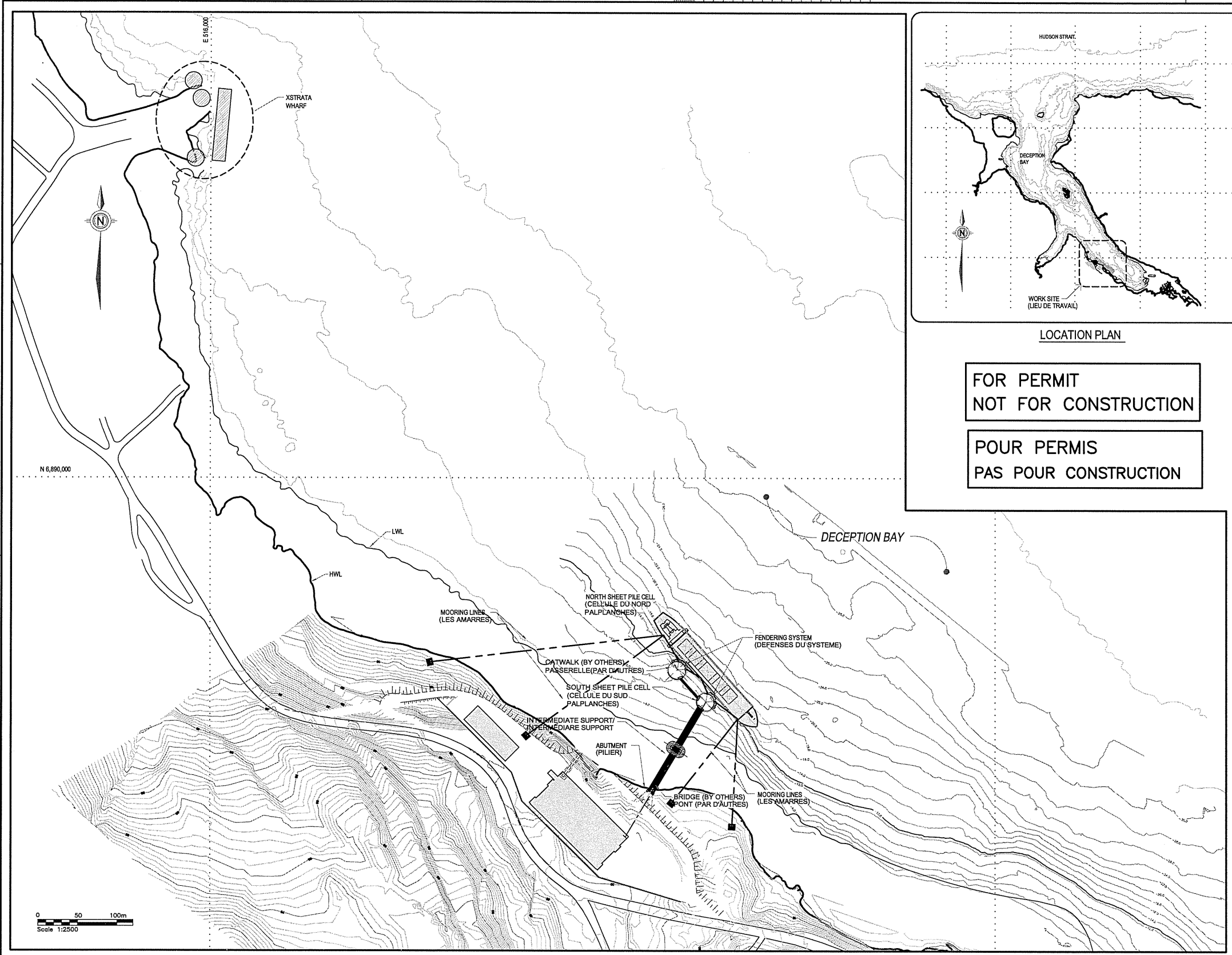
05 APRIL 2013  
05 AVRIL 2013

PROJECT No./ PROJET No.  
**506117**





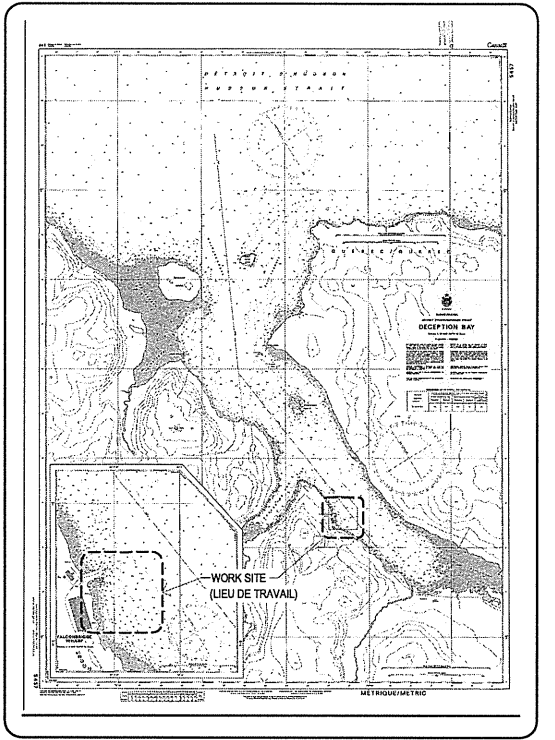




LOCATION PLAN

FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION



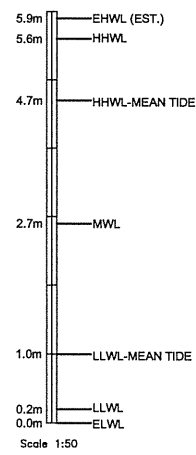
LOCATION PLAN - CHART 5457

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. GRID REFERENCE : UTM NAD83.
- 2. DEPTHS ARE IN METRES AND ARE REDUCED TO CHART DATUM (LOWEST NORMAL TIDE) WHICH AT DECEPTION BAY IS 2.5m BELOW MEAN WATER LEVEL.
- 3. HYDROGRAPHIC CONTOURS BASED ON CHS CHART 5457 AND SOUNDING SURVEY BY FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS JULY 2008

INDICATIONS GÉNÉRALES:

- 1. GRILLE DE RÉFÉRENCE : UTM NAD83.
- 2. LES PROFONDEURS SONT EN MÈTRES ET REDUIT AU ZÉRO DES COTES (BASSE MAREE MORNALE) QUI EST A DECEPTION BAY 2.5m SOUS LE NIVEAU MOYEN DE L'EAU.
- 3. CONTOURS HYDROGRAPHIQUES EN FONCTION OT TABLEAU CHS 5457 ET LEVEBATHYMETRIQUES PAR FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS JUILLET 2008.



CLIENT  
**CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.**

PROJECT  
**DECEPTION BAY PORT**

TITLE  
**SITE PLAN  
PLAN DU SITE**

PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
505117	8000	41, D1	0002	P1

LAST SAVE: 2013/04/05 - 2:09pm  
P-FILE: C:\505117\Drawings\Main\8000-41D1-0002-0.dwg

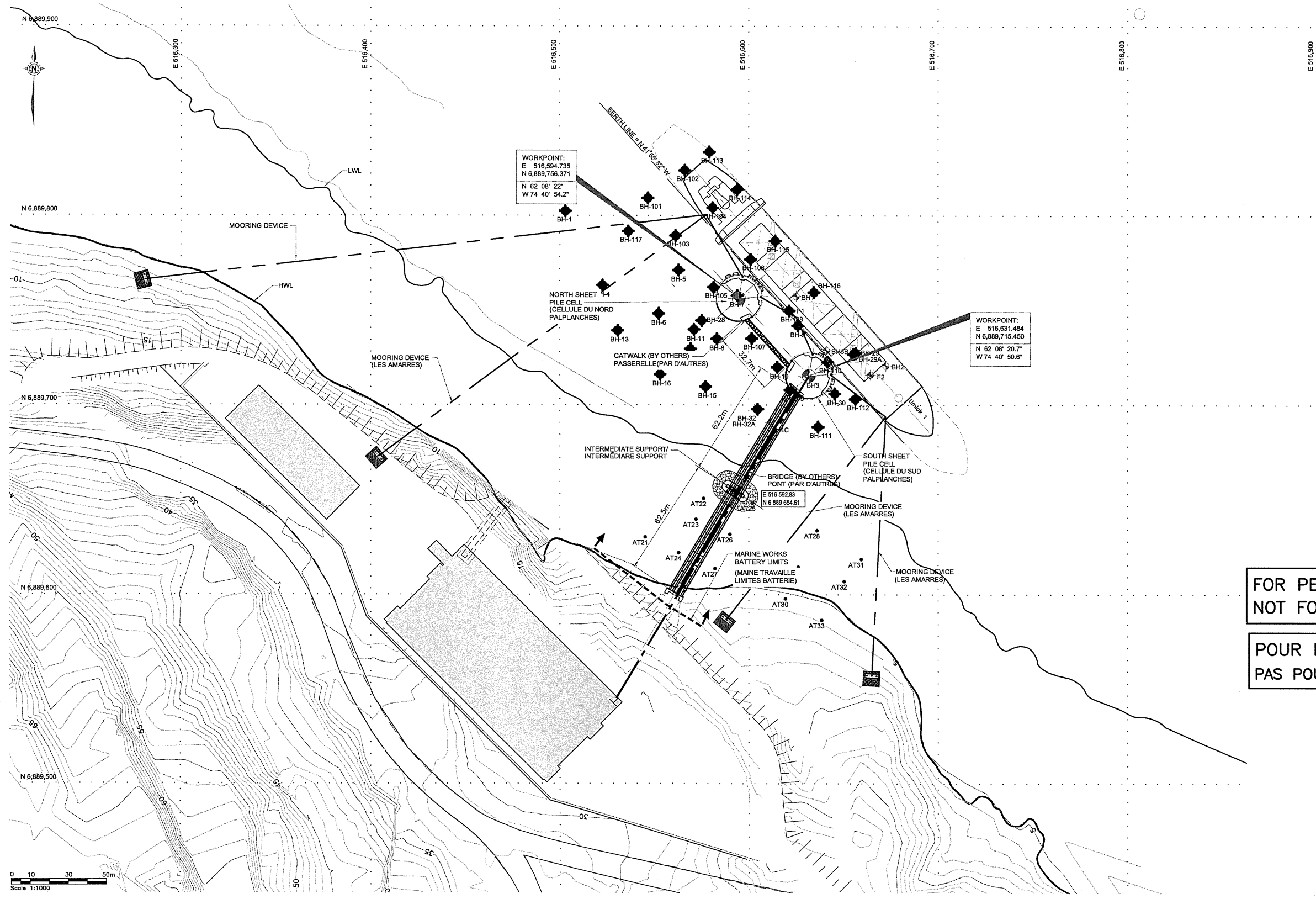
ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No
					P1		2013/04/05	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	

PROFESSIONAL SEAL  
**PEGA**  
REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER  
CHRISTOPHER M. FUDGE  
2013-04-05  
SINCE 1982

PREPARATION		APPROVAL	
DESIGNED	C. FUDGE	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER	N. GILLIS
DRAWN	T. YOUNG	CLIENT	
CHECKED	C. FUDGE	DATE	2013/01/22

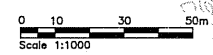
020879A11EN - FRAME A1 HORIZONTAL ENGLISH





FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION




I:\CT\SAC\2013\04\05 - 220pm PART 5\06117\Change\main\0600-0000-0000-4101-0000-00.dwg  
 2013/04/05 11:00:00 AM

ISSUE REGISTER		ISSUE REGISTER		REVISION REGISTER		REVISION REGISTER	
ISSUE No	REV. DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV. DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No
				P1	2013/04/05	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	



<b>SNC-LAVALIN</b> 455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3	
PREPARATION DESIGNED: C. FUDGE DRAWN: T. YOUNG CHECKED: C. FUDGE	APPROVAL PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER: N. GILLIS CLIENT: DATE: 2013/03/22
SCALE: AS NOTED	

CLIENT	CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.			
PROJECT	 DECEPTION BAY PORT			
TITLE	GENERAL ARRANGEMENT ARRANGEMENT DU GÉNÉRALE			
PROJECT No	SUBMISSION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	41, D1	0003	P1





DREDGING VOLUMES (m <sup>3</sup> )	
NORTH CELL	15,000
SOUTH CELL	7,000


VOLUMES DE DRAGAGE (m <sup>3</sup> )	
CELLULE NORD	15,000
CELLULE SUD	7,000

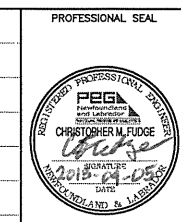
- GENERAL NOTES:**
- GRID REFERENCE : UTM NAD83.
  - DEPTHS ARE IN METRES AND ARE REDUCED TO CHART DATUM (LOWEST NORMAL TIDE) WHICH AT DECEPTION BAY IS 2.9m BELOW MEAN WATER LEVEL.
  - HYDROGRAPHIC CONTOURS BASED ON CHS CHART 5457 AND SOUNDING SURVEY BY FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS JULY 2008


- INDICATIONS GÉNÉRALES:**
- GRILLE DE RÉFÉRENCE : UTM NAD83.
  - LES PROFONDEURS SONT EN MÈTRES ET REDUIT AU ZÉRO DES COTES (BASSE MARRÉE MORNALLE) QUI EST À DECEPTION BAY 2.9m SOUS LE NIVEAU MOYEN DE L'EAU.
  - CONTOURS HYDROGRAPHIQUES EN FONCTION OT TABLEAU CHS 5457 ET LEVEBATHYMETRIQUES PAR FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS JUILLET 2008.

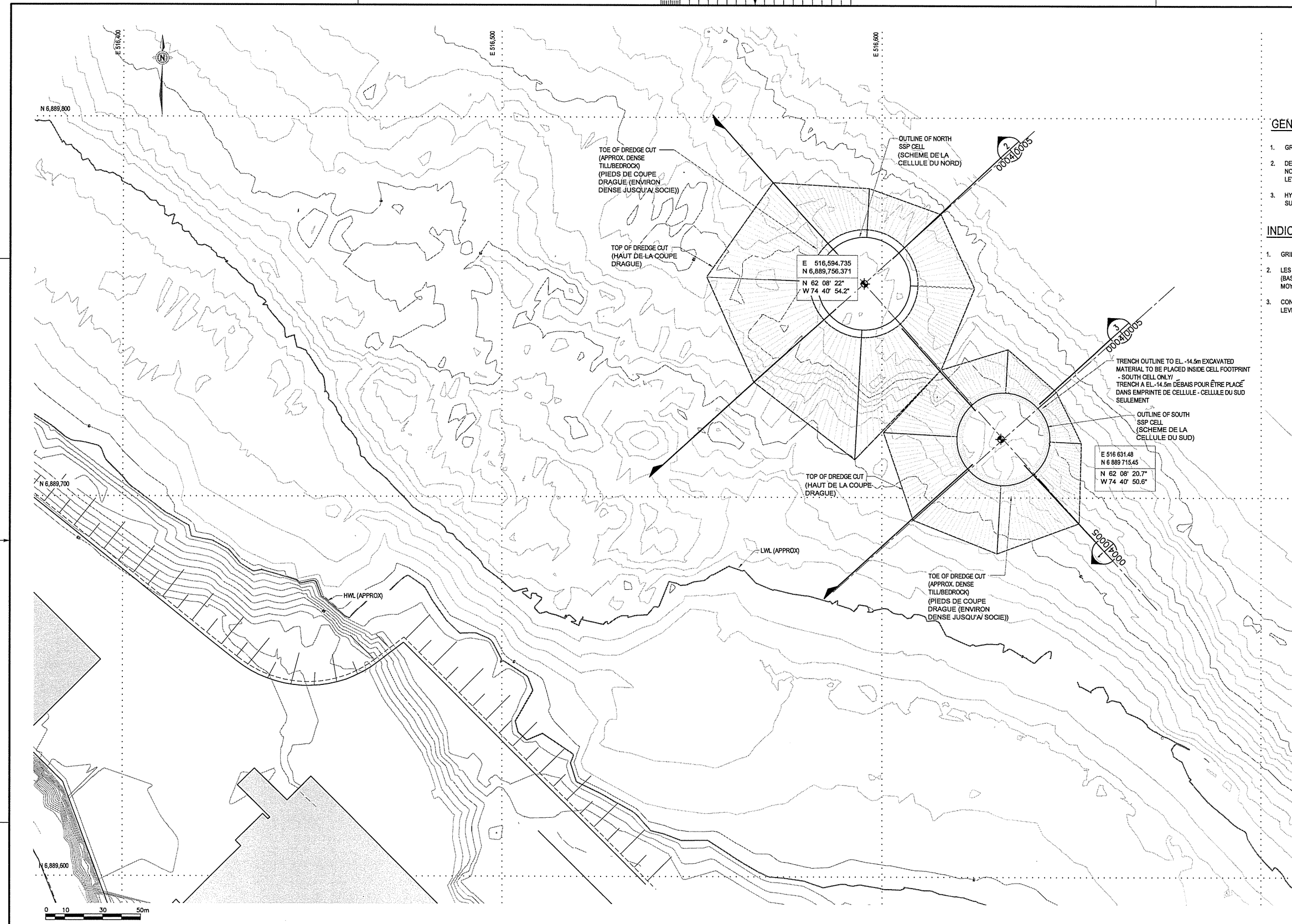
**FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION**

**POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION**

CLIENT	CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.
PROJECT	 DECEPTION BAY PORT
TITLE	DREDGING PLAN PLAN DU DRAGAGE
PROJECT No	506117
SUBDIVISION	8000
SUBJECT	41 D1
SERIAL	0004
REV.	P1



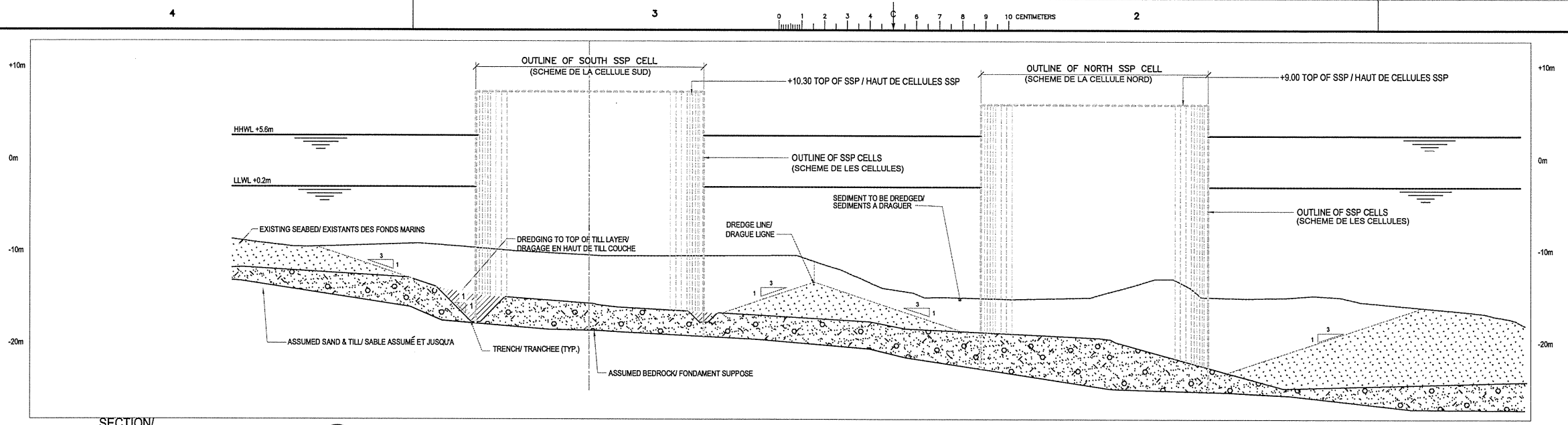
PROFESSIONAL SEAL	
 SNC-LAVALIN 455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3	
DESIGNED	APPROVAL
C. FUDGE	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER
T. YOUNG	CLIENT
CHECKED	DATE
C. FUDGE	2013/03/22
SCALE	AS NOTED



ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	REVISION No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS	REVISION No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS
										P1	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	2013/04/05					

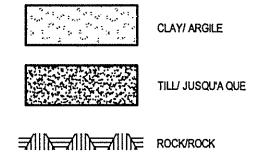
LAST SAVE: 2013/04/05 - 2:21pm  
 PATH: C:\506117\Drawings\Marine\50600-4101-001-0.dwg





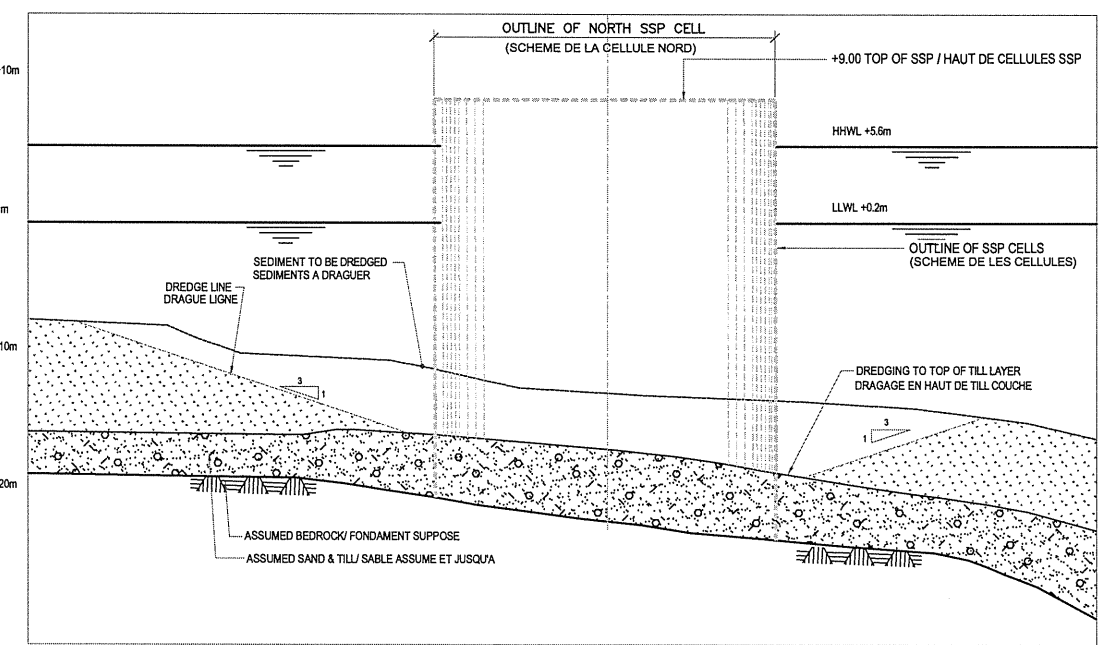
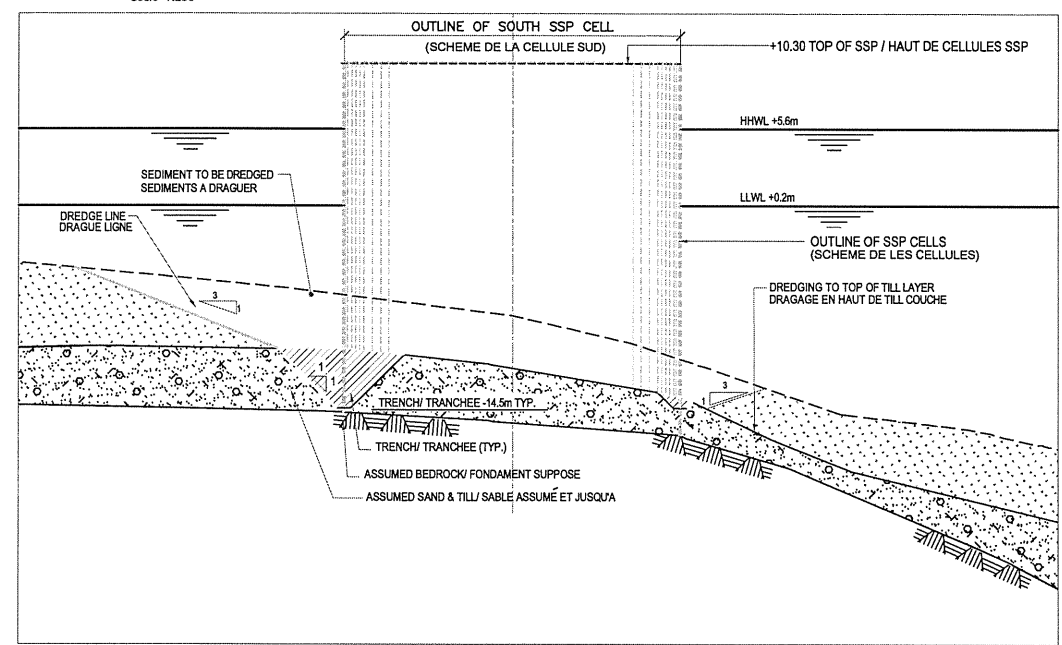
- GENERAL NOTES:
- EXISTING BEDROCK INFERRED FROM FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS, JULY 2008.
  - ASSUMED SEABED, BEDROCK, AND SAND/TILL ELEVATIONS INTERPOLATED FROM FUGRO JACQUES SURVEY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY.

- INDICATIONS GÉNÉRALES:
- SIÉ EXISTANT DEDUIT DE FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS, JUILLET 2008.
  - SUPPOSE DES FONDS MARINS, LE SUBSTRATUM ROCHEUX ET DE SABLE/ ÉLEVATIONS JUSQU'A INTERPOLÉE À PARTIR DE FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS ET RÉLEVÉ TOPOGRAPHIQUE



DREDGING VOLUMES (m <sup>3</sup> )	
NORTH CELL	15,000
SOUTH CELL	7,000


VOLUMES DE DRAGAGE (m <sup>3</sup> )	
CELLULE NORD	15,000
CELLULE SUD	7,000



FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

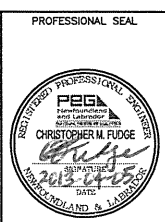
POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

CLIENT  
**CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.**

PROJECT  
  
**DECEPTION BAY PORT**

TITLE  
**DREDGING SECTIONS  
SECTION DU DRAGAGE**

PROJECT No	506117	SUBDIVISION	8000	SUBJECT	41 D1	SERIAL	0005	REV.	P1
------------	--------	-------------	------	---------	-------	--------	------	------	----

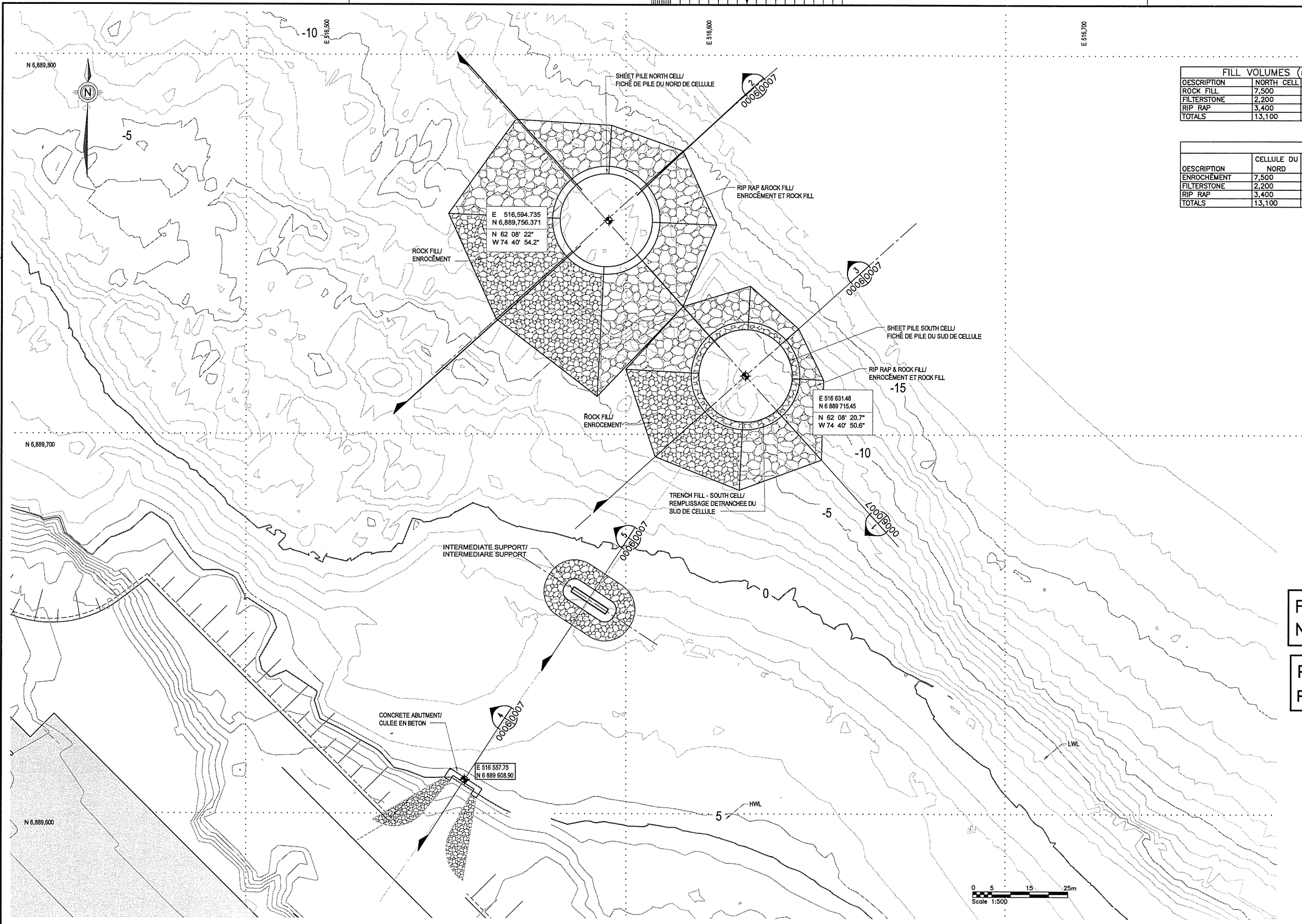


PREPARATION		APPROVAL	
DESIGNED	C. FUDGE	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER	N. GILLIS
DRAWN	T. YOUNG	CLIENT	
CHECKED	C. FUDGE	DATE	2013/03/22
SCALE	AS NOTED		

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS	DESIGNED	APPROVED	REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER
					P1		2013/04/05	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS							No

LIST SAVE: 2013/04/05 11:22:26am  
 PATH: C:\Users\Nunavik\Documents\506117-8000-41D1-0005-0.dwg



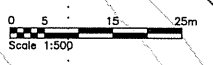


FILL VOLUMES (m <sup>3</sup> )		
DESCRIPTION	NORTH CELL	SOUTH CELL
ROCK FILL	7,500	2,500
FILTERSTONE	2,200	1,100
RIP RAP	3,400	2,100
TOTALS	13,100	5,700

DESCRIPTION	CELLULE DU NORD	CELLULE DU SUD
ENROÇEMENT	7,500	2,500
FILTERSTONE	2,200	1,100
RIP RAP	3,400	2,100
TOTALS	13,100	5,700

FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION



CLIENT  
CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.



PROJECT  
DECEPTION BAY PORT

TITLE  
RIP RAP / ROCK FILL BERMS  
RIP RAP / ENROÇEMENT BERMES  
DE REMPLISSAGE

PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	41 D1	0006	P1



PREPARATION		APPROVAL	
DESIGNED C. FUDGE	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS		
DRAWN T. YOUNG	CLIENT		
CHECKED C. FUDGE	DATE 2013/03/22		
SCALE AS NOTED			

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No

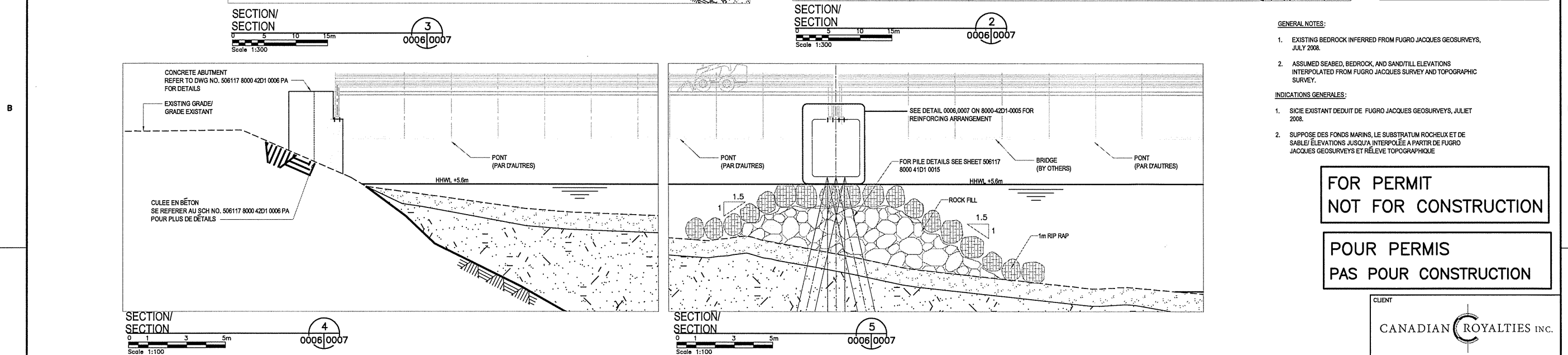
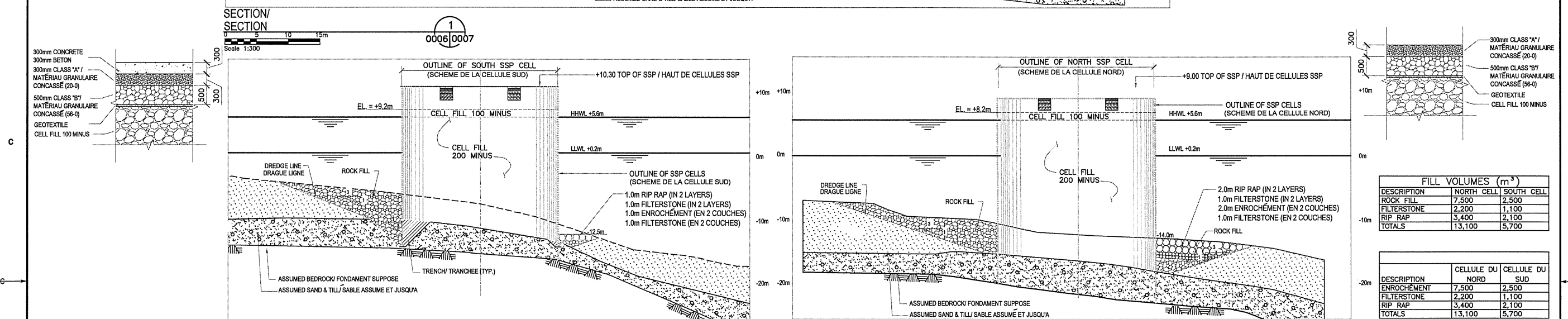
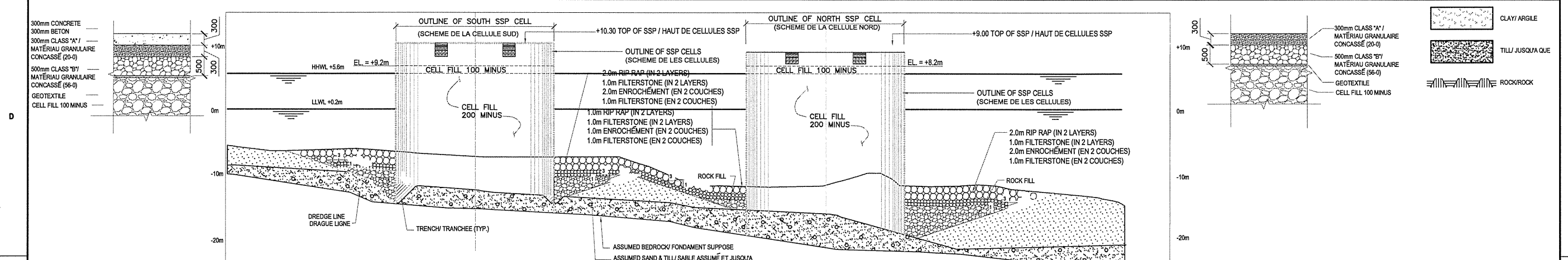
No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	**	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	**
P1	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	2013/04/05					

No	REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER

LAST SAVE: 2013/04/05 - 2:22pm  
PATH: G:\306117\Drawings\Main\3000-ISSUED FOR PERMIT\306117-8000-41D1-0006-0.dwg





ISSUE REGISTER		ISSUE REGISTER		REVISION REGISTER		REVISION REGISTER		REVISION REGISTER		REVISION REGISTER												
ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	

DESCRIPTION	NORTH CELL	SOUTH CELL
ROCK FILL	7,500	2,500
FILTERSTONE	2,200	1,100
RIP RAP	3,400	2,100
TOTALS	13,100	5,700

DESCRIPTION	CELLULE DU NORD	CELLULE DU SUD
ENROCHÈMENT	7,500	2,500
FILTERSTONE	2,200	1,100
RIP RAP	3,400	2,100
TOTALS	13,100	5,700

- GENERAL NOTES:**
- EXISTING BEDROCK INFERRED FROM FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS, JULY 2008.
  - ASSUMED SEALED, BEDROCK, AND SAND/TILL ELEVATIONS INTERPOLATED FROM FUGRO JACQUES SURVEY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY.
- INDICATIONS GÉNÉRALES:**
- SICIE EXISTANT DÉDUIT DE FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS, JUILLET 2008.
  - SUPPOSE DES FONDS MARINS. LE SUBSTRATUM ROCHEUX ET DE SABLE/ÉLEVATIONS JUSQU'À INTERPOLÉE À PARTIR DE FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS ET RÉLÈVE TOPOGRAPHIQUE

**FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION**

**POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION**

CLIENT  
**CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.**

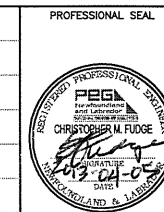
PROJECT  
**NUNAVIK NICKEL**

**DECEPTION BAY PORT**

TITLE  
**ROCK FILL SECTIONS/  
BASCULEZ SECTIONS DE REMPLISSAGE**

PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	41, D1	0007	P1

02087811EN - FRAME A1 HORIZONTAL ENGLISH



PROFESSIONAL SEAL

**SNC-LAVALIN**  
455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West  
Montréal (Québec)  
Canada H2Z 1Z3

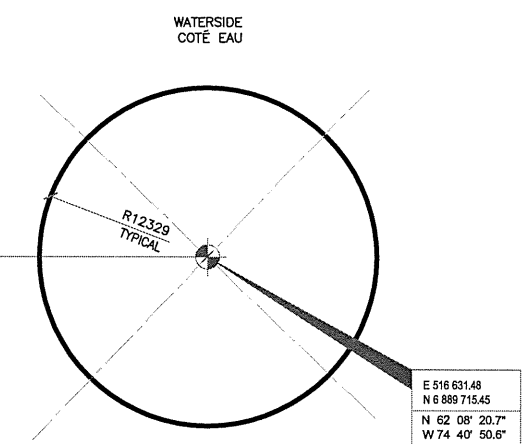
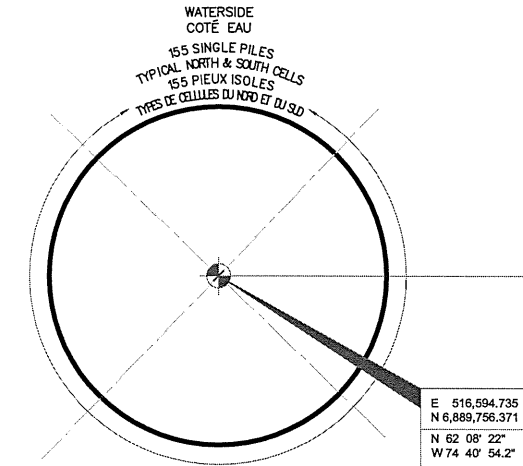
DESIGNED	APPROVAL
C. FUDGE	N. GILLIS
DRAWN	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER
T. YOUNG	CLIENT
CHECKED	DATE
C. FUDGE	2013/03/22

SCALE  
AS NOTED

LAST SAVE: 2013/04/05 - 3:16pm  
 PATH: G:\506117\Drawings\Main\506117-8000-41D1-0007-0.dwg

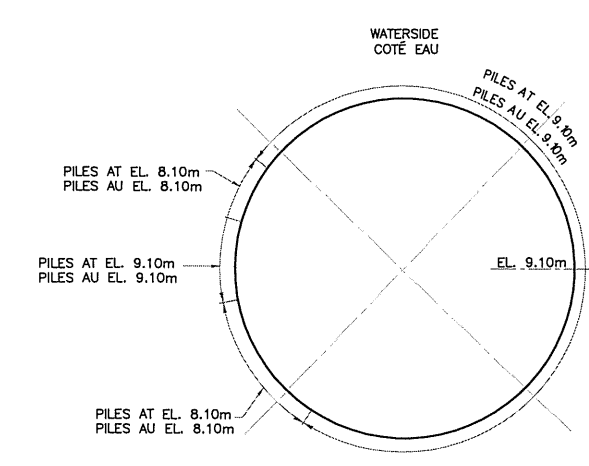
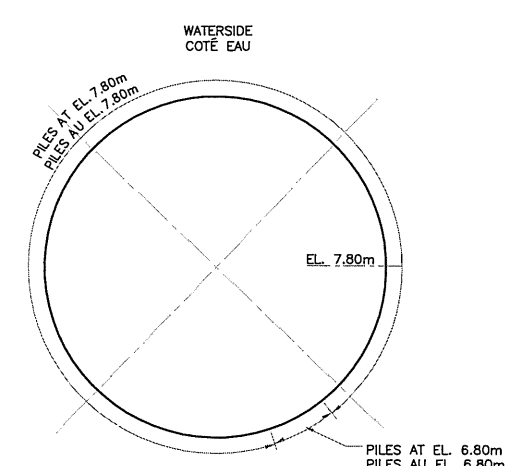






PLAN - SHEET PILE LAYOUT  
PLAN-PLAN PALPLANCHE

Scale 1:250



PLAN - SHEET PILE CUT-OFF  
PLAN - COUPER FEUILLE DE PILE

Scale 1:250

**NOTES:**

- 1. STEEL SHEET PILES SHALL BE MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH EUROPEAN STANDARD EN 10248, PARTS 1 AND 2. MINIMUM STEEL GRADE SHALL BE S355 GP.
- 2. MINIMUM PILE THICKNESS SHALL BE 12.7mm.
- 3. MINIMUM INTERLOCK STRENGTH SHALL BE 5500 KN PER METRE WHEN TESTED TO EN 10248.
- 4. ARRANGEMENT OF SHEET PILES IS BASED ON FLAT PILES WITH A NORMAL WIDTH OF 500mm. DIMENSIONS OF CELLS ARE NOMINAL, PRIOR TO EXPANSION FROM FILLING. DIMENSIONS WILL VARY DEPENDING ON EXACT CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE.
- 5. FOR TOP ELEVATION OF PILES, SEE SECTIONS AND NOTES ON OWGS 8000-41D1-0005,0007,0010,0011.

**INDICATIONS:**

- 1. PALPLANCHES D'ACIER DOIVENT ÊTRE FABRIQUES SELON LA NORME EUROPEENNE EN 10248, PARTIE 1 ET 2. NUANCE D'ACIER S355 MINIMALE EST GP.
- 2. EPAISSEUR MINIMALE EST DE PILE 12.7mm.
- 3. RESISTANCE MINIMALE INTERLOCK SERA DE 55 KN PAR METRE LORS D'UN ESSAI EN 10248.
- 4. ARRANGEMENT DE PALPLANCHES RÉPOSE SUR PILES AVEC UN FLT LARGEUR NORMALE DE 500mm. DIMENSIONS DE CELLULES SONT NOMINALES, AVANT L'EXPANSION DU REMPLISSAGE. DIMENSIONS VARIE EN FONCTION SEQUENCE DE CONSTRUCTION EXACT.
- 5. D'ÉLEVATION CONSEIL DES PILES, VOIR LES SECTIONS ET NOTES SUR DESSINS 8000-41D1-0005,0007,0010,0011.

FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

LAST SAVE: 2013/04/05 - 2:34pm  
PATH: G:\506117\Drawings\Main\8000-41D1-0008-0.dwg

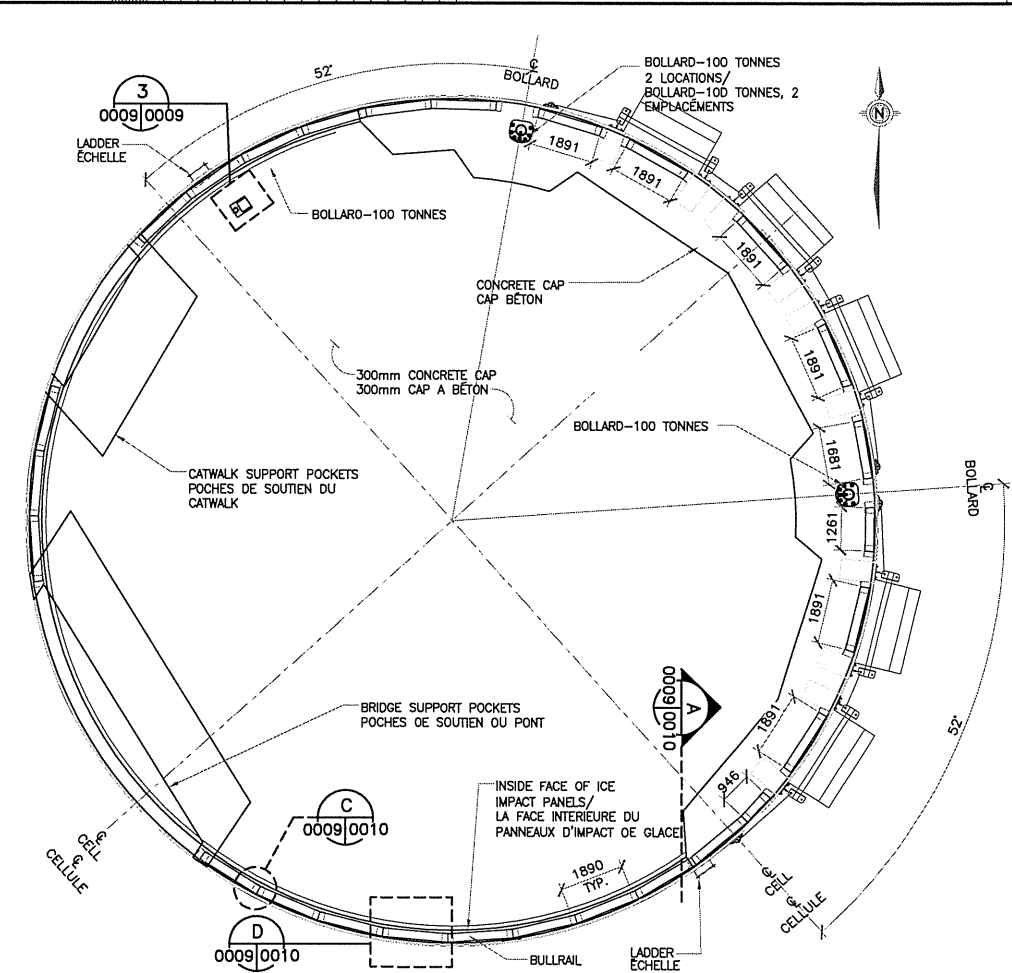
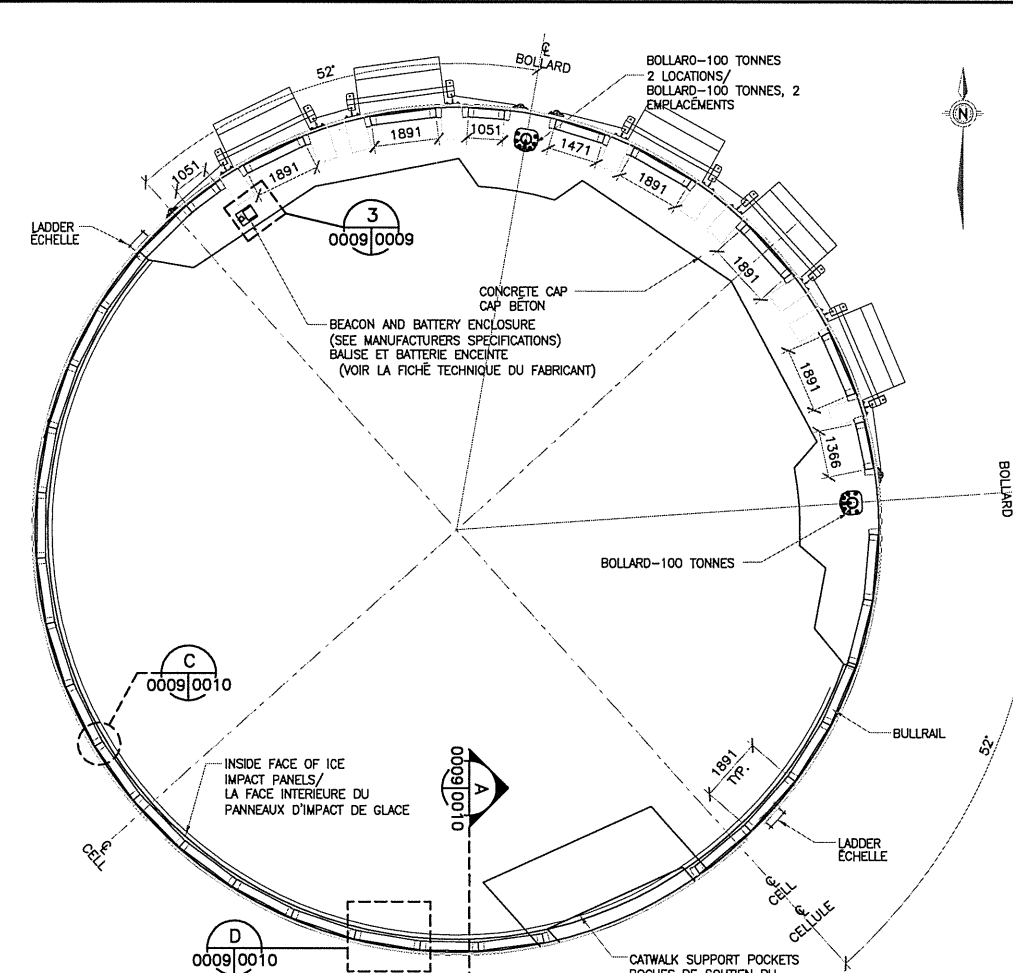
CLIENT		CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.	
PROJECT		NUNAVIK MINES NUNAVIKNICKEL	
DESIGNATION		DECEPTION BAY PORT	
TITLE		SSP CELLS-PLAN VIEW LES CELLULES SSP PLAN VUE	
PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL
506117	8000	41 D1	0008
REV.			
			P1

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	**	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	**	



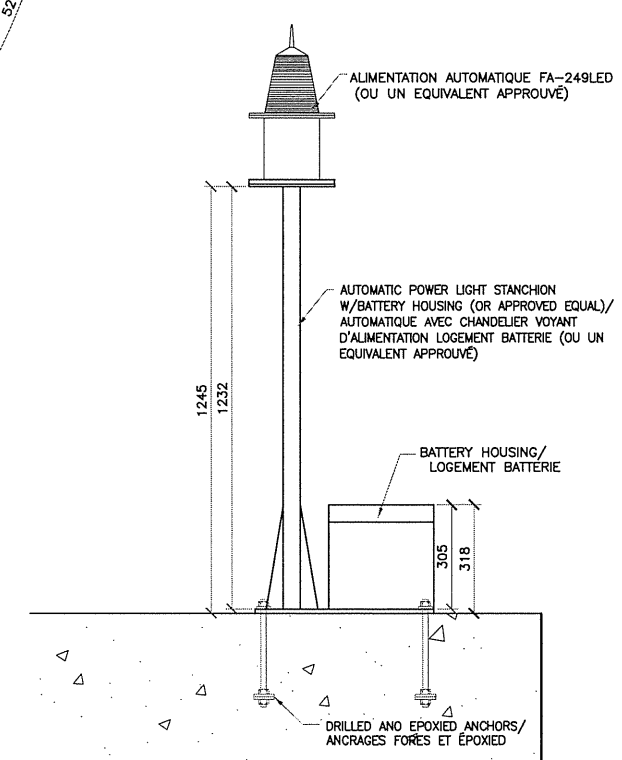
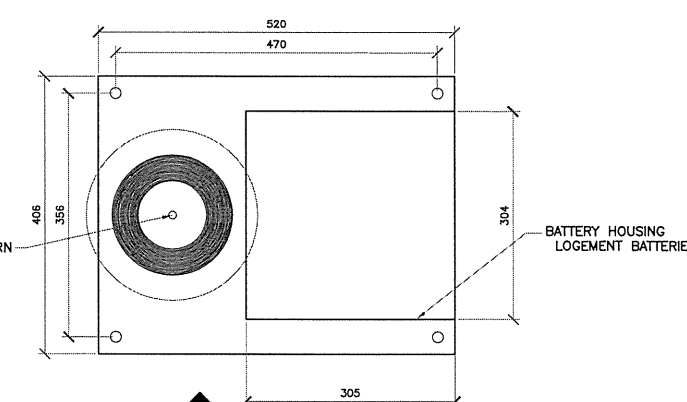
PROFESSIONAL SEAL		SNC-LAVALIN	
DESIGNED		APPROVAL	
C. FUDGE		N. GILLIS	
DRAWN		CLIENT	
I. YOUNG		DATE	
CHECKED		2013/03/22	
C. FUDGE			
SCALE			
AS NOTED			





FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

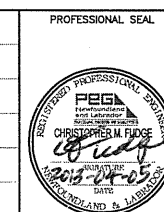


NOTES:  
1) LIGHT STANCHION TO BE FABRICATED FROM STEEL AND HOT DIPPED GALVANIZED  
INDICATIONS:  
1) CHANDELIER FEU A ETRE FABRIQUE EN ACIER ET GALVANISE A CHAUD

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No

No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)
P1	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	2013/04/05			



PROFESSIONAL SEAL	
<b>SNC-LAVALIN</b>	SNC-LAVALIN 455, Rue-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3
DESIGNED C. FUDGE	APPROVAL PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS
DRAWN T. YOUNG	CLIENT
CHECKED C. FUDGE	DATE 2013/03/22
SCALE AS NOTED	

CLIENT  
**CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.**

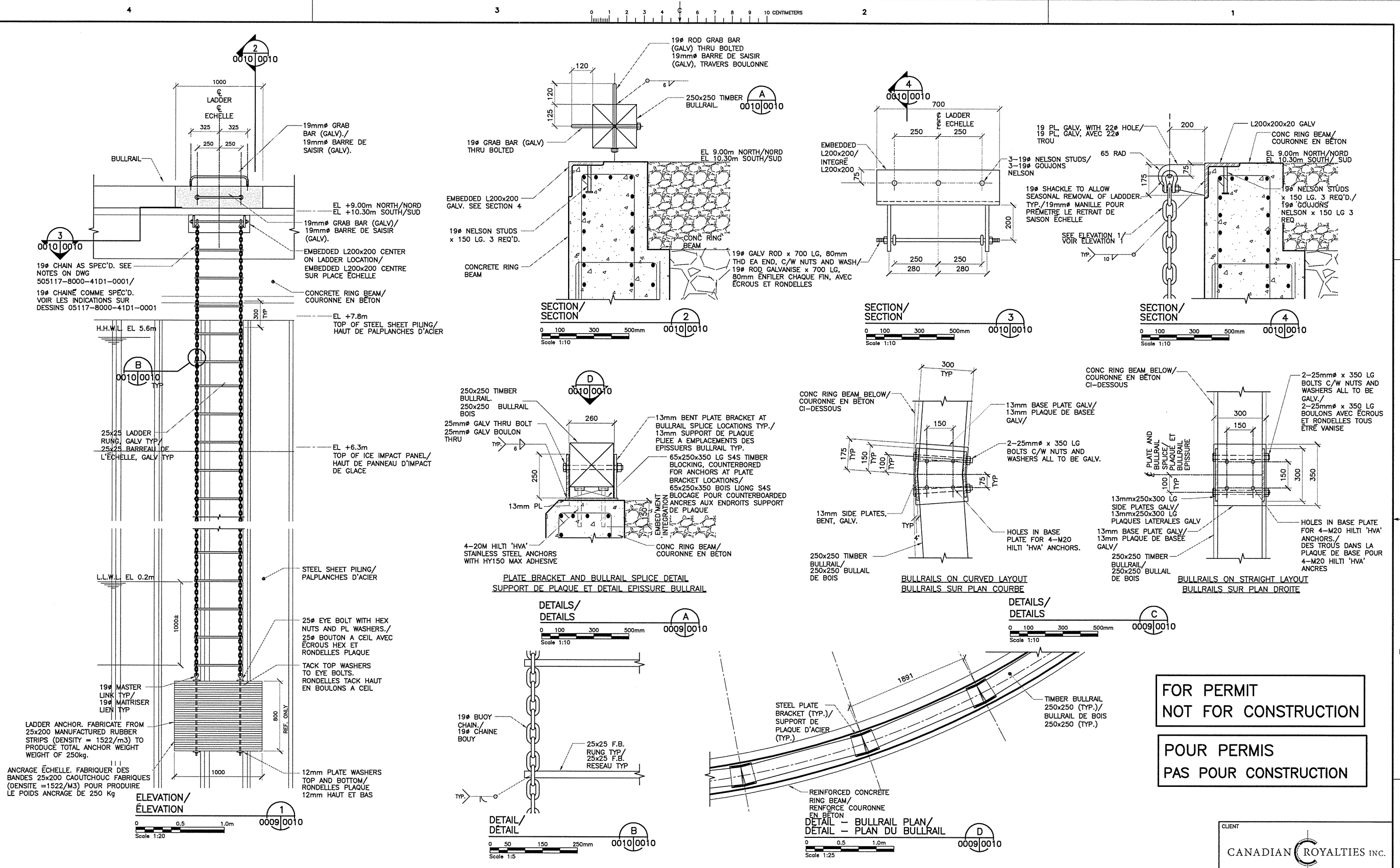
PROJECT  
**DECEPTION BAY PORT**

TITLE  
**SSP CELLS-DECK PLAN  
PLAN DE PONT SSP CELLULES**

PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	41, D1	0009	P1

02087811EN - FRAME A1 HORIZONTAL ENGLISH





FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

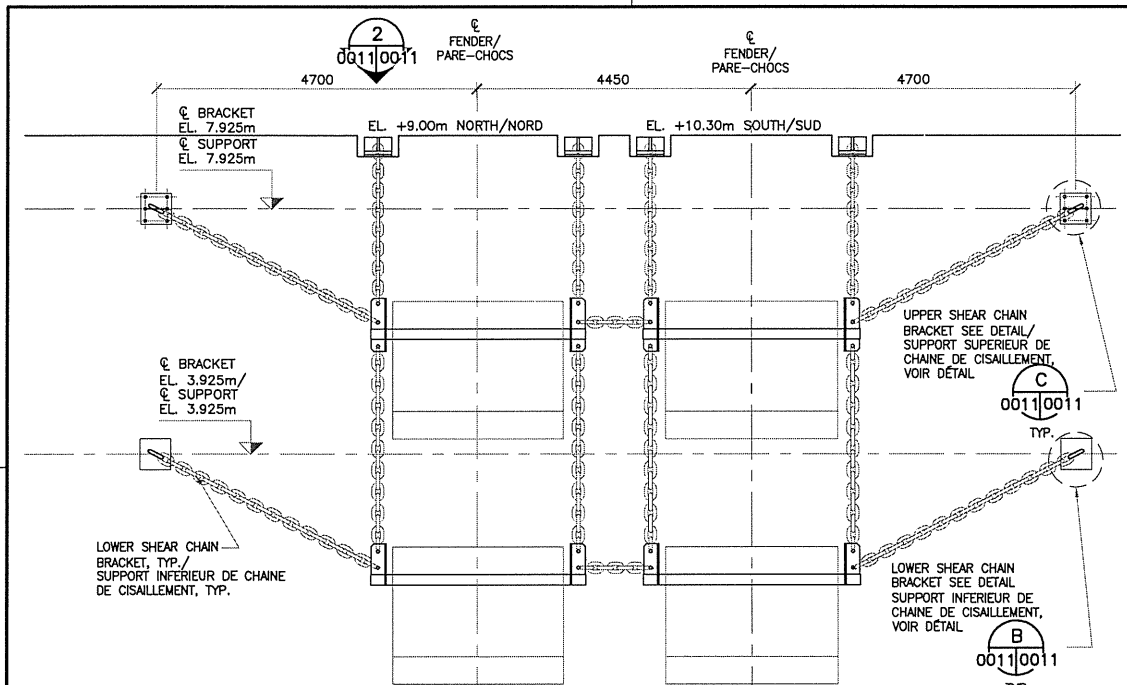
POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

CLIENT <b>CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.</b>	
PROJECT  <b>DECEPTION BAY PORT</b>	
TITLE <b>LADDER &amp; BULLRAIL DETAILS DÉTAILS DES ÉCHELLE ET BULLRAIL</b>	
PROJECT No 506117	SUBDIVISION 8000
SUBJECT 41 D1	SERIAL 0010
REVISION P1	

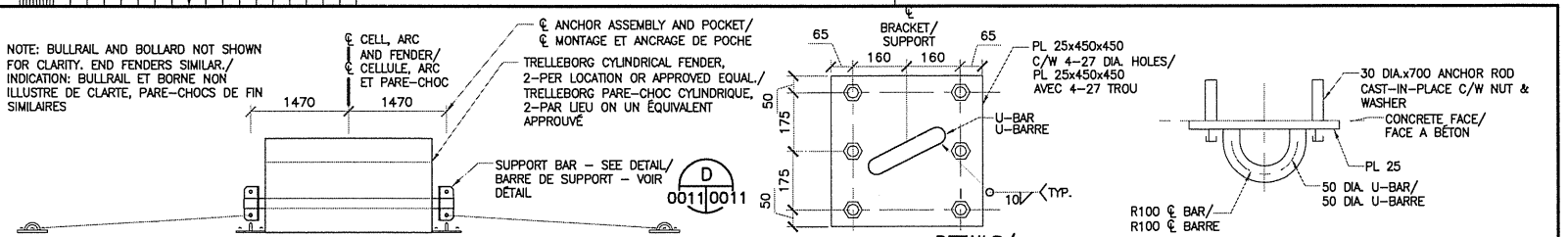
PROFESSIONAL SEAL 	
SNC-LAVALIN 455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal, (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3	
PREPARATION DESIGNED C. FUDGE DRAWN T. YOUNG CHECKED C. FUDGE SCALE AS NOTED	APPROVAL PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS CLIENT DATE 2013/03/22

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	

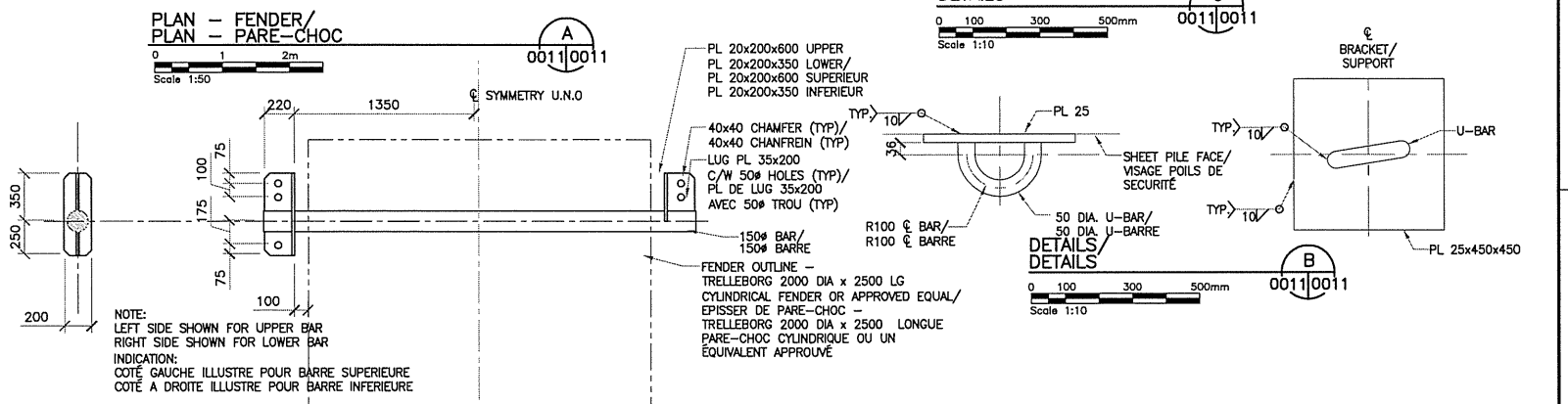




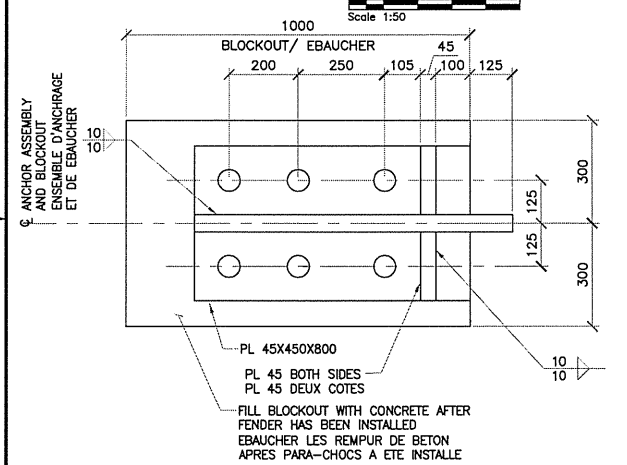
ELEVATION - DOUBLE FENDER ARR'T  
ELEVATION - ARR'T PARE-CHOC DOUBLE  
Scale 1:50  
0011|0011



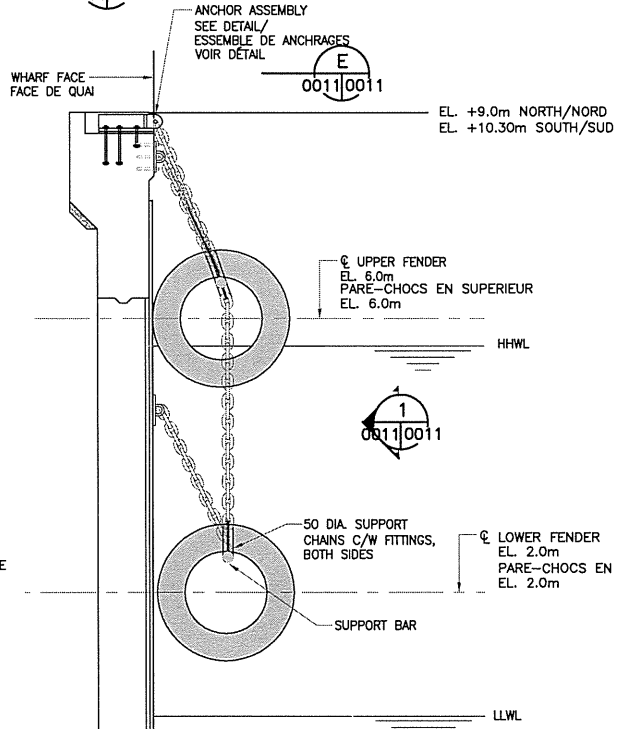
PLAN - FENDER/  
PLAN - PARE-CHOC  
Scale 1:50  
0011|0011



ELEVATION - TRIPLE FENDER ARR'T  
ELEVATION - ARR'T PARE CHOC TRIPLE  
Scale 1:50  
0011|0011



DETAIL-ANCHOR ASSEMBLY/  
DETAIL-ENSEMBLE DE ANCRAGE  
Scale 1:10  
0011|0011



SECTION/  
SECTION  
Scale 1:150  
0011|0011

NOTES:  
1. FENDERS AND HARDWARE SUPPLIED BY OWNER. MODIFICATION TO CHAIN LENGTHS MAY BE REQUIRED  
INDICATIONS:  
1. AILES ET MATÉRIEL FOURNI PAR LE PROPRIÉTAIRE. MODIFICATION DE LA LONGUEUR DE CHAÎNE PEUT ÊTRE NÉCESSAIRE

FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No
P1		2013/04/05	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	

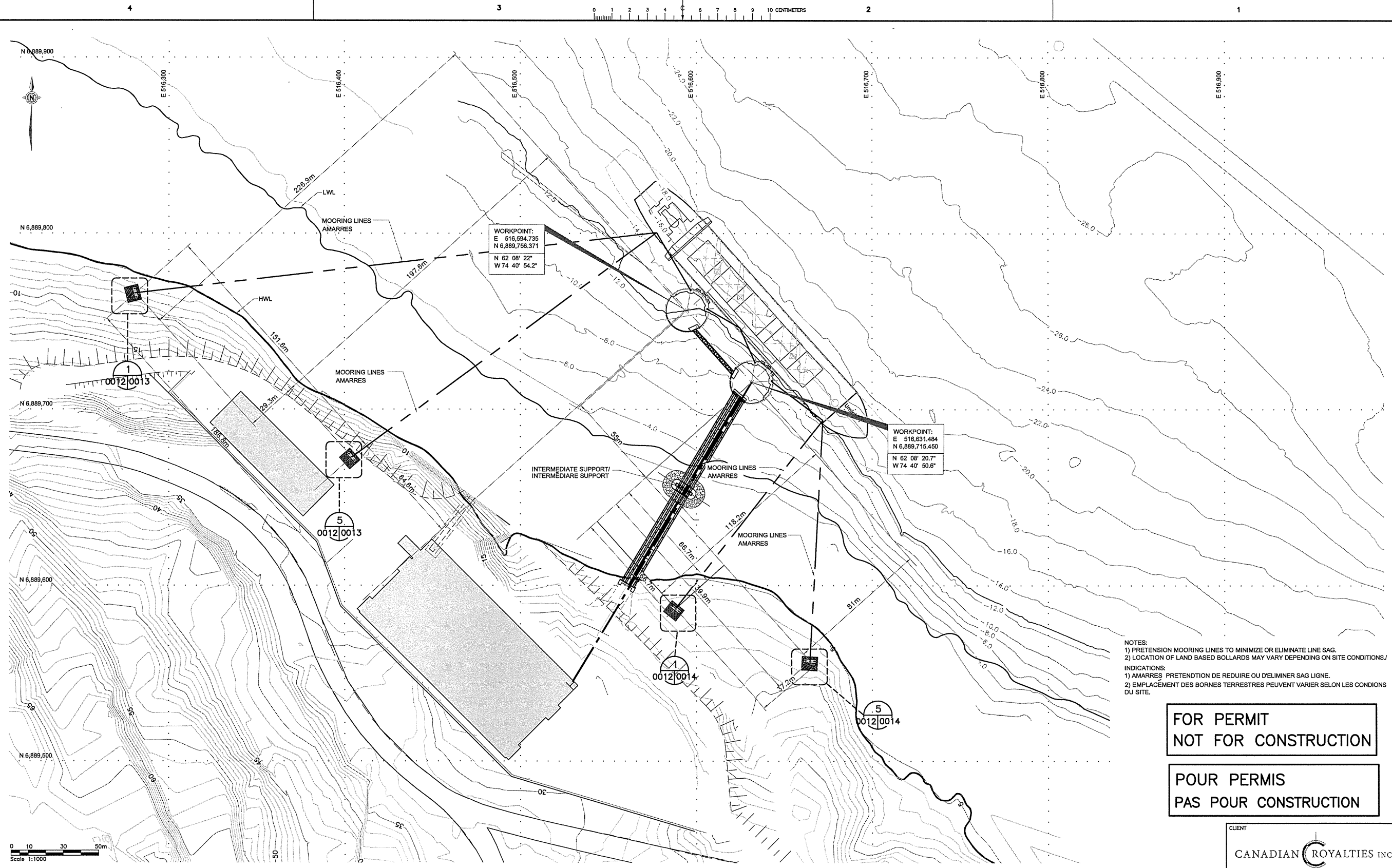
PROFESSIONAL SEAL  
REG  
REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER  
CHRISTOPHER M. FUDGE  
2013-04-05  
ONTARIO AND ALBERTA

SNC-LAVALIN 455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3	
DESIGNED C. FUDGE	APPROVAL PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS
DRAWN I. YOUNG	CLIENT
CHECKED C. FUDGE	DATE 2013/03/22
SCALE AS NOTED	

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.	
PROJECT NUNAVIKINICKEL DECEPTION BAY PORT	
TITLE FENDER DETAILS DÉTAILS DE PARE-CHOC	
PROJECT No 506117	SUBDIVISION 8000
SUBJECT 41 D1	SERIAL 0011
REV. P1	





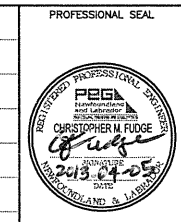


NOTES:  
1) PRETENSION MOORING LINES TO MINIMIZE OR ELIMINATE LINE SAG.  
2) LOCATION OF LAND BASED BOLLARDS MAY VARY DEPENDING ON SITE CONDITIONS.  
INDICATIONS:  
1) AMARRÉS: PRETENSION DE REDUIRE OU ÉLIMINER SAG LIGNE.  
2) EMPLACEMENT DES BORNES TERRESTRES PEUVENT VARIER SELON LES CONDIONS DU SITE.

FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

CLIENT	CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.
PROJECT	DECEPTION BAY PORT
TITLE	MOORING ARRANGEMENT ARRANGEMENT DE AMARRÉS
PROJECT No	506117
SUBMISSION	8000
SUBJECT	41, D1
SERIAL	0012
REV.	P1

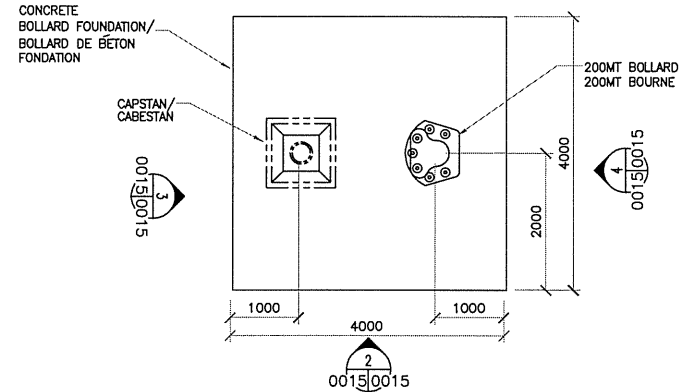


DESIGNED	C. FUDGE	APPROVAL	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER
DRAWN	T. YOUNG	CHECKED	C. FUDGE
DATE	2013/03/22		
SCALE	AS NOTED		

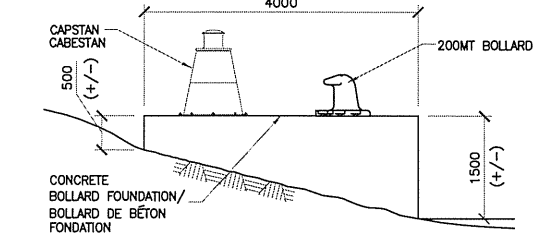
ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	REVISION No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED
										P1	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	2013/04/05	

LAST SAVE: 2013/04/05 - 2:36pm  
PATH: C:\306117\Drawings\Main\5000- ISSUED FOR PERMIT\506117-8000-41D1-012-0.dwg

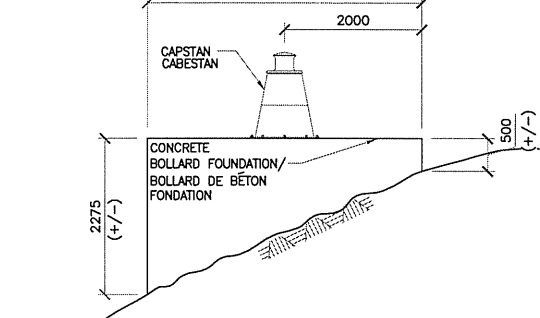




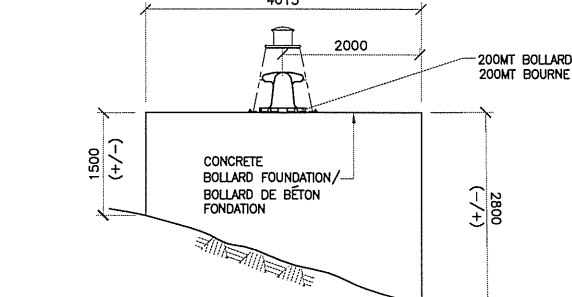
PLAN - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #1  
 PLAN - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 1  
 Scale 1:50  
 00130013



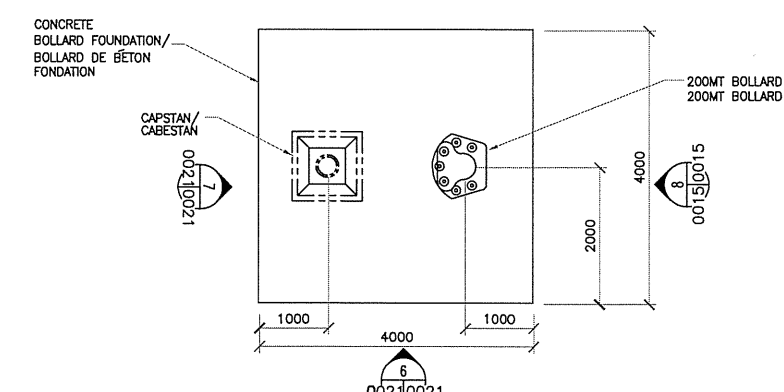
ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #1  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 1  
 Scale 1:50  
 00130013



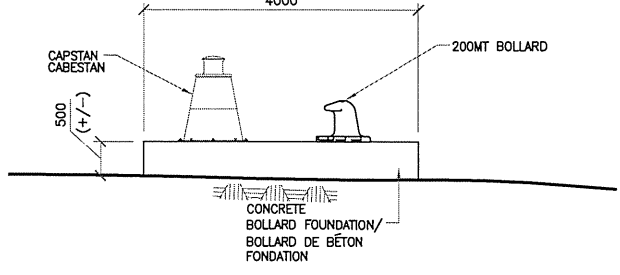
ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #1  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 1  
 Scale 1:50  
 00130013



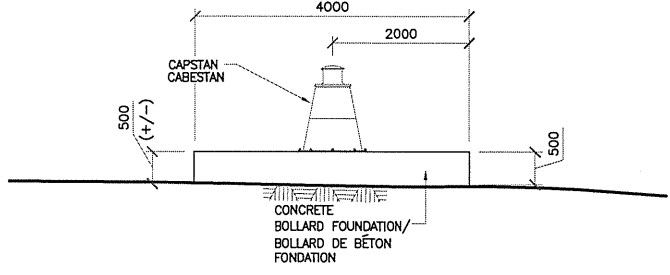
ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #1  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 1  
 Scale 1:50  
 00130013



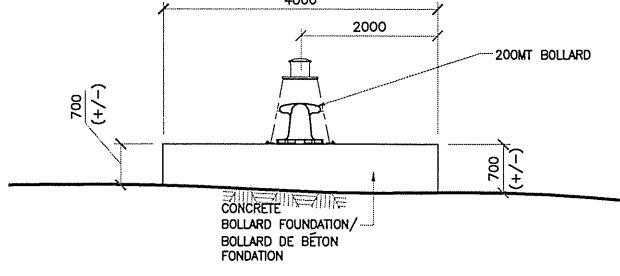
PLAN - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #2  
 PLAN - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 2  
 Scale 1:50  
 00120013



ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #2  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 2  
 Scale 1:50  
 00130013



ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #2  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 2  
 Scale 1:50  
 00130013



ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #2  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 2  
 Scale 1:50  
 00130013

NOTES:  
 1) ALL BOLLARDS AND CAPSTANS ARE OWNER SUPPLIED.  
 2) SEE DRAWING 506117 8000 42D1 0004 FOR REINFORCING DETAILS TYPICAL ALL BOLLARD FOUNDATIONS.  
 3) ROCK SLOPE MAY VARY DEPENDING ON FINAL BOLLARD LOCATION

INDICATIONS:  
 1) TOUTES LES BOLLARDS ET CABESTANS ÉTES PROPRIÉTAIRE FOURNI.  
 2) VOIR 506117 8000 42D1 0004 DESSINS POUR RENFORCER DÉTAILS TYPIQUES TOUTES LES FONDATIONS BOLLARD.  
 3) PENTE ROCK PEUVENT VARIER EN FONCTION DE BOLLARD EMPACEMENT FINAL.

FOR PERMIT  
 NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
 PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

CLIENT  
 CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT  
 NUNAVIK NICKEL  
 DECEPTION BAY PORT

TITLE  
 SITE 2  
 MOORINGS DETAILS  
 DÉTAILS DE AMMARES

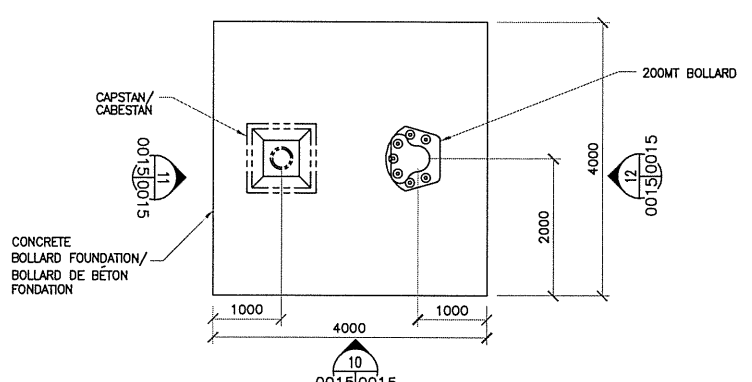
PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	41 D1	0013	P1



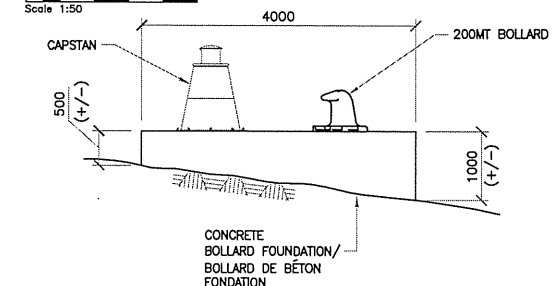
SNC-LAVALIN 455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3	
PREPARATION	APPROVAL
DESIGNED B. TUCKER / C. FUDGE	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS
DRAWN T. YOUNG	CLIENT
CHECKED C. FUDGE	DATE 2013/03/22
SCALE AS NOTED	

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	REVISION No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED	REVISION No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED	REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER
										P1	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	2013/04/05						

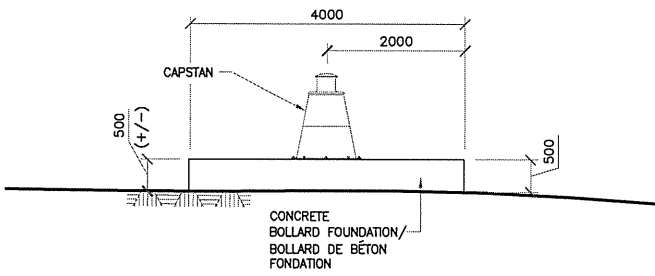




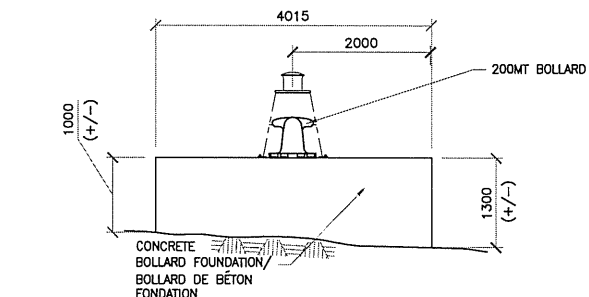
PLAN - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #3  
 PLAN - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 3



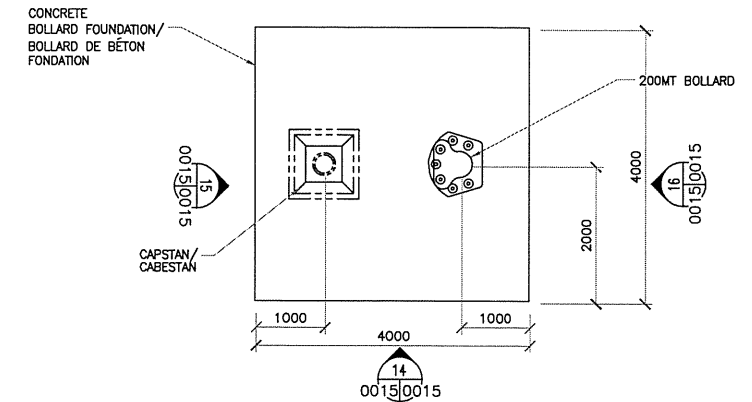
ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #3  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 3



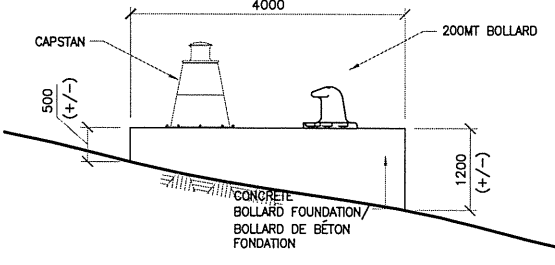
ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #3  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 3



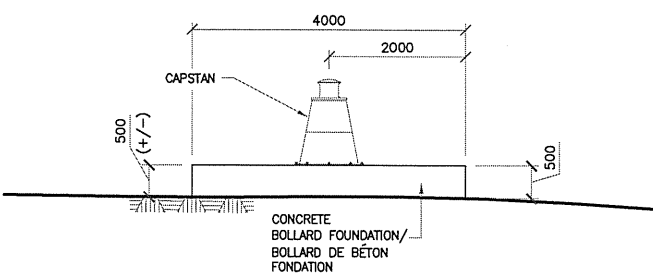
ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #3  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 3



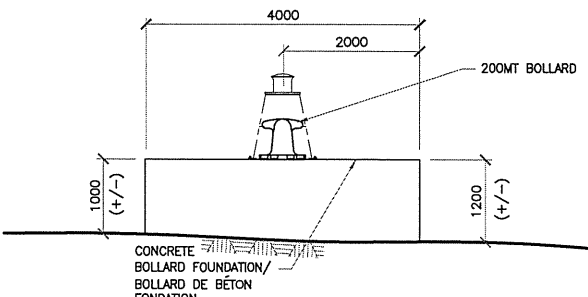
PLAN - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #4  
 PLAN - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 4



ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #4  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 4



ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #4  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 4



ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - SHORE MOORING #4  
 ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION - AMMARAGE SHORE No. 4

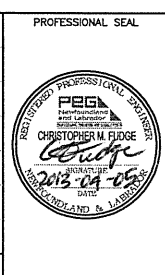
NOTES:  
 1) ALL BOLLARDS AND CAPSTANS ARE OWNER SUPPLIED.  
 2) SEE DRAWING 506117 8000 4201 0004 FOR REINFORCING DETAILS TYPICAL ALL BOLLARD FOUNDATIONS.  
 3) ROCK SLOPE MAY VARY DEPENDING ON FINAL BOLLARD LOCATION

INDICATIONS:  
 1) TOUTES LES BOLLARDS ET CABESTANS ÉTÉS PROPRIÉTAIRE FOURNI.  
 2) VOIR 506117 8000 4201 0004 DESSINS POUR REINFORCER DÉTAILS TYPIQUES TOUTES LES FONDATIONS BOLLARD.  
 3) PENTE ROCK PEUVENT VARIER EN FONCTION DE BOLLARD EMPLACEMENT FINAL.

FOR PERMIT  
 NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
 PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

ISSUE REGISTER		ISSUE REGISTER		REVISION REGISTER		REVISION REGISTER		REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER	
ISSUE No.	REV. DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No.	ISSUE No.	REV. DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No.	No.	DESCRIPTION
				P1	2013/04/05	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS			



SNC-LAVALIN 455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3	
DESIGNED	APPROVAL
B. TUCKER / C. FUDGE	N. GILLIS
DRAWN	CLIENT
T. YOUNG	
CHECKED	DATE
C. FUDGE	2013/03/22
SCALE	
AS NOTED	

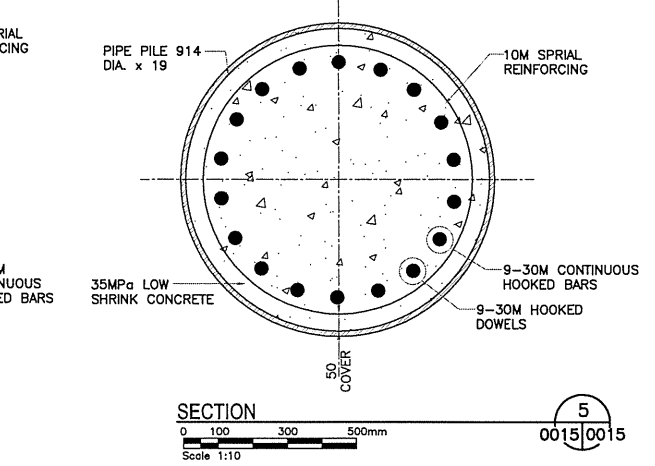
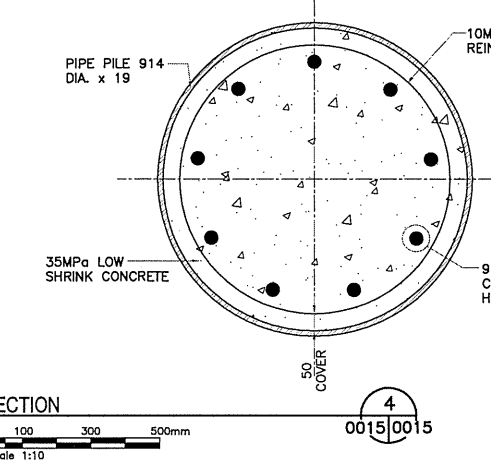
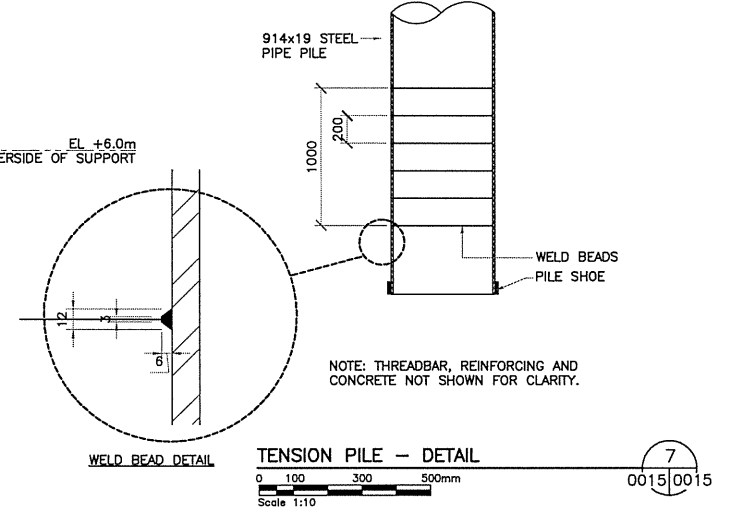
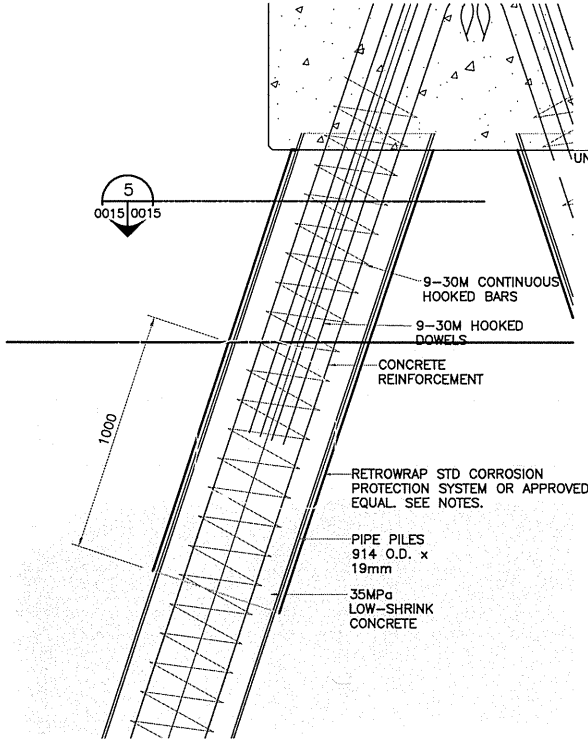
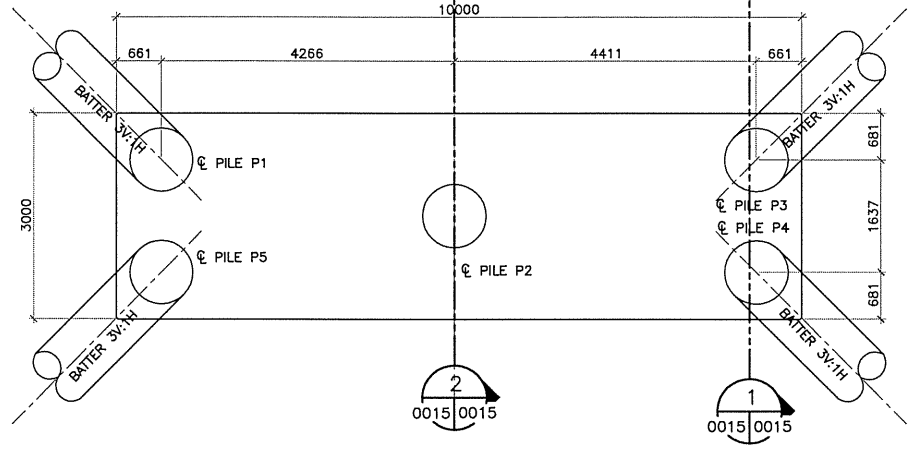
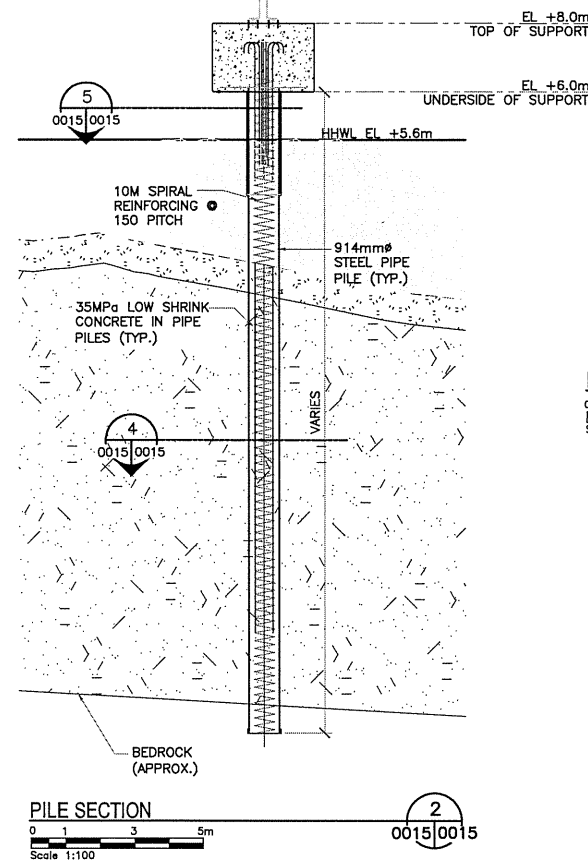
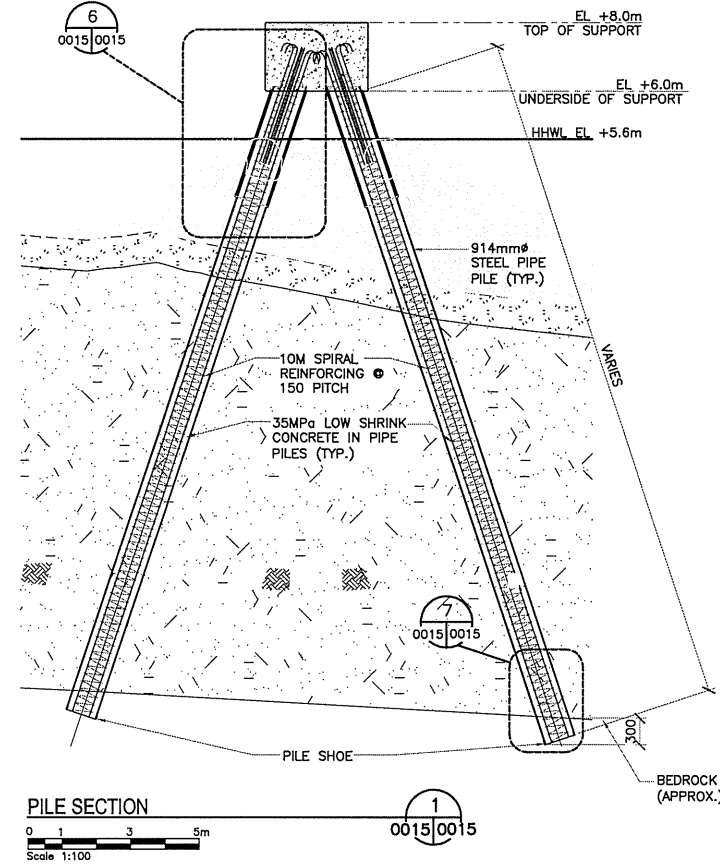
CLIENT  
 CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT  
 NUNAVIKINICKEL  
 DECEPTION BAY PORT

TITLE  
 SITE 2  
 MOORINGS DETAILS  
 DÉTAILS DE AMMARES

PROJECT No.	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	41, D1	0014	P1





**FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION**

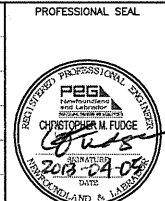
**POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION**

CLIENT  
**CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.**

PROJECT  
**NUNAVIKNICKEL**  
DECEPTION BAY PORT

TITLE  
PILE PLAN AND SECTIONS/  
PLAN DE PILE ET SECTIONS

PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	41 D1	0015	P1

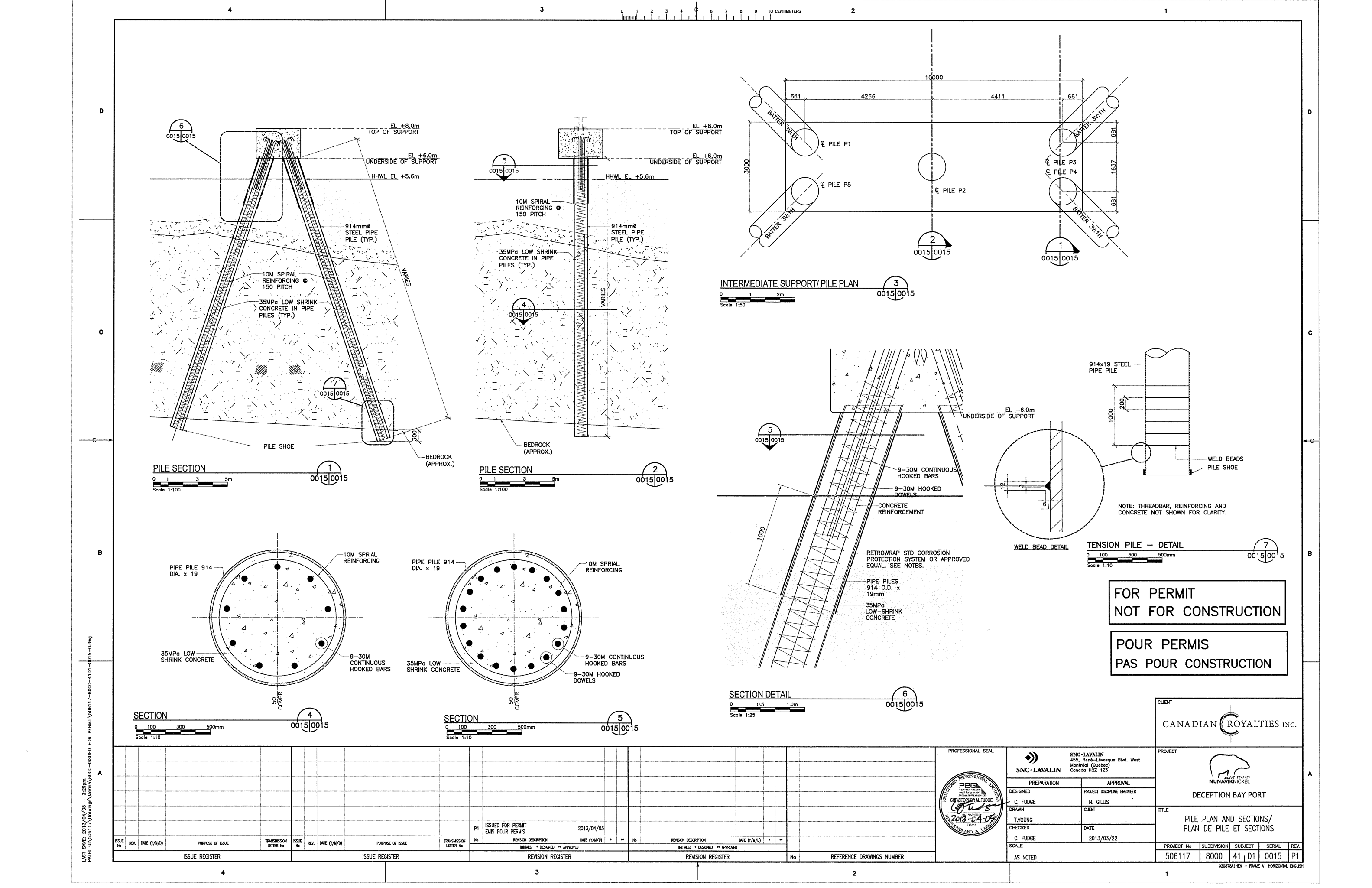


PROFESSIONAL SEAL  
**SNC-LAVALIN**

PREPARATION	APPROVAL
DESIGNED: C. FUDGE	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER: N. GILLIS
DRAWN: T. YOUNG	CLIENT:
CHECKED: C. FUDGE	DATE: 2013/03/22
SCALE: AS NOTED	

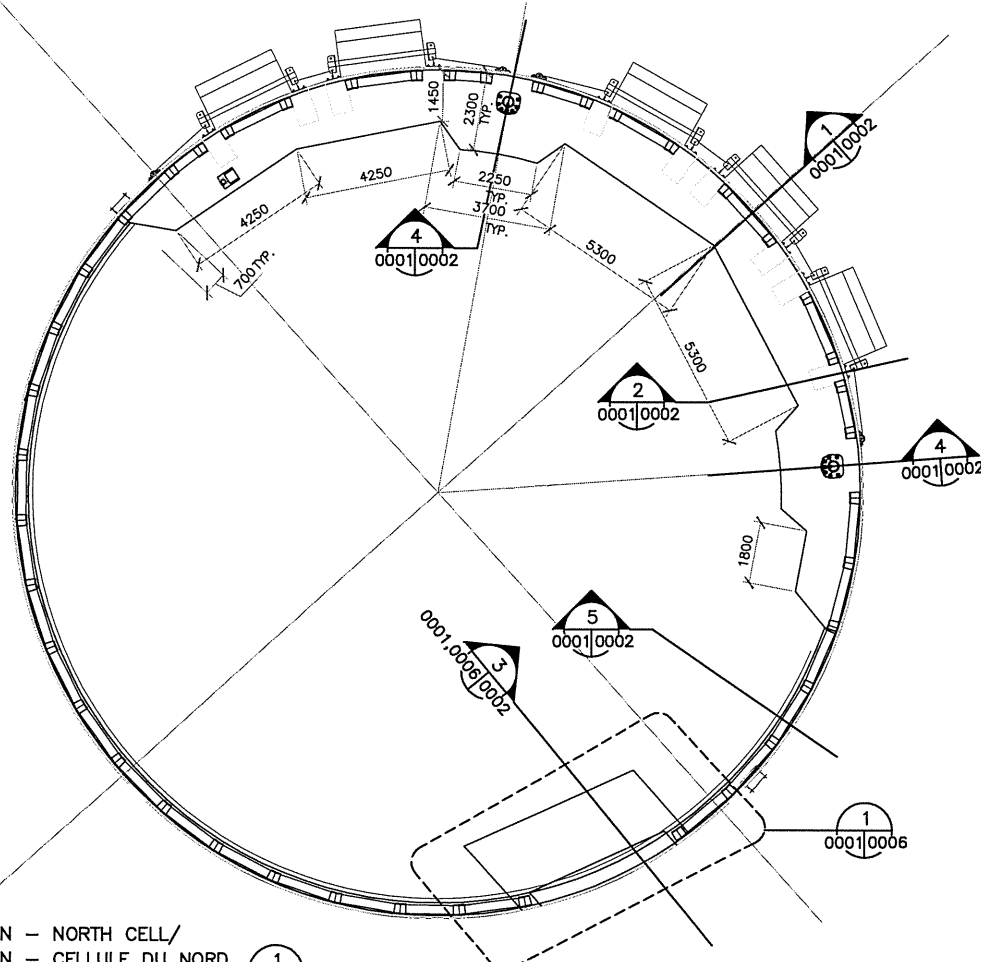
ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	REVISION No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED	REVISION No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED	REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER
										P1	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	2013/04/05						

LAST SAVE: 2013/04/05 - 3:29pm  
 PATH: G:\06117\Drawings\Montreal\0600-ISSUED FOR PERMIT\06117-8000-41D1-0015-0.dwg

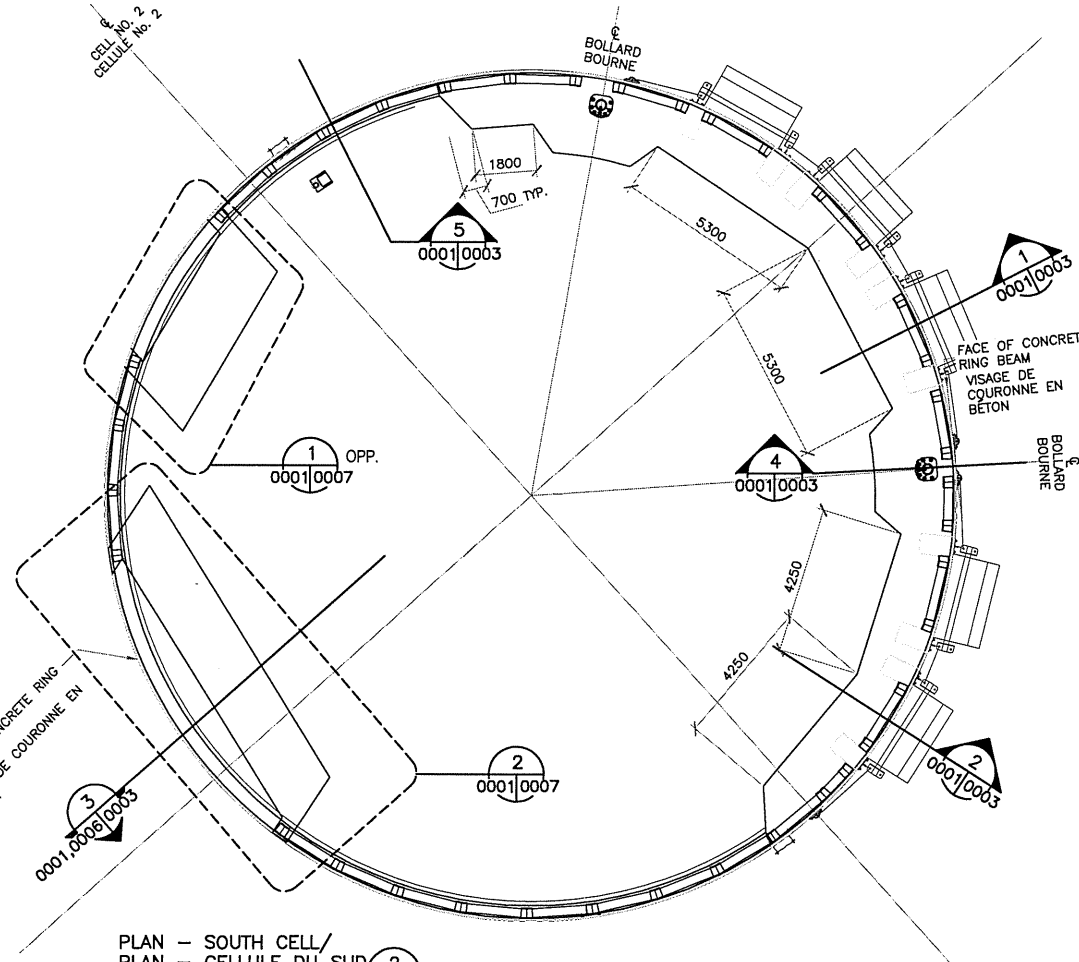








PLAN - NORTH CELL/  
PLAN - CELLULE DU NORD 1  
Scale 1:100



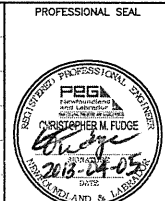
PLAN - SOUTH CELL/  
PLAN - CELLULE DU SUD 2  
Scale 1:100

FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

CLIENT  
CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

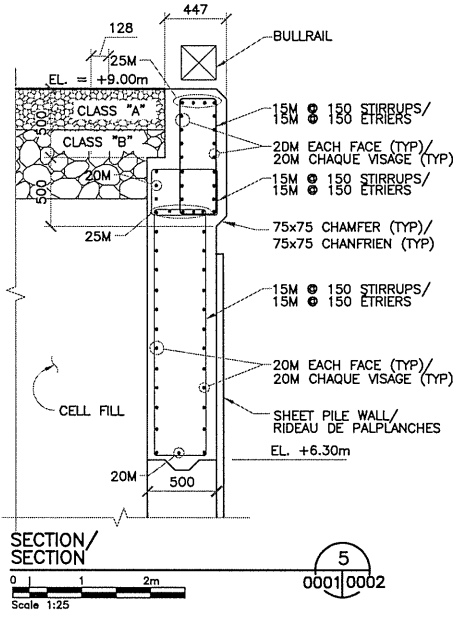
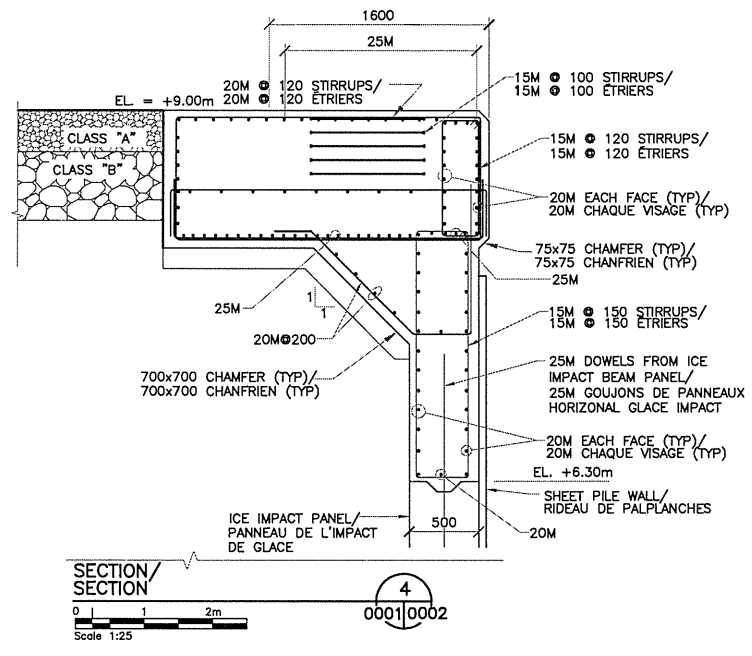
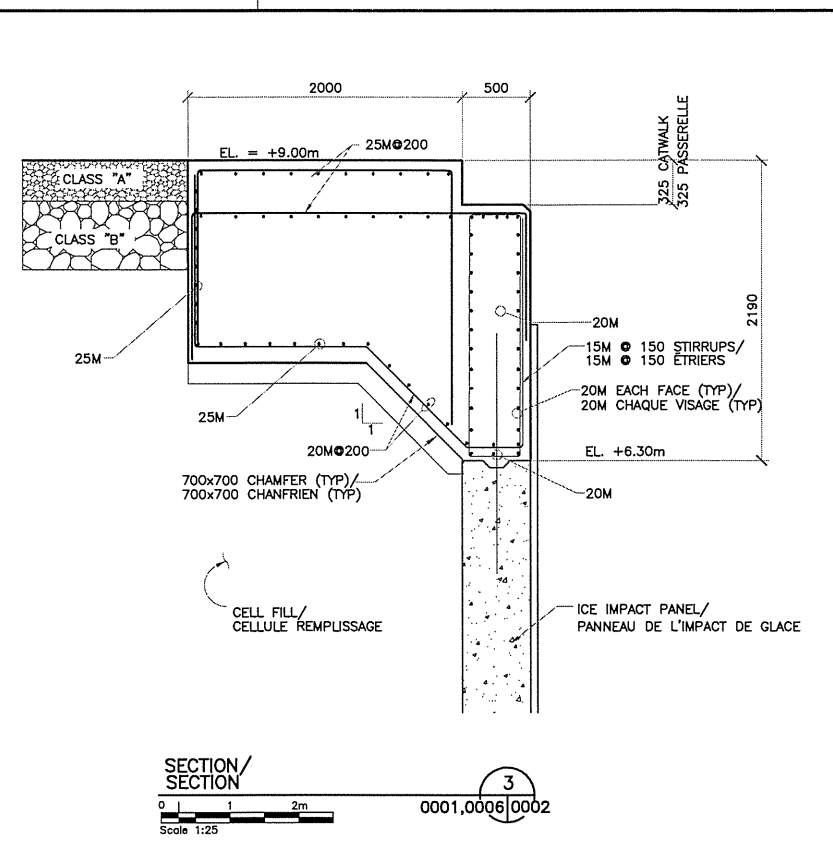
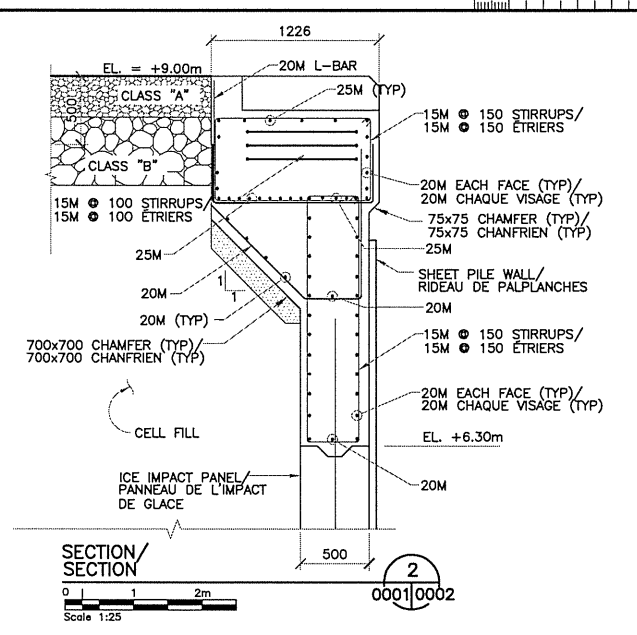
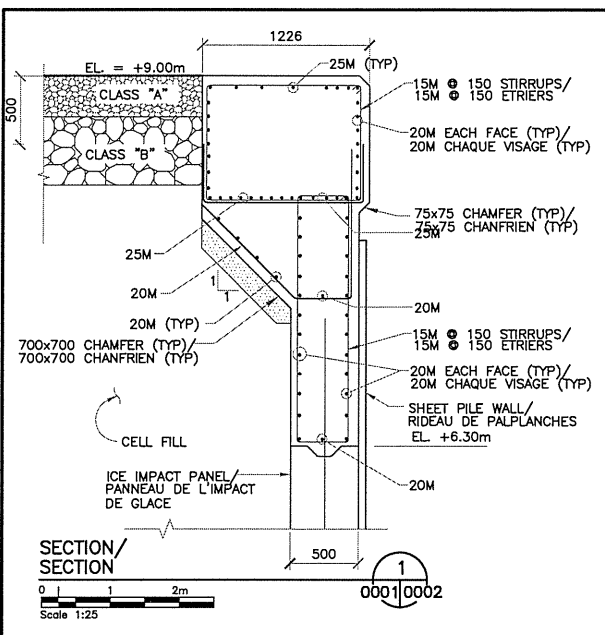
PROJECT  
NUNAVIK NICKEL  
DECEPTION BAY PORT  
TITLE  
SSP CELLS  
CONCRETE CAP REINFORCEMENT  
SSP CELLULES  
CAP A BÉTON RENFORT  
PROJECT No 506117 SUBDIVISION 8000 SUBJECT 421 D1 SERIAL 0001 REV. P1



SNC-LAVALIN 455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Y3	
PREPARATION	APPROVAL
DESIGNED C. FUDGE	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS
DRAWN T. YOUNG	CLIENT
CHECKED C. FUDGE	DATE 2013/03/22
SCALE AS NOTED	

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)





FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

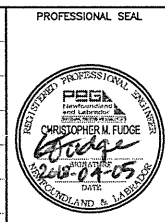
POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

CLIENT  
CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT  
NUNAVIKNICKEL  
DECEPTION BAY PORT

TITLE  
CONCRETE CAP REINFORCING  
DETAILS - NORTH CELL  
CAP À BÉTON COORDONNÉES  
- CELLULE DU NORD

PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	42, D1	0002	P1

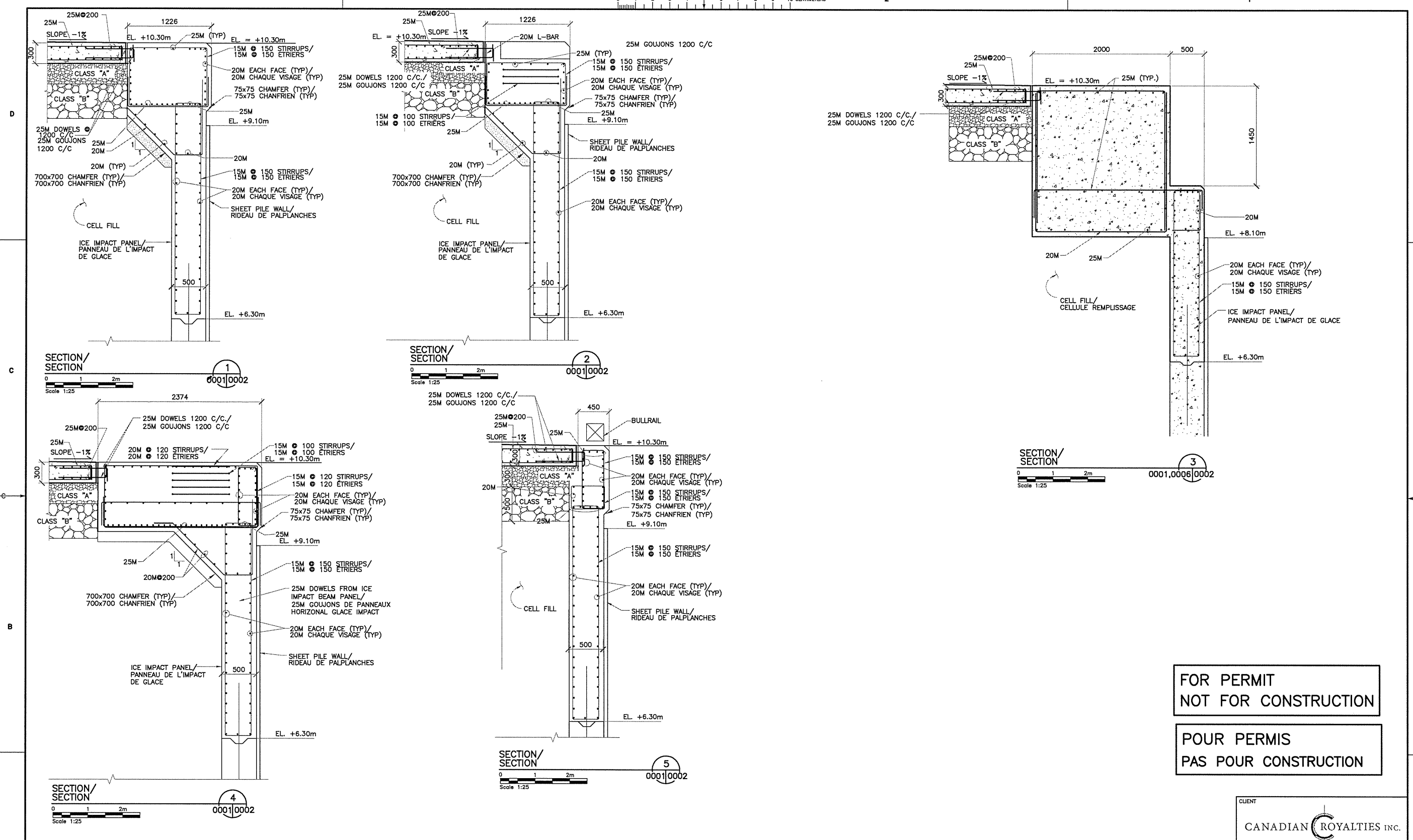


PROFESSIONAL SEAL  
SNC-LAVALIN  
455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West  
Montréal (Québec)  
Canada H2Z 1Z3

PREPARATION	APPROVAL
DESIGNED C. FUDGE	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS
DRAWN T. YOUNG	CLIENT
CHECKED C. FUDGE	DATE 2013/03/22
SCALE AS NOTED	

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER



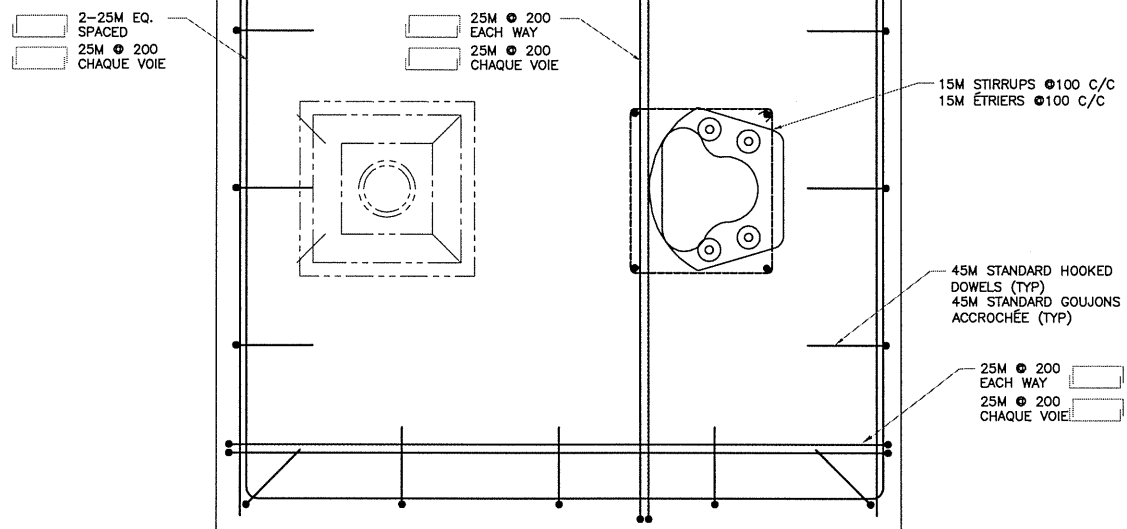


FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

<p>ISSUE REGISTER</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>ISSUE No</th> <th>REV.</th> <th>DATE (Y/M/D)</th> <th>PURPOSE OF ISSUE</th> <th>TRANSMISSION LETTER No</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No						<p>ISSUE REGISTER</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>ISSUE No</th> <th>REV.</th> <th>DATE (Y/M/D)</th> <th>PURPOSE OF ISSUE</th> <th>TRANSMISSION LETTER No</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No						<p>REVISION REGISTER</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>No</th> <th>REVISION DESCRIPTION</th> <th>DATE (Y/M/D)</th> <th>INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P1</td> <td>ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS</td> <td>2013/04/05</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED	P1	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	2013/04/05		<p>REVISION REGISTER</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>No</th> <th>REVISION DESCRIPTION</th> <th>DATE (Y/M/D)</th> <th>INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED					<p>REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER</p>		<p>PROFESSIONAL SEAL</p>		<p>SNC-LAVALIN</p> <p>455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>DESIGNED</th> <th>APPROVAL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>C. FUDGE</td> <td>N. GILLIS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DRAWN</td> <td>CLIENT</td> </tr> <tr> <td>T. YOUNG</td> <td>DATE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CHECKED</td> <td>2013/03/22</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C. FUDGE</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		DESIGNED	APPROVAL	C. FUDGE	N. GILLIS	DRAWN	CLIENT	T. YOUNG	DATE	CHECKED	2013/03/22	C. FUDGE		<p>CLIENT</p> <p>CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.</p> <p>PROJECT</p> <p>NUNAVIKNICKEL</p> <p>DECEPTION BAY PORT</p> <p>TITLE</p> <p>CONCRETE CAP REINFORCING DETAILS - SOUTH CELL CAP À BÉTON COORDONNÉES - CELLULE DU SUD</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>PROJECT No</th> <th>SUBDIVISION</th> <th>SUBJECT</th> <th>SERIAL</th> <th>REV.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>506117</td> <td>8000</td> <td>42, D1</td> <td>0003</td> <td>P1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.	506117	8000	42, D1	0003	P1
ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No																																																																					
ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No																																																																					
No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED																																																																						
P1	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS	2013/04/05																																																																							
No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	INITIALS: * DESIGNED ** APPROVED																																																																						
DESIGNED	APPROVAL																																																																								
C. FUDGE	N. GILLIS																																																																								
DRAWN	CLIENT																																																																								
T. YOUNG	DATE																																																																								
CHECKED	2013/03/22																																																																								
C. FUDGE																																																																									
PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.																																																																					
506117	8000	42, D1	0003	P1																																																																					



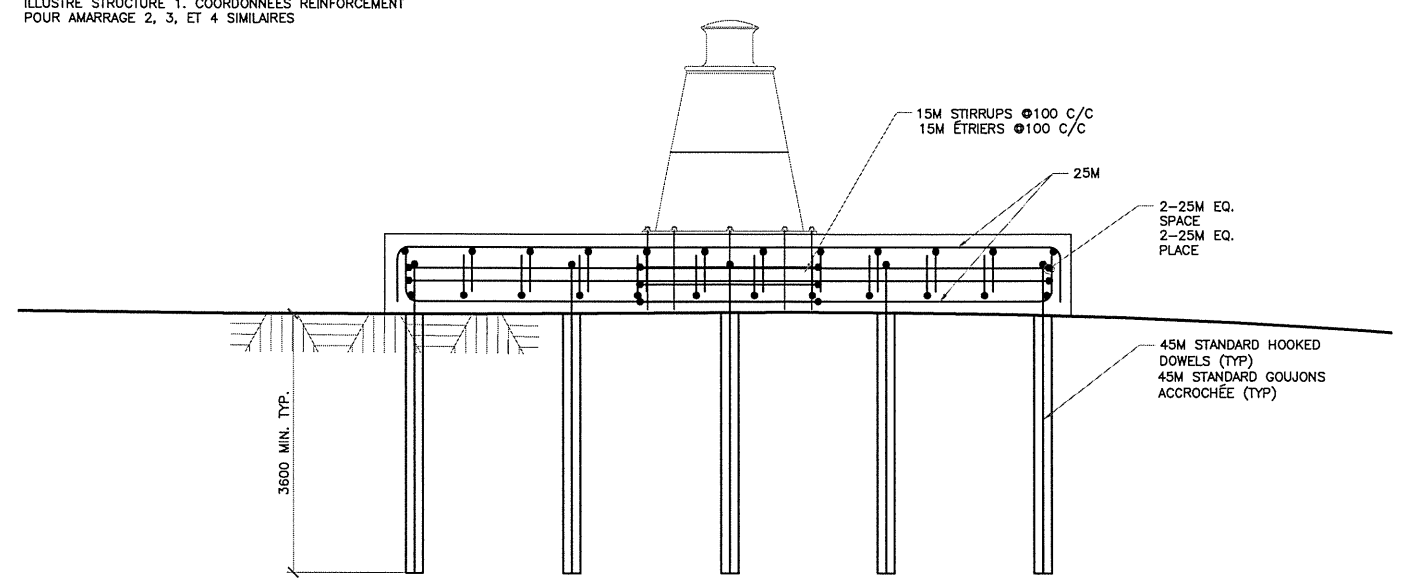


PLAN VIEW - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION REINFORCEMENT/  
PLAN VUE - CÔTÉ VILLE BOLLARD FOUNDATION DE REINFORCEMENT

0 1 2m  
Scale 1:50

0003|0003

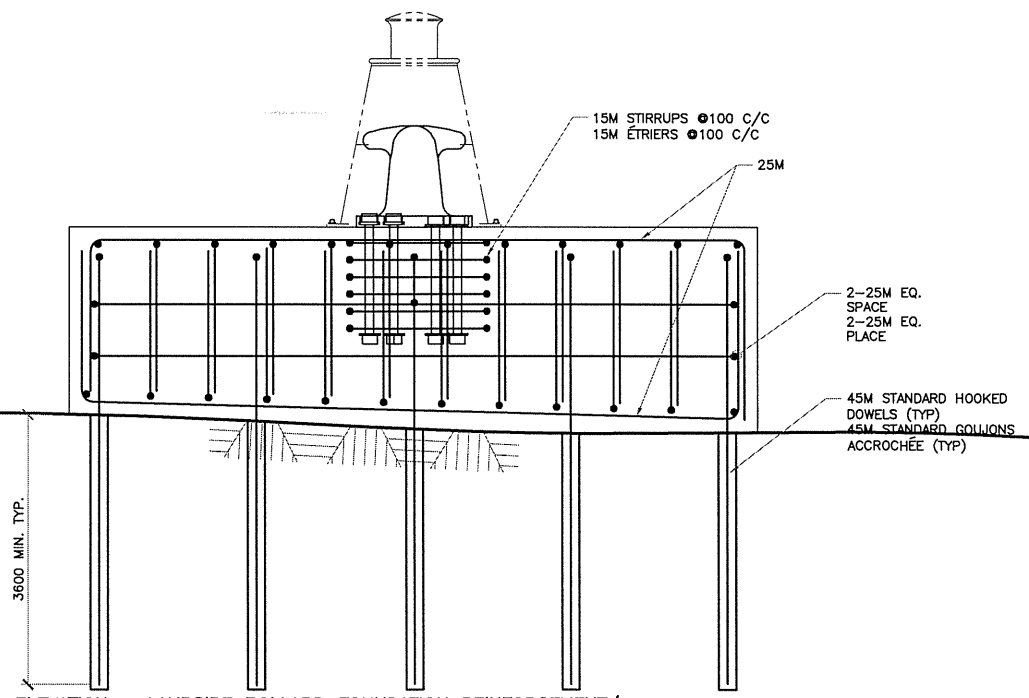
FOR PERMIT NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION  
POUR PERMIS PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION



ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION REINFORCEMENT/  
ÉLEVATION - CÔTÉ VILLE BOLLARD FOUNDATION DE REINFORCEMENT

0 1 2m  
Scale 1:50

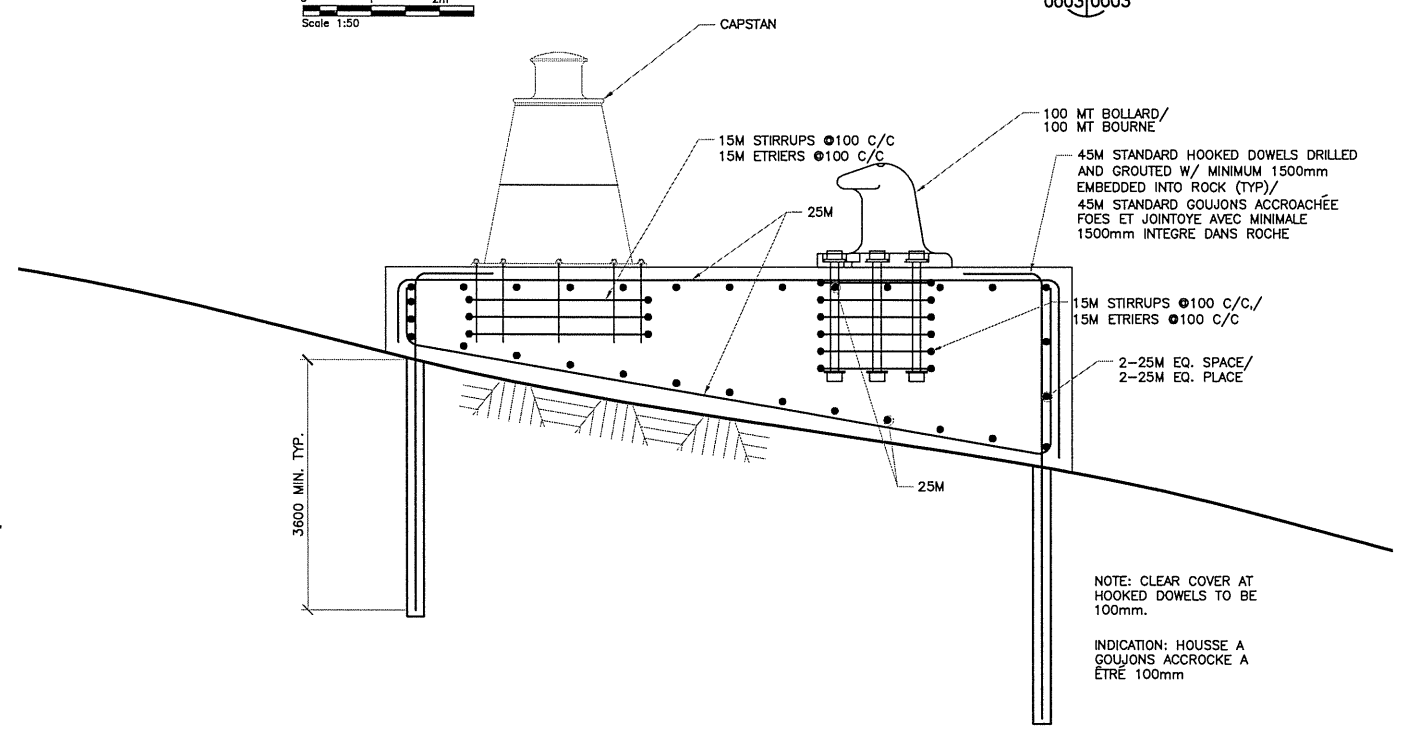
0003|0003



ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION REINFORCEMENT/  
ÉLEVATION - CÔTÉ VILLE BOURNE FOUNDATION DE REINFORCEMENT

0 1 2m  
Scale 1:50

0003|0003



ELEVATION - LANDSIDE BOLLARD FOUNDATION REINFORCEMENT/  
ÉLEVATION - CÔTÉ VILLE BOLLARD FOUNDATION DE REINFORCEMENT

0 1 2m  
Scale 1:50

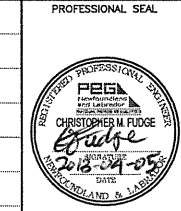
0003|0003

CLIENT  
CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT  
DECEPTION BAY PORT

TITLE  
SITE 2 - MOORINGS CONCRETE REINFORCING DETAILS (TYP)  
SITE 2 - AMARRES BÉTON COORDONNÉES DE RENFORT

PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	42, D1	0004	P1



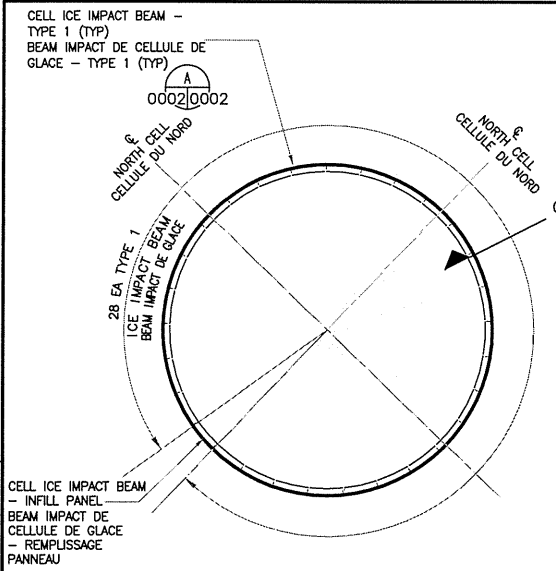
PROFESSIONAL SEAL  
SNC-LAVALIN  
455, Rue de Lévesque Blvd. West  
Montréal (Québec)  
Canada H2Z 1Z3

DESIGNED	APPROVAL
C. FUDGE	M. GILLIS
DRAWN	CLIENT
T. YOUNG	
CHECKED	DATE
C. FUDGE	2013/03/22
SCALE	AS NOTED

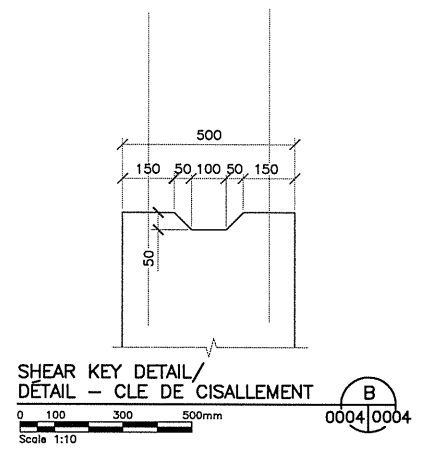
ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER







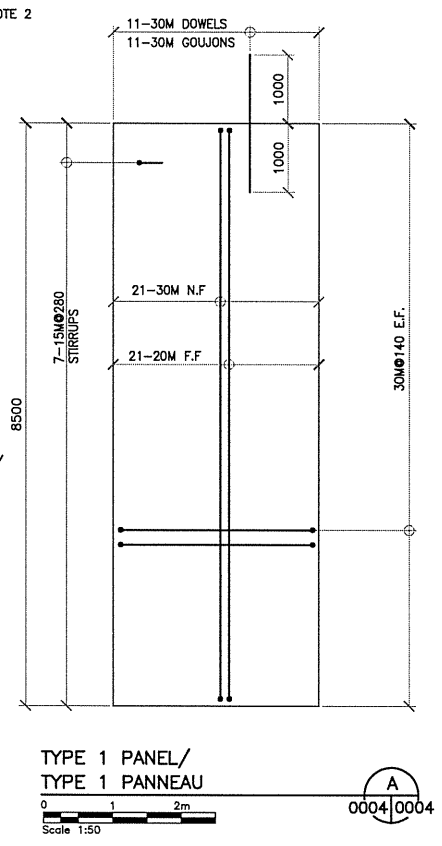
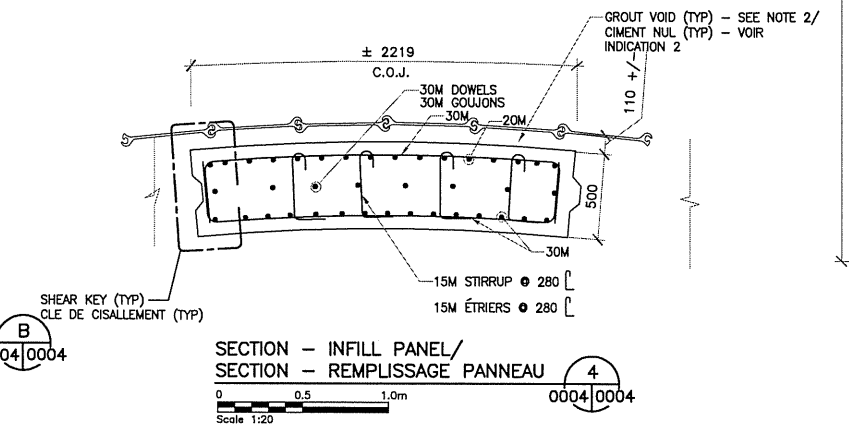
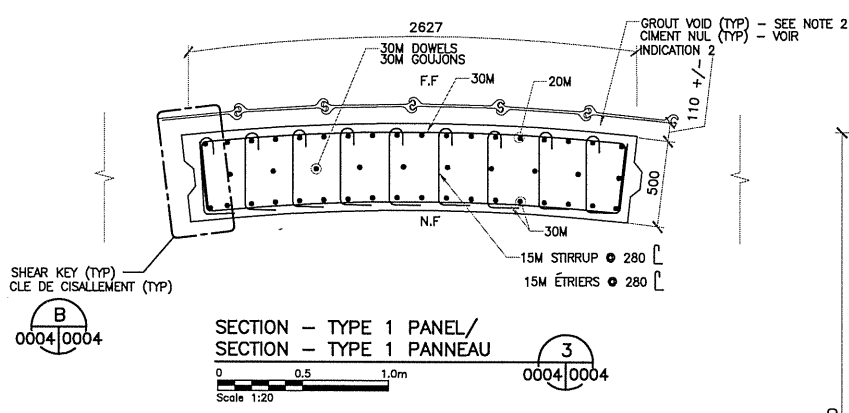
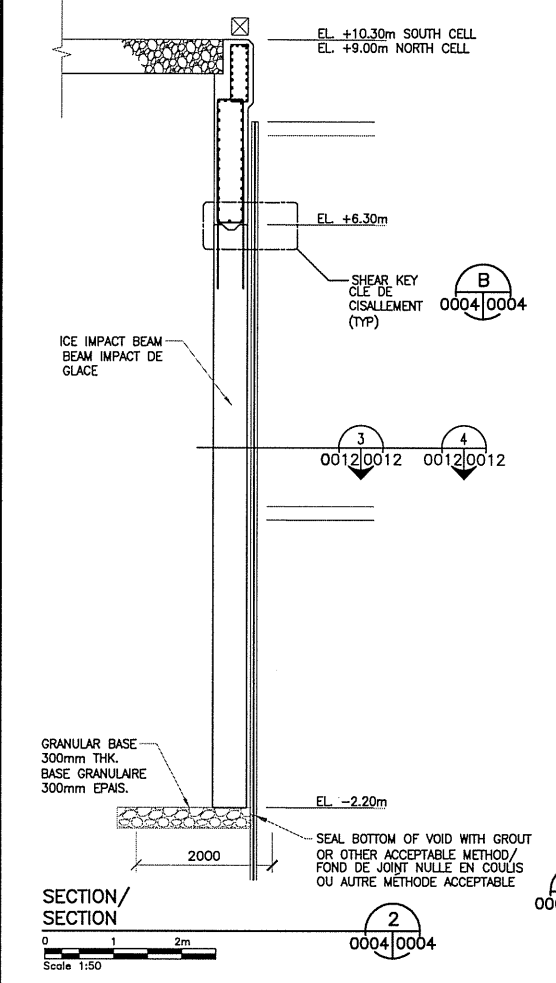
- NOTES:**
1. CHAMFER ALL EDGES 50mm.
  2. AFTER PLACEMENT OF ICE IMPACT BEAMS AND FILLING OF CELLS, CONTRACTOR TO GROUT VOID BETWEEN SHEET PILES AND ICE IMPACT BEAMS. PREVENT BONDING OF GROUT TO SHEET PILES.
- INDICATIONS:**
1. TOUS BORDS CHANFRIEN 50mm.
  2. APRES LE PLACEMENT DE POUTRES D'IMPACT DE GLACE ET DE REMPLISSAGE DES CELLULES, ENTREPRENEUR AU COULIS CIDE ENTRE LES PALPLANCHES ET POUTRELLES DE LA CIE. EVITER DE COLLAGE DE COULIS DE PALPLANCHES.



NOTE:  
1) TYPE 1 PANELS ARE SUPPLIED BY THE OWNER. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FABRICATION OF INFILL PANELS. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLATION OF ALL PANELS.

INDICATION:  
1) TYPE 1 PANNEAUX SONT FOURNIS PAR LE PROPRIÉTAIRE ENTREPRENEUR EST RESPONSABLE DE FABRICATION DE PANNEAUX DE REMPLISSAGE ENTREPRENEUR EST RESPONSABLE DE L'INSTALLATION DE TOUS LES PANNEAUX

**PLAN - ICE IMPACT BEAMS / PLAN - POUTRES D'IMPACT DE GLACE**  
Scale 1:250



FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

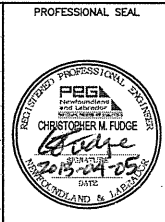
POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

CLIENT  
**CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.**

PROJECT  
**NUNAVIK NICKEL**  
DECEPTION BAY PORT

TITLE  
**SSP CELLS - ICE IMPACT BEAMS / SSP CELLULES - POUTRES D'IMPACT DES GLACE**

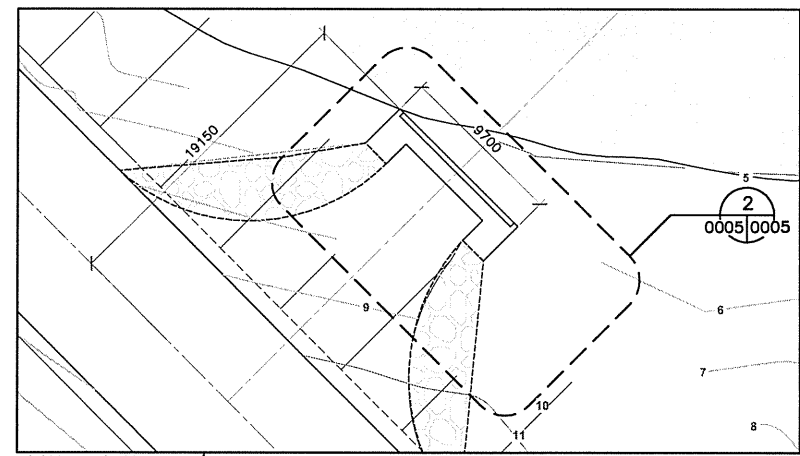
PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	42, D1	0005	P1



PROFESSIONAL SEAL		SNC-LAVALIN 455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3	
DESIGNED C. FUDGE		APPROVAL PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS	
DRAWN T. YOUNG		CLIENT	
CHECKED C. FUDGE		DATE 2013/03/22	
SCALE AS NOTED			

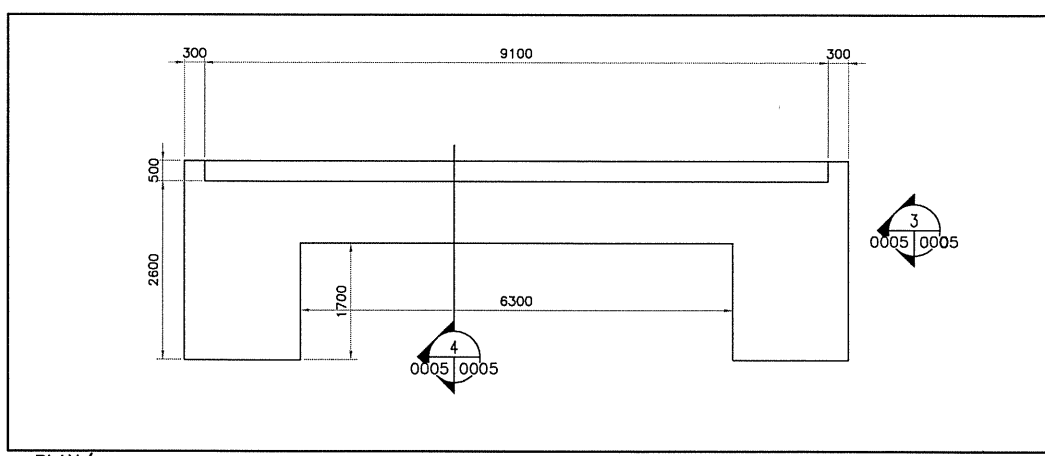
ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER





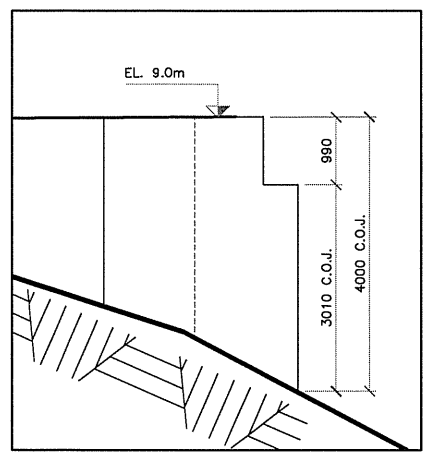
PLAN - ABUTMENT/  
PLAN - CULÉE

Scale 1:200



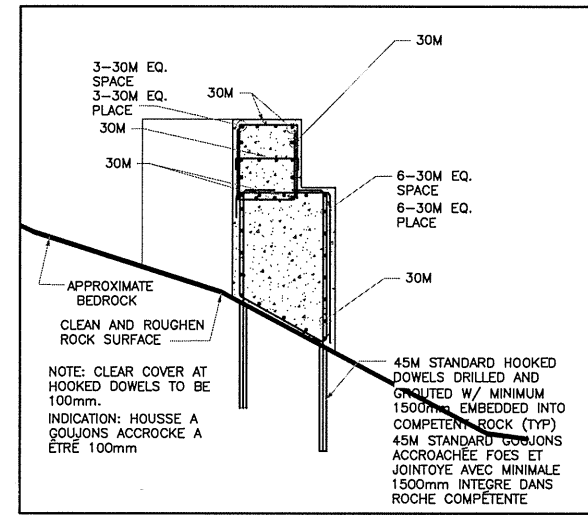
PLAN/  
PLAN

Scale 1:50



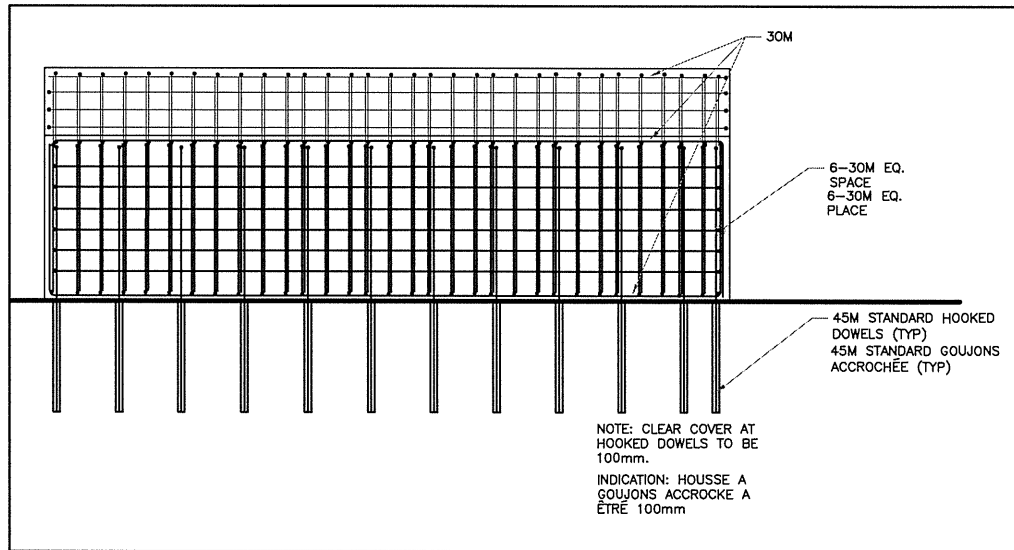
ELEVATION/  
ÉLEVATION

Scale 1:100



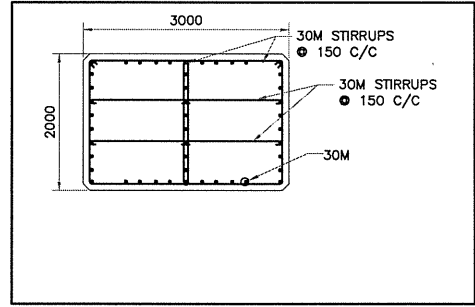
DETAIL-REBAR SECTION/  
DÉTAIL-SECTION DU REBAR

Scale 1:50



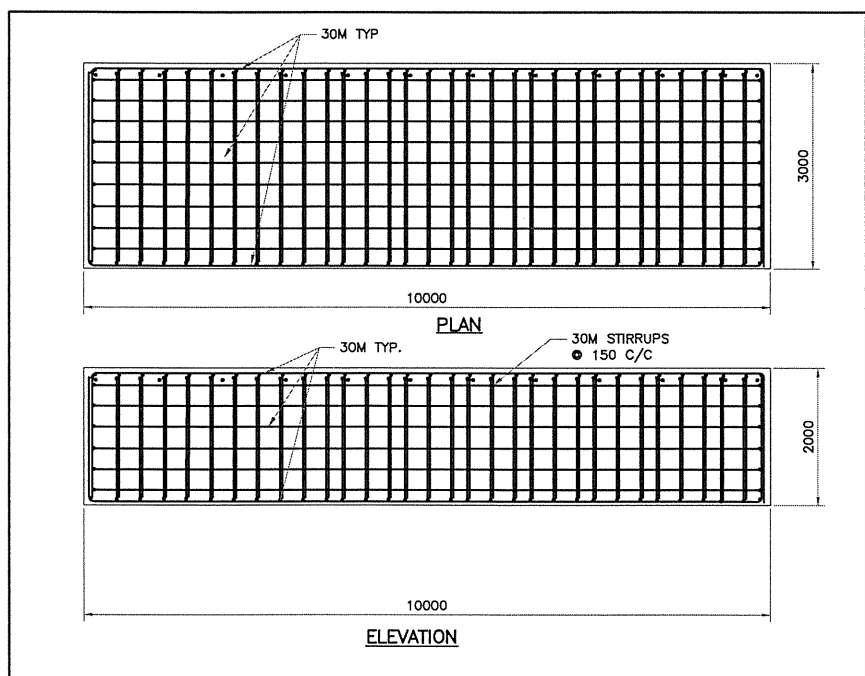
DETAIL-ABUTMENT REBAR/  
DÉTAIL-REBAR CULÉE

Scale 1:50



DETAIL-REBAR SECTION -  
INTERMEDIATE BRIDGE CONCRETE CAP/  
DÉTAIL-SECTION DU REBAR -  
CAP INTERMÉDIAIRE PONT EN BÉTON

Scale 1:50



DETAIL-REBAR SECTION -  
INTERMEDIATE BRIDGE CONCRETE CAP/  
DÉTAIL-SECTION DU REBAR -  
CAP INTERMÉDIAIRE PONT EN BÉTON

Scale 1:50

FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

CLIENT  
CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT  
NUNAVIKNICKEL  
DECEPTION BAY PORT

TITLE  
REINFORCED CONCRETE DETAILS  
RENFORCES CULÉE  
EN BÉTON

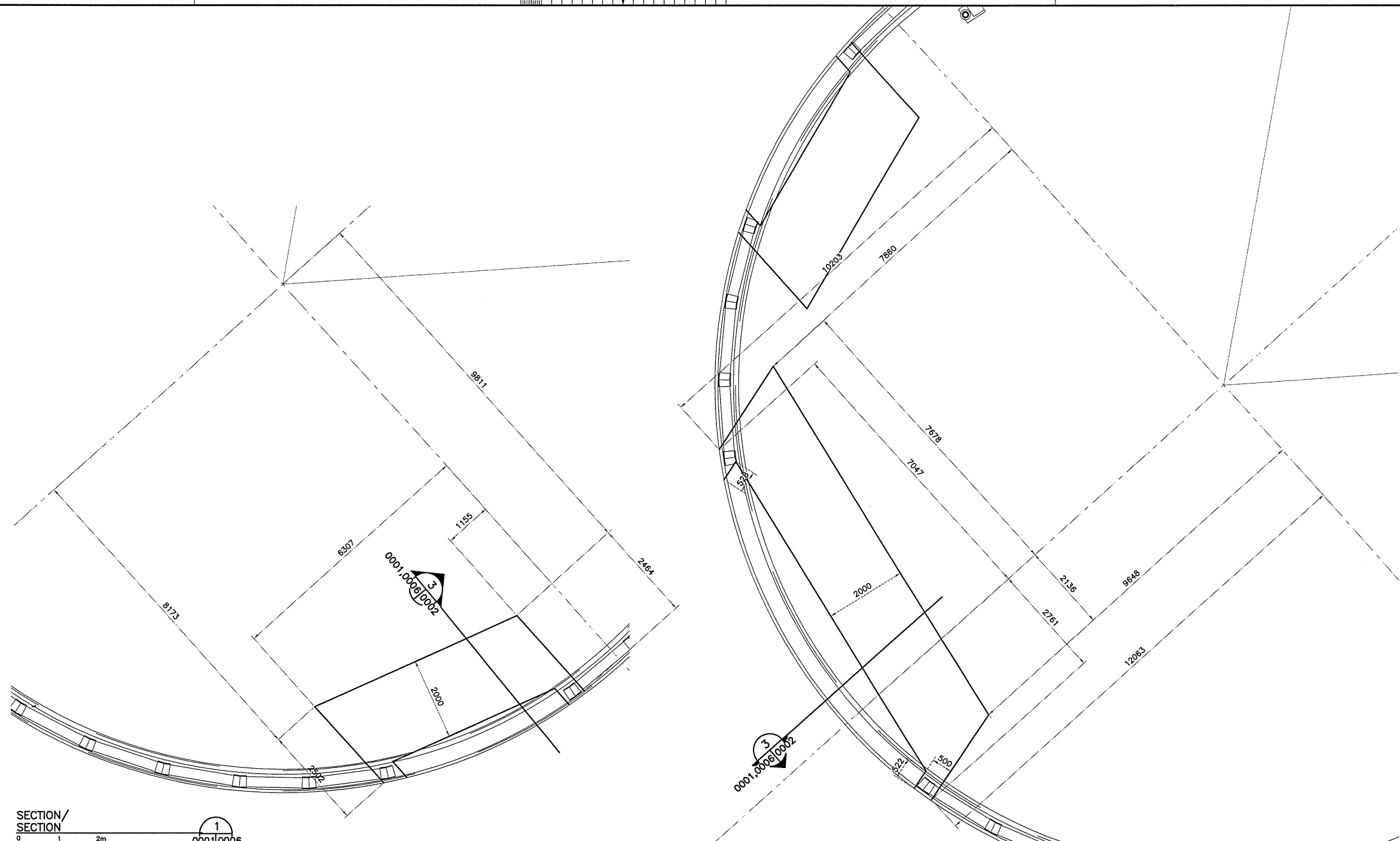
PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	42, D1	0006	P1



PREPARATION		APPROVAL	
DESIGNED C. FUDGE	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS	CHECKED C.FUDGE	DATE 2013/03/22
DRAWN T.YOUNG	CLIENT	SCALE AS NOTED	

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER
					P1			ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS				2013/04/05					





SECTION / SECTION  
 0 1 2m  
 Scale 1:50  
 00010006

DETAIL / DÉTAIL  
 0 1 2m  
 Scale 1:50  
 00010006

FOR PERMIT  
 NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

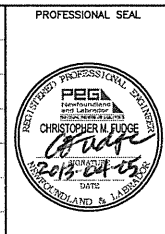
POUR PERMIS  
 PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION

CLIENT  
 CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT  
  
 DECEPTION BAY PORT

TITLE  
 SSP CELLS  
 CONCRETE ABUTMENT DETAILS  
 SSP CELLULES  
 COORDONNÉES CULÉE EN BÉTON

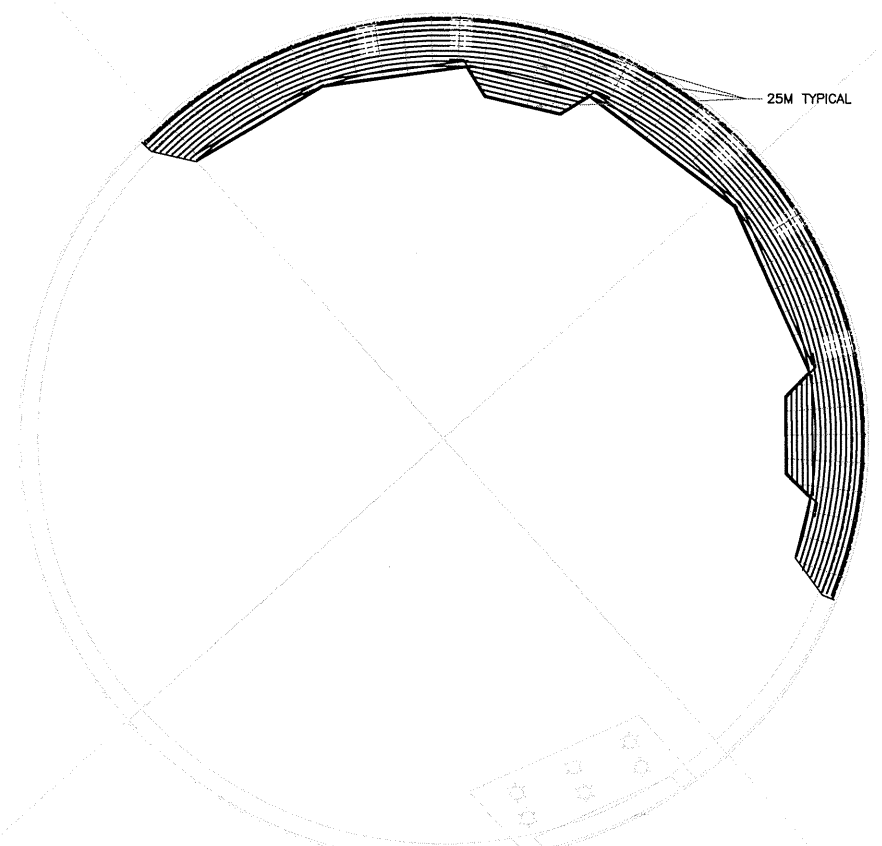
PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	42, D1	0007	P1



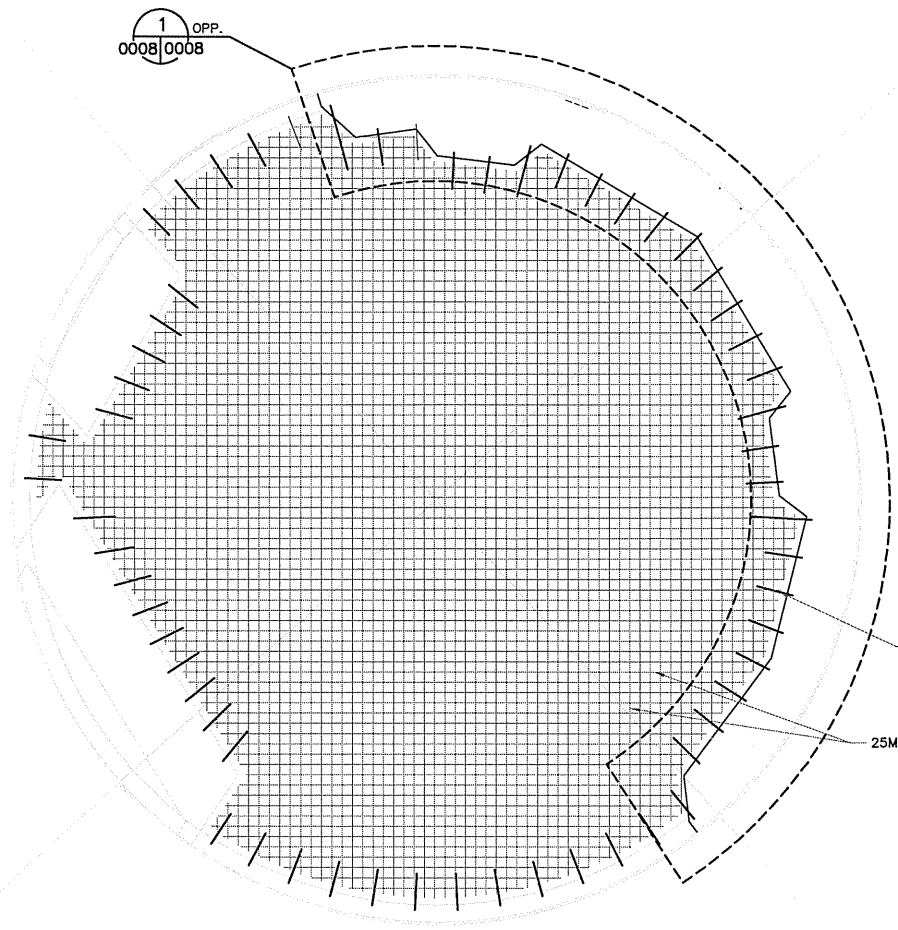
SNC-LAVALIN 455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3	
DESIGNED C. FUDGE	APPROVAL PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS
DRAWN T. YOUNG	CLIENT
CHECKED C. FUDGE	DATE 2013/03/22
SCALE AS NOTED	

ISSUE REGISTER				ISSUE REGISTER				REVISION REGISTER				REVISION REGISTER				REVISION REGISTER				REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER
ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	**	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	**	No	REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER	





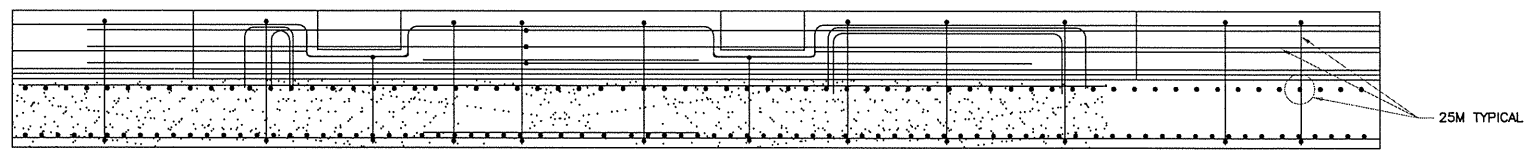
PLAN - NORTH CELL/  
PLAN - CELLULE DU NORD  
Scale 1:100  
00010008



PLAN - SOUTH CELL/  
PLAN - CELLULE DU SUD  
Scale 1:100  
00010008

FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION



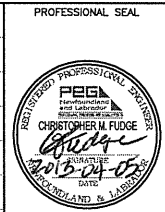
SECTION/  
SECTION  
Scale 1:25  
00010008

CLIENT  
CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT  
NUNAVIKNICKEL  
DECEPTION BAY PORT

TITLE  
SSP CELLS -  
CONCRETE CAP REINFORCING  
SSP CELLULES -  
REINFORCEMENT COURONNEMENT EN BETON

PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	42, D1	0008	P1

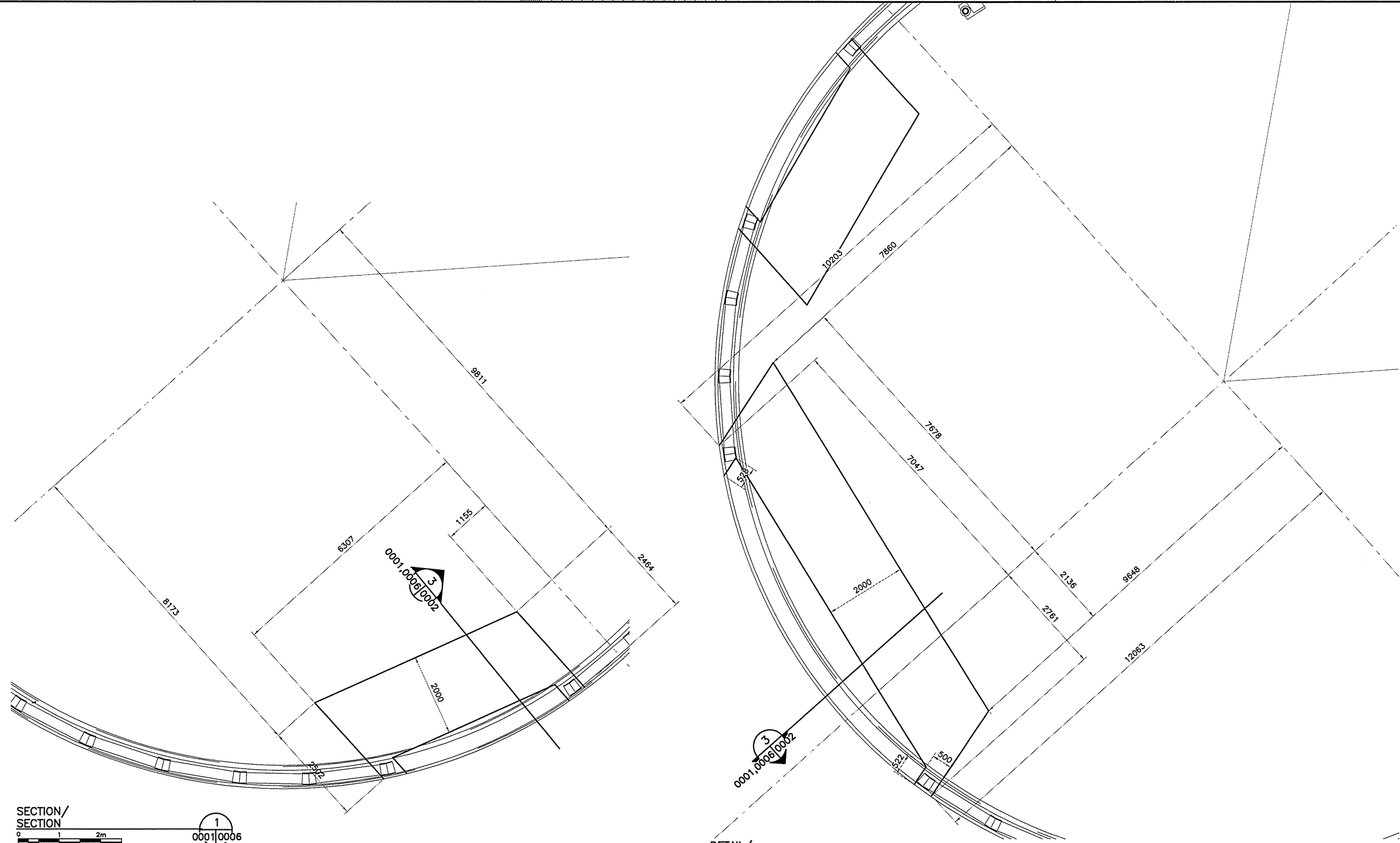


PREPARATION		APPROVAL	
DESIGNED C.FUDGE	PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER N. GILLIS	CLIENT	DATE 2013/03/22
DRAWN T.YOUNG			
CHECKED C.FUDGE			
SCALE AS NOTED			

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REVISION DESCRIPTION	DATE (Y/M/D)	No	REFERENCE DRAWINGS NUMBER







SECTION / SECTION  
Scale 1:50  
**1**  
00010006

DETAIL / DÉTAIL  
Scale 1:50  
**2**  
00010006

**FOR PERMIT  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION**

**POUR PERMIS  
PAS POUR CONSTRUCTION**

CLIENT  
**CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.**

PROJECT  
**NUNAVIKNICKEL**

**DECEPTION BAY PORT**

TITLE  
**SSP CELLS  
CONCRETE ABUTMENT DETAILS  
SSP CELLULES  
COORDONNÉES CULÉE EN BÉTON**

PROJECT No	SUBDIVISION	SUBJECT	SERIAL	REV.
506117	8000	421 D1	0007	P1

		PREPARATION DESIGNED: C. FUDGE DRAWN: T. YOUNG CHECKED: C. FUDGE SCALE: AS NOTED	APPROVAL PROJECT DISCIPLINE ENGINEER: N. GILLIS CLIENT: 2013/03/22 DATE: 2013/03/22
		SNC-LAVALIN 455, René-Lévesque Blvd. West Montréal (Québec) Canada H2Z 1Z3	

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No	ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No
P1		2013/04/05	ISSUED FOR PERMIT EMIS POUR PERMIS						

ISSUE No	REV.	DATE (Y/M/D)	PURPOSE OF ISSUE	TRANSMISSION LETTER No



## Appendix 2

Stantec Consulting Ltd.: Geotechnical Reports





**Stantec**

Stantec Consulting Ltd.  
102 – 40 Highfield Park Drive  
Dartmouth NS B3A 0A3  
Tel: (902) 468-7777  
Fax: (902) 468-9009

**FINAL GEOTECHNICAL REPORT**  
**Proposed Wharf – Site 1**  
Deception Bay, Quebec

Report Prepared for:  
Canadian Royalties Inc.

File: 121613564

Date: April 22, 2013

## Table of Contents

<b>1.0</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>2.0</b>	<b>SITE DESCRIPTION</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>3.0</b>	<b>INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES</b> .....	<b>1</b>
3.1	GENERAL .....	1
3.2	MARINE BOREHOLES .....	2
3.3	LAND-BASED AIRTRACK PROBES .....	3
3.4	SURVEYING .....	4
3.5	LABORATORY TESTING.....	4
<b>4.0</b>	<b>SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS</b> .....	<b>5</b>
4.1	ORGANIC SILT TO SILTY SAND.....	7
4.2	SAND WITH GRAVEL .....	7
4.3	CLAY TO CLAYEY SILT .....	7
4.4	SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL TO SILTY SAND.....	8
4.5	GNEISS BEDROCK .....	8
<b>5.0</b>	<b>DISCUSSION</b> .....	<b>8</b>
5.1	CONCRETE CAISSONS .....	9
5.2	STEEL SHEET PILE CELLS .....	10
5.3	PILES AND ROCK ANCHORS.....	11
5.3.1	Concrete to Rock Compression Bond Stress.....	11
5.3.2	Tensile Capacity Socketed Piles or Rock Anchors .....	12
5.3.3	Steel Piles Driven to Bedrock .....	12
<b>6.0</b>	<b>CLOSURE</b> .....	<b>12</b>

## LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix A	Statement of General Conditions
	Symbols and Terms Used on Borehole and Test Pit Records
	Borehole Records
Appendix B	Grain Size Curves
Appendix C	Drawing No. 101, Borehole Location Plan
Appendix D	Figures 1 to 6, Typical Wharf Sections

## **1.0 Introduction**

---

At the request of Canadian Royalties Inc., Stantec Consulting Ltd. has performed a subsurface investigation for the proposed wharf at port Site 1 for the Nunavik Nickel mine in Deception Bay, Quebec. The investigation consisted of drilling a series of boreholes and air track probes at three different proposed locations and was carried out during the summers of 2011 and 2012.

An interim report containing factual data from the investigation including 49 boreholes, 21 air track probes and selective laboratory testing was submitted September 27 2012. This final report follows an extensive design collaboration with CRI, SNC Lavalin, Ultragen and contractors; it includes all data from the interim report as well as geotechnical design parameters and analysis for the wharf.

This report is specifically and solely for the project described herein and presents all of our findings.

## **2.0 Site Description**

---

The site is located along the southwest coast of Deception Bay in Nunavik region of northern Quebec. Deception Bay is located at approximately latitude 62°08' N and longitude 74°40' W. The Hudson Strait is located to the north east of Deception Bay. There is an existing operational wharf structure located to the northwest of the proposed location of this wharf structure.

The general topography of the area surrounding the bay is described as low mountains with numerous bedrock outcrops observed along the northern and southern coasts of the bay.

Based on previous experience in the area and geological mapping, the principal overburden consists of marine sediments comprised of clay and silt overlying a layer of silty sand with gravel. The bedrock at the site beneath the overburden consists of Felsic and Mafic Gneiss.

## **3.0 Investigation Procedures**

---

### **3.1 GENERAL**

The field program for the 2011 investigation consisted of 17 boreholes (BH01, BH04 to BH13, BH15, BH16, BH28 to BH30, and BH32) and 13 air track holes (AT21 to AT33), which were drilled during the period of September 3 to October 2, 2011. The field program for the 2012 investigation consisted of 32 boreholes (BH101 to BH117, BH408 to BH420, BH423, and BH424) and 8 air track holes (AT118 to AT121, AT421, AT422, AT425, and AT426), which were

**Stantec**  
**FINAL GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, PROPOSED WHARF – SITE 1**  
**DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC**

drilled during the period of July 18 to July 31, 2012. All work for the investigation was supervised by Stantec Consulting Ltd. personnel.

The 2011 borehole program at this location varied from the program which was initially proposed due to the identification of poor soil conditions, primarily deep soft clay, at the west side of the proposed wharf location. For this reason, some of the proposed boreholes on the west side of the site were deleted and boreholes were added to the east side.

The borehole locations for the present investigation are shown on Drawing No. 101, in Appendix C.

### **3.2 MARINE BOREHOLES**

A total of 49 marine boreholes were drilled at this site. The boreholes were drilled from a spud barge using a CME 55 drill rig mounted on skids. Soil samples were recovered at close intervals using a 50 mm diameter split spoon sampler in conjunction with Standard Penetration Tests and undisturbed samples were obtained in 75 mm thin walled Shelby tubes. Bedrock was cored in HQ and NQ size. In some boreholes it was necessary to core through the overburden in order to advance through cobbles and boulders. Boreholes BH29, BH32, BH106, and BH115 had to be terminated and restarted at locations adjacent to the original location because the barge needed to be moved. A second borehole was drilled adjacent to borehole BH101 to obtain a Shelby tube (undisturbed sample) profile of the clay and silt layer.

The coordinates of the boreholes are provided in the following table:

<b>BH No.</b>	<b>Easting (m)</b>	<b>Northing (m)</b>
BH01	516502.931	6889802.333
BH04	516522.453	6889763.246
BH05	516562.740	6889771.230
BH06	516552.170	6889748.340
BH07	516593.919	6889757.878
BH08	516583.083	6889734.967
BH09	516625.757	6889741.936
BH10	516615.078	6889719.981
BH11	516570.912	6889739.891
BH12	516569.092	6889729.676
BH13	516530.422	6889739.419
BH15	516577.062	6889709.750
BH16	516552.902	6889716.219
BH28	516574.998	6889744.611
BH29	516656.267	6889727.330
BH29A	516655.002	6889726.889
BH30	516645.131	6889705.969
BH32	516604.652	6889697.788
BH32A	516605.002	6889697.819



**Stantec**  
**FINAL GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, PROPOSED WHARF – SITE 1**  
**DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC**

<b>BH No.</b>	<b>Easting (m)</b>	<b>Northing (m)</b>
BH101	516548.038	6889808.704
BH101A	516547.860	6889808.222
BH102	516566.333	6889824.013
BH103	516561.116	6889789.955
BH104	516581.530	6889803.838
BH105	516580.849	6889761.790
BH106	516600.405	6889776.857
BH106A	516601.129	6889776.967
BH107	516602.473	6889736.048
BH108	516619.994	6889750.820
BH109	516621.983	6889707.620
BH110	516640.322	6889723.788
BH111	516634.517	6889688.555
BH112	516653.630	6889703.534
BH113	516578.561	6889834.470
BH114	516594.005	6889813.105
BH115	516614.063	6889787.521
BH115A	516613.555	6889787.821
BH116	516634.954	6889759.121
BH117	516535.982	6889791.682
BH408	516636.639	6889698.715
BH409	516665.425	6889692.914
BH410	516657.671	6889683.015
BH411	516687.545	6889677.662
BH412	516679.500	6889665.100
BH413	516715.654	6889655.714
BH414	516706.068	6889644.016
BH415	516737.526	6889638.497
BH416	516727.217	6889627.448
BH417	516758.900	6889621.370
BH418	516749.580	6889611.530
BH419	516713.466	6889621.539
BH420	516721.718	6889615.140
BH423	516649.743	6889669.761
BH424	516643.474	6889675.419

### **3.3 LAND-BASED AIRTRACK PROBES**

It wasn't possible to navigate the drill barge into the shallow water area and diamond drilling with sampling from the shore was not possible in the intertidal zone. Consequently, a series of air track probes were performed to estimate the elevation of the bedrock surface within the upper tidal zone on the beach. The coordinates of the air track probes are provided in the following table:

**Stantec**  
**FINAL GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, PROPOSED WHARF – SITE 1**  
**DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC**

<b>AT No.</b>	<b>Easting (m)</b>	<b>Northing (m)</b>
AT21	516544.940	6889630.340
AT22	516575.960	6889650.720
AT23	516571.940	6889639.750
AT24	516562.700	6889622.100
AT25	516602.100	6889648.330
AT26	516589.960	6889631.820
AT27	516581.980	6889613.740
AT28	516635.790	6889633.820
AT29	516625.910	6889614.600
AT30	516619.190	6889597.890
AT31	516659.140	6889618.640
AT32	516650.110	6889607.020
AT33	516638.210	6889586.540
AT118	516677.241	6889603.174
AT119	516685.623	6889596.160
AT120	516665.587	6889593.611
AT121	516672.814	6889585.955
AT421	516686.048	6889584.598
AT422	516693.464	6889578.811
AT425	516614.848	6889638.956
AT426	516623.128	6889633.086

### **3.4 SURVEYING**

The borehole locations and elevations were surveyed by EBC personnel using a Global Positioning System (GPS). We understand from EBC that elevations are referenced to LNT (Chart) Datum and locations are referenced to Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) (Zone 18) projection.

### **3.5 LABORATORY TESTING**

All soil samples were placed in moisture-proof containers and taken to our Dartmouth laboratory for final visual assessment and laboratory classification testing. Laboratory testing included moisture content determinations, Atterberg limits, hydrometers, mini-vanes, grain size analyses and unconfined compressive strength tests on samples of the bedrock. The results of the lab testing performed are provided on the attached Borehole Records and in Appendix B.

## 4.0 Subsurface Conditions

The subsurface conditions encountered in the boreholes are described on the appended Borehole Records. A summary of the various soil strata encountered in the investigation are provided in the following paragraphs, and are outlined in the following table:

BH No.	Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Thickness of Organic Silt to Silty SAND (m)	Thickness of Sand with Gravel (m)	Thickness of CLAY to Clayey SILT (m)	Thickness of Silty SAND with Gravel to Silty SAND (Elevation of Surface) (m)	Depth to Bedrock (Elevation) (m)
BH01	-6.9	2.0	-	~17.6	~1.4 (-26.5)	21.0 (-27.9)
BH04	-9.0	-	1.3	10.9	2.8 (-21.2)	15.0 (-24.1)
BH05	-12.0	-	2.4	4.5	5.3 (-18.9)	12.1 (-24.1)
BH06	-9.0	-	2.5	9.5	1.8 (-21.0)	13.8 (-22.8)
BH07	-11.9	1.2	-	3.7	5.4 (-16.7)	10.3 (-22.2)
BH08	-9.7	~1.3	-	3.4	3.6 (-14.5)	8.3 (-18.1)
BH09	-11.6	~0.9	-	~4.7	~0.8 (-17.2)	6.4 (-18.0)
BH10	-7.6	1.4	-	~2.9	~3.9 (-12.0)	8.2 (-15.9)
BH11	-10.7	3.0	-	~2.6	2.4 (-16.3)	8.0 (-18.7)
BH12	-6.2	3.4	-	5.0	3.6 (-14.6)	12.0 (-18.2)
BH13	-6.8	-	4.1	9.2	1.2 (-20.1)	14.0 (-20.8)
BH15	-4.5	1.9	-	2.8	5.1 (-11.1)	11.8 (-16.3)
BH16	-5.3	1.2	-	8.1	5.1 (-14.6)	14.4 (-19.7)
BH28	-10.4	~1.2	-	3.4	4.0 (-15.1)	8.7 (-19.1)
BH29	-15.4	1.1	-	4.8	>0.4 (-21.3)	-
BH29A	-14.7	-	-	-	>1.4	6.0 (-20.7)
BH30	-9.0	1.2	-	0.8	4.7 (-11.0)	6.7 (-15.7)
BH32	-4.5	1.5	-	>2.8	-	-
BH32A	-4.5	-	-	>1.3	2.5 (-10.1)	8.1 (-12.6)
BH101	-12.0	1.5	-	7.3	5.9 (-20.8)	14.7 (-26.7)
BH101A	-12.2	2.2	-	6.7	>0.36 (-21.1)	-
BH102	-17.0	0.2	-	6.1	4.0 (-23.3)	10.3 (-27.3)
BH103	-13.2	1.8	-	6.3	3.1 (-21.2)	11.2 (-24.4)
BH104	-15.1	3.3	-	4.0	4.3 (-22.4)	11.6 (-26.7)
BH105	-9.6	1.5	-	8.1	2.8 (-19.2)	12.4 (-22.0)
BH106	-13.5	2.4	-	>1.9	-	-
BH106A	-13.9	-	-	-	5.4 (-18.6)	10.1 (-24.0)
BH107	-11.9	0.1	-	1.4	4.2 (-13.5)	5.7 (-17.6)
BH108	-14.1	-	-	3.8	1.1 (-19.7)	6.8 (-20.8)
BH109	-6.2	1.7	-	2.6	4.7 (-10.4)	8.9 (-15.1)
BH110	-11.2	1.4	-	1.3	2.8 (-13.8)	5.5 (-16.7)
BH111	-4.6	2.5	-	0.6	3.6 (-7.8)	6.7 (-11.3)
BH112	-9.7	0.9	-	0.8	2.3 (-11.3)	4.0 (-13.7)

**Stantec**  
**FINAL GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, PROPOSED WHARF – SITE 1**  
**DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC**

BH No.	Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Thickness of Organic Silt to Silty SAND (m)	Thickness of Sand with Gravel (m)	Thickness of CLAY to Clayey SILT (m)	Thickness of Silty SAND with Gravel to Silty SAND (Elevation of Surface) (m)	Depth to Bedrock (Elevation) (m)
BH113	-19.9	-	-	6.5	2.0 (-26.4)	8.5 (-28.4)
BH114	-19.3	0.9	-	5.3	4.6 (-25.6)	10.9 (-30.1)
BH115	-17.7	1.8	-	4.8	>2.7 (-24.3)	-
BH115A	-17.9	-	-	-	>2.0	11.0 (-28.9)
BH116	-16.8	2.3	-	2.2	4.1 (-21.4)	8.7 (-25.5)
BH117	-9.6	4.2	-	8.2	4.9 (-22.0)	17.3 (-27.0)
BH408	-6.2	1.6	-	1.2	4.0 (-8.9)	6.7 (-12.9)
BH409	-10.2	1.2	-	1.5	-	2.7 (-12.9)
BH410	-6.2	1.2	-	0.9	1.3 (-8.3)	3.4 (-9.6)
BH411	-14.3	1.2	-	4.0	-	5.2 (-19.5)
BH412	-8.2	0.9	-	-	0.8 (-9.1)	1.7 (-9.9)
BH413	-14.6	4.5	-	7.7	2.1 (-26.8)	14.3 (-28.9)
BH414	-11.0	2.7	-	8.9	-	11.6 (-22.6)
BH415	-14.4	0.9	-	11.3	2.1 (-26.6)	14.3 (-28.7)
BH416	-11.9	4.3	-	4.7	1.9 (-20.9)	10.9 (-22.8)
BH417	-13.9	3.0	-	8.4	1.7 (-25.3)	13.2 (-27.0)
BH418	-12.1	4.9	-	6.0	0.6*(-23.0)	11.5 (-23.6)
BH419	-6.7	7.5	-	4.7	1.0 (-18.9)	13.2 (-19.9)
BH420	-7.6	6.1	-	5.0	0.6 (-18.7)	11.7 (-19.3)
BH423	-3.6	4.1	-	0.2	0.6 (-7.9)	5.0 (-8.5)
BH424	-3.4	3.1	-	1.7	1.1 (-8.2)	5.9 (-9.3)

\*Silty SAND with Gravel to Silty SAND layer inferred. Split spoon sheared off while driving.

The inferred bedrock elevations from the air track probes are summarized in the following table:

AT #	Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Depth to Inferred Bedrock (m)	Inferred Bedrock Elevation (m)
AT22	2.8	13.9	-11.1
AT23	3.1	12.8	-9.7
AT24	3.7	7.3	-3.6
AT25	2.4	12.2	-9.8
AT26	3.8	12.8	-9.0
AT27	4.4	8.7	-4.3
AT28	3.2	10.0	-6.8
AT29	3.4	6.7	-3.3
AT30	5.1	8.1	-3.0
AT31	3.2	10.5	-7.3
AT32	3.9	6.8	-3.0
AT33	5.8	5.8	0.0
AT118	3.0	10.5	-7.5
AT119	2.4	10.4	-8.0
AT120	3.6	11.2	-7.6

<b>AT #</b>	<b>Ground Surface Elevation (m)</b>	<b>Depth to Inferred Bedrock (m)</b>	<b>Inferred Bedrock Elevation (m)</b>
AT121	3.4	10.4	-7.0
AT421	2.8	>4.3	-
AT422	2.7	10.2	-7.5
AT425	3.3	11.9	-8.6
AT426	3.4	11.6	-8.2

#### **4.1 ORGANIC SILT TO SILTY SAND**

A surficial layer, consisting predominantly of organic silt to silty sand, was encountered in the majority of the boreholes drilled for this investigation. Trace amounts of sand, gravel and shells were encountered in this layer; occasional cobbles and boulders were also encountered in some of the boreholes. The thickness of the surficial organic silt to silty sand layer ranged between 0.1 and 7.9 metres.

In boreholes BH11 and BH12 the material encountered at the seabed consisted of silty sand to sand. It should be noted that dredging operations had occurred in this area prior to the commencement of the geotechnical investigation.

In borehole BH15 a layer of sandy clay with gravel to sand with silt was encountered beneath the organic silt layer. A grain size analysis performed on a sample of this material yielded 18% gravel, 29% sand, and 53% silt and clay sized particles. The moisture content of the sample of this material was determined to be 20%.

#### **4.2 SAND WITH GRAVEL**

A layer of cobbles and boulders with a sand and gravel matrix was encountered in boreholes BH04, BH05, BH06, and BH13 at ground surface. Trace amounts of silt were encountered at some of the locations where samples of this material could be obtained.

#### **4.3 CLAY TO CLAYEY SILT**

A predominantly very soft layer of grey clay to clayey silt was encountered in all of the boreholes drilled for this investigation with the exception of borehole BH412. In some of the boreholes a firmer crust of clay was encountered at the top of the layer. Occasional sand seams were encountered at the bottom of the layer in some of the boreholes. The thickness of the clay ranged between 0.2 and 17.6 metres over the site.

Grain size analyses performed on samples of the clay layer yielded 0% gravel, 2 to 3% sand, and 97 to 98% clay and silt sized particles. Atterberg limits performed on samples of this material yielded plastic limits of 19 and 20, liquid limits of 32 and 39, resulting in plasticity indexes of 13 and 19. The average moisture content of the samples tested was determined to be 35%. The undrained shear strength of the clay was determined using pocket penetrometers

in the field and miniature lab vanes on the Shelby tube samples. The results of these tests are provided on the borehole records in Appendix A.

#### **4.4 SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL TO SILTY SAND**

A layer of silty sand with gravel to silty sand was encountered below the soft clay in all of the boreholes drilled for this investigation, with the exception of boreholes BH409, BH411, and BH414. Occasional cobbles and boulders were encountered. The relative density was described as loose to dense based on the N-values obtained as part of the standard penetration testing. The thickness of this layer ranged between 0.6 and 5.9 metres.

Grain size analyses performed on samples of the silty sand with gravel to silty sand layer yielded 11 to 32% gravel, 38 to 52% sand, and 30 to 48% silt and clay sized particles. The average moisture content of the samples tested was determined to be 9%.

#### **4.5 GNEISS BEDROCK**

Grey Felsic Gneiss bedrock was encountered in all of the boreholes with the exception of boreholes BH415 and BH417, where grey Mafic Gneiss was encountered. Seams of Mafic Gneiss were encountered within the Felsic Gneiss in boreholes BH114, BH419, and BH420. The rock mass quality generally ranged between fractured and very sound, however there were some locations where very severely fractured bedrock was encountered. An unconfined compressive strength test performed on a sample of this bedrock yielded a strength of 129 MPa.

### **5.0 Discussion**

---

Design of the proposed wharf for the Nunavik Nickel Mine has many geotechnical challenges including restrictions on dredging in deep soft sediments, sloping bedrock surface contributing to poor sliding stability, and high ice forces.

The overburden for the site consists of relatively thick deposits of soft organic silt and clay deposits over compact to dense silty sand with gravel. Bedrock consists of Gneiss bedrock assumed to have a relatively smooth surface based on observation of outcrops on shore.

Several design concepts have been put forth by the civil engineering designers in consultation with CRI to address the challenges at a feasible cost. The final design is comprised of two free standing circular gravity structures, connected by a bridge. Initially the wharf structures were to be concrete caissons, however; following cost estimating (by others) CRI favoured steel sheet pile cellular structures to comprise the wharf. The shore access consists of two bridge spans supported in the centre by drilled socketed piles. The proposed SSP cell locations shown on Drawing 101 have been optimized considering soil/bedrock conditions as well as navigational

**Stantec**  
**FINAL GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, PROPOSED WHARF – SITE 1**  
**DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC**

constraints. The following discussion details results of geotechnical analysis for both concrete cribs and Steel Sheet Pile cells.

Values of the geotechnical parameters, used for the purposes of the analyses presented in the following sections, are presented in the following table. The values were estimated based on field and laboratory testing and engineering judgment, guided in some cases by published literature.

**Summary of Geotechnical Parameter Values Used in Analyses**

<b>Organic Silt to Silty Sand</b>	
undrained shear strength, $C_u$ (kPa)	lumped with clay to silty clay
unit weight ( $\text{kN/m}^3$ )	lumped with clay to silty clay
<b>Clay to Silty Clay</b>	
undrained shear strength, $C_u$ (kPa)	10
unit weight ( $\text{kN/m}^3$ )	18
<b>Silty Sand with Gravel to Silty Sand</b>	
angle of internal friction (degrees)	30
unit weight ( $\text{kN/m}^3$ )	19
<b>Gneiss Bedrock</b>	
unconfined compressive strength (MPa)	100
unit weight ( $\text{kN/m}^3$ )	26
<b>Rockfill</b>	
angle of internal friction (degrees)	40
unit weight ( $\text{kN/m}^3$ )	20

**5.1 CONCRETE CAISSONS**

For analyses, the caissons were assumed to be circular, 25 m in diameter with a top deck elevation of 9 m LNT. Subsurface profiles, based on borehole data, are attached in Appendix D, Figures 1, 2 and 3. It was assumed that the soft silt/clay stratum would be dredged down to the silty sand and gravel, and that the caissons would be founded on a crushed rock mattress.

Bearing capacity analyses were performed for the caissons using a spreadsheet developed for the purpose. The results of the bearing capacity analyses are summarized in the following table.

**Summary of Bearing Capacity Analyses Results – Concrete Caissons**

<b>Condition</b>	<b>FoS</b>
<b>North Caisson</b>	
foundation at -14.5m fill and scour protection at -12.5m no ice loading	2.73
foundation at -14.5m fill and scour protection at -12.5m impact ice load = 15,000kN	1.78
foundation at -14.5m fill and scour protection at -12.5m thermal ice load = 7,000kN	2.30

**Stantec**  
**FINAL GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, PROPOSED WHARF – SITE 1**  
**DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC**

<b>Condition</b>	<b>FoS</b>	
foundation at -15.0m fill and scour protection at -12.5m no ice loading	3.11	
foundation at -15.0m fill and scour protection at -12.5m impact ice load = 15,000kN	2.20	
foundation at -15.0m fill and scour protection at -12.5m thermal ice load = 7,000kN	2.39	
<b>South Caisson</b>		
	<b>loader and surcharge not included</b>	<b>loader and surcharge included</b>
foundation at -14.5m fill and scour protection at -12.5m no ice loading	3.67	3.68
foundation at -14.5m fill and scour protection at -12.5m impact ice load = 15,000kN	16.70	16.56
foundation at -14.5m fill and scour protection at -12.5m thermal ice load = 7,000kN	3.30	2.80
foundation at -14.5m scour protection at -12.5m fill at 0m no ice loading	3.06	
foundation at -14.5m fill and scour protection at -12.5m impact ice load = 15,000kN	>100	
foundation at -14.5m fill at 0m scour protection at -12.5m thermal ice load = 7,000kN	2.44	

As can be seen from the table, adequate factors of safety were obtained for all cases, using a target value of 3.0 under dead loading, and 1.5 under live (ice) loading. In all cases, it was assumed that there will be no fill placed behind (on the landward side of) the caissons above the -12.5m scour protection elevation. For the north caisson, it was necessary to use a founding elevation of el. -15.0 m to obtain the desired factors of safety, whereas for the south caisson a founding elevation of el. -14.5m proved to be adequate.

The global slope/sliding stability of the north caisson was also checked, using Slope/W. Examples of typical caisson geometry and loading configurations are shown in Figures 1, 2 and 3 of Appendix D. Under all loading cases (thermal ice load, impact ice load, dead loads only), a factor of safety of greater than 1.5 was obtained. This being the case, it was deemed unnecessary to explicitly check the global stability of the south caisson.

## **5.2 STEEL SHEET PILE CELLS**

The SSP cells would be at the same locations selected for the caissons, and were taken to be 25m diameter. The top deck of the north cell is assumed to be elevation 9 m LNT. At the designers request the deck of the south cell is to be el. 10.4 metres. Slope/W was used to check



**Stantec**  
**FINAL GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, PROPOSED WHARF – SITE 1**  
**DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC**

the global stability of the cells. Examples of typical geometry and loading used in the analyses are shown in Figures 4, 5, and 6 in Appendix D. The factors of safety obtained are summarized in the following table. In all cases, the factors of safety obtained from the analyses are greater than 2.0.

**Summary of Global Slope/Sliding Stability Analyses Results – SSP Cells**

<b>Condition</b>	<b>FoS</b>
<b>North SSP Cell</b>	
SSP sheets driven to -19.0m scour protection at -12.5m no ice loading	2.63
SSP sheets driven to -19.0m scour protection at -12.5m impact ice load = 15,000kN	2.96 (sliding offshore)
	6.50 (sliding toward shore)
SSP sheets driven to -19.0m scour protection at -12.5m thermal ice load = 7,000kN	2.26
<b>South SSP Cell</b>	
SSP sheets driven to -14.0m scour protection at -12.5m no ice loading	3.05
SSP sheets driven to -14.0m scour protection at -12.5m impact ice load = 15,000kN	4.87 (sliding offshore)
	9.34 (sliding toward shore)
SSP sheets driven to -14.0m scour protection at -12.5m thermal ice load = 7,000kN	2.27

It was deemed to be unnecessary to check bearing capacity of the north cell, in that the geometric conditions and loading are the same as for the caisson option, with the exception that the founding depth is greater in the case of SSP cells which increases the factor of safety against bearing capacity failure. However, since the proposed height of the south cell was increased to 10.4 metres bearing capacity was checked. The results showed that the minimum recommended factor of safety could be achieved if the sheet piles are driven at least to elevation -14.5 metres. Therefore it is recommended that the sheet piles for the south cell should be driven to this depth. Sheet piles for the north cell should be driven to elevation -19 or lower.

**5.3 PILES AND ROCK ANCHORS**

**5.3.1 Concrete to Rock Compression Bond Stress**

The unconfined compressive strength data from previous geotechnical investigations at this site (LEQ and Golder, total of 5 tests) average  $q_u = 116$  MPa. We have assumed an unconfined compressive strength of concrete in the socket to be 35 MPa. Based on this the recommended ultimate bond stress on the walls of the socket would be 2.6 MPa. We recommend a geotechnical resistance factor of 0.4. We also recommend to add approximately 1 metre to the length of the socket to allow for possible weathered and or fractured surface material.

### **5.3.2 Tensile Capacity Socketed Piles or Rock Anchors**

It is sometimes more practical to lengthen the pile rock socket to attain the tensile requirements than to drill a separate small diameter anchor. For tension within the rock socket we recommend an ultimate bond stress of 2.0 MPa; a resistance factor of 0.4 should be applied and as previously noted 1 metre of socket should be added to account for the possibility of poor quality rock. In addition to bond, piles in tension must be checked for uplift resistance from the weight of rock and soil. For this we recommend that the weight of rock within a 60 degree cone from the tip of the pile plus the vertical soil column above the rock cone should be included. The design submerged unit weight of rock and soil are recommended to be 16 kN/m<sup>3</sup> and 9 kN/m<sup>3</sup> respectively.

Allowable bond stress for anchors should be 1/30 times the unconfined compressive strength of the grout and should not to exceed 1.3 MPa.

### **5.3.3 Steel Piles Driven to Bedrock**

We recommend using a design value for the unconfined compressive strength of rock not exceeding 100 MPa for the purposes of pile design. The ultimate contact stress for the rock may be taken as 500 MPa. We recommend a geotechnical resistance factor of no more than 0.4. Piles should be driven with a hammer delivering an energy of about 400 J/sq. cm. and should be provided with a cast driving shoe intended for use on rock.

For the purposes of structural design of the piles, we recommend that steel stresses be limited to 0.3 f<sub>y</sub>. Structural design of the piles will likely govern.

## **6.0 Closure**

---

Use of this report is subject to the Statement of General Conditions provided in Appendix A. It is the responsibility of Canadian Royalties Inc., who is identified as “the Client” within the Statement of General Conditions, and its agents to review the conditions and to notify Stantec Consulting Ltd. should any of these not be satisfied. The Statement of General Conditions addresses the following:

- Use of the report
- Basis of the report
- Standard of care
- Interpretation of site conditions
- Varying or unexpected site conditions
- Planning, design or construction

**Stantec**  
**FINAL GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, PROPOSED WHARF – SITE 1**  
**DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC**

This report was prepared by James S. Mitchell, P.Eng. and Dan R. McQuinn, P.Eng. and reviewed by Brian B. Taylor, Ph.D., P.Eng. We trust that the information contained in it is adequate for your present purposes. If you have any questions about the contents of the report or if we can be of any other assistance please contact us at your convenience.


Yours very truly,

**STANTEC CONSULTING LTD.**



---

James S. Mitchell, P.Eng.



---

Dan R. McQuinn, P.Eng.

V:\1216\active\121613XXX\121613564 Deception Bay\Final Geotechnical Report - Site 1-Revised April 22\_2012.docx

**APPENDIX A**  
**Statement of General Conditions**  
**Symbols and Terms Used on Borehole and Test Pit Records**  
**Borehole Records**

## STATEMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

**USE OF THIS REPORT:** This report has been prepared for the sole benefit of the Client or its agent and may not be used by any third party without the express written consent of Stantec Consulting Ltd. and the Client. Any use which a third party makes of this report is the responsibility of such third party.

**BASIS OF THE REPORT:** The information, opinions, and/or recommendations made in this report are in accordance with Stantec Consulting Ltd's present understanding of the site specific project as described by the Client. The applicability of these is restricted to the site conditions encountered at the time of the investigation or study. If the proposed site specific project differs or is modified from what is described in this report or if the site conditions are altered, this report is no longer valid unless Stantec Consulting Ltd. is requested by the Client to review and revise the report to reflect the differing or modified project specifics and/or the altered site conditions.

**STANDARD OF CARE:** Preparation of this report, and all associated work, was carried out in accordance with the normally accepted standard of care in the state or province of execution for the specific professional service provided to the Client. No other warranty is made.

**INTERPRETATION OF SITE CONDITIONS:** Soil, rock, or other material descriptions, and statements regarding their condition, made in this report are based on site conditions encountered by Stantec Consulting Ltd. at the time of the work and at the specific testing and/or sampling locations. Classifications and statements of condition have been made in accordance with normally accepted practices which are judgmental in nature; no specific description should be considered exact, but rather reflective of the anticipated material behavior. Extrapolation of in situ conditions can only be made to some limited extent beyond the sampling or test points. The extent depends on variability of the soil, rock and groundwater conditions as influenced by geological processes, construction activity, and site use.

**VARYING OR UNEXPECTED CONDITIONS:** Should any site or subsurface conditions be encountered that are different from those described in this report or encountered at the test locations, Stantec Consulting Ltd. must be notified immediately to assess if the varying or unexpected conditions are substantial and if reassessments of the report conclusions or recommendations are required. Stantec Consulting Ltd. will not be responsible to any party for damages incurred as a result of failing to notify Stantec Consulting Ltd. that differing site or subsurface conditions are present upon becoming aware of such conditions.

**PLANNING, DESIGN, OR CONSTRUCTION:** Development or design plans and specifications should be reviewed by Stantec Consulting Ltd., sufficiently ahead of initiating the next project stage (property acquisition, tender, construction, etc), to confirm that this report completely addresses the elaborated project specifics and that the contents of this report have been properly interpreted. Specialty quality assurance services (field observations and testing) during construction are a necessary part of the evaluation of sub-subsurface conditions and site preparation works. Site work relating to the recommendations included in this report should only be carried out in the presence of a qualified geotechnical engineer; Stantec Consulting Ltd. cannot be responsible for site work carried out without being present.



# SYMBOLS AND TERMS USED ON BOREHOLE AND TEST PIT RECORDS

## SOIL DESCRIPTION

### Terminology describing common soil genesis:

<i>Topsoil</i>	- mixture of soil and humus capable of supporting vegetative growth
<i>Peat</i>	- mixture of visible and invisible fragments of decayed organic matter
<i>Till</i>	- unstratified glacial deposit which may range from clay to boulders
<i>Fill</i>	- material below the surface identified as placed by humans (excluding buried services)

### Terminology describing soil structure:

<i>Desiccated</i>	- having visible signs of weathering by oxidization of clay minerals, shrinkage cracks, etc.
<i>Fissured</i>	- having cracks, and hence a blocky structure
<i>Varved</i>	- composed of regular alternating layers of silt and clay
<i>Stratified</i>	- composed of alternating successions of different soil types, e.g. silt and sand
<i>Layer</i>	- > 75 mm in thickness
<i>Seam</i>	- 2 mm to 75 mm in thickness
<i>Parting</i>	- < 2 mm in thickness

### Terminology describing soil types:

The classification of soil types are made on the basis of grain size and plasticity in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) (ASTM D 2487 or D 2488). The classification excludes particles larger than 76 mm (3 inches). The USCS provides a group symbol (e.g. SM) and group name (e.g. silty sand) for identification.

### Terminology describing cobbles, boulders, and non-matrix materials (organic matter or debris):

Terminology describing materials outside the USCS, (e.g. particles larger than 76 mm, visible organic matter, construction debris) is based upon the proportion of these materials present:

<i>Trace, or occasional</i>	Less than 10%
<i>Some</i>	10-20%
<i>Frequent</i>	> 20%

### Terminology describing compactness of cohesionless soils:

The standard terminology to describe cohesionless soils includes compactness (formerly "relative density"), as determined by the Standard Penetration Test N-Value (also known as N-Index). A relationship between compactness condition and N-Value is shown in the following table.

Compactness Condition	SPT N-Value
<i>Very Loose</i>	<4
<i>Loose</i>	4-10
<i>Compact</i>	10-30
<i>Dense</i>	30-50
<i>Very Dense</i>	>50

### Terminology describing consistency of cohesive soils:

The standard terminology to describe cohesive soils includes the consistency, which is based on undrained shear strength as measured by *in situ* vane tests, penetrometer tests, or unconfined compression tests.

Consistency	Undrained Shear Strength	
	kips/sq.ft.	kPa
<i>Very Soft</i>	<0.25	<12.5
<i>Soft</i>	0.25 - 0.5	12.5 - 25
<i>Firm</i>	0.5 - 1.0	25 - 50
<i>Stiff</i>	1.0 - 2.0	50 - 100
<i>Very Stiff</i>	2.0 - 4.0	100 - 200
<i>Hard</i>	>4.0	>200



## ROCK DESCRIPTION

### Terminology describing rock quality:

RQD	Rock Mass Quality
0-25	<i>Very Poor, Crushed, Very Severely Fractured</i>
25-50	<i>Poor, Shattered and Very Seamy or Blocky, Severely Fractured</i>
50-75	<i>Fair, Blocky and Seamy, Fractured</i>
75-90	<i>Good, Massive, Moderately Jointed or Sound</i>
90-100	<i>Excellent, Intact, Very Sound</i>

Rock quality classification is based on a modified core recovery percentage (RQD) in which all pieces of sound core over 100 mm long are counted as recovery. The smaller pieces are considered to be due to close shearing, jointing, faulting, or weathering in the rock mass and are not counted. RQD was originally intended to be done on NW core; however, it can be used on different core sizes if the bulk of the fractures caused by drilling stresses are easily distinguishable from *in situ* fractures. The terminology describing rock mass quality based on RQD is subjective and is underlain by the presumption that sound strong rock is of higher engineering value than fractured weak rock.

### Terminology describing rock mass:

Spacing (mm)	Joint Classification	Bedding, Laminations, Bands
> 6000	<i>Extremely Wide</i>	-
2000-6000	<i>Very Wide</i>	<i>Very Thick</i>
600-2000	<i>Wide</i>	<i>Thick</i>
200-600	<i>Moderate</i>	<i>Medium</i>
60-200	<i>Close</i>	<i>Thin</i>
20-60	<i>Very Close</i>	<i>Very Thin</i>
<20	<i>Extremely Close</i>	<i>Laminated</i>
<6	-	<i>Thinly Laminated</i>

### Terminology describing rock strength:

Strength Classification	Unconfined Compressive Strength (MPa)
<i>Extremely Weak</i>	< 1
<i>Very Weak</i>	1 – 5
<i>Weak</i>	5 – 25
<i>Medium Strong</i>	25 – 50
<i>Strong</i>	50 – 100
<i>Very Strong</i>	100 – 250
<i>Extremely Strong</i>	> 250

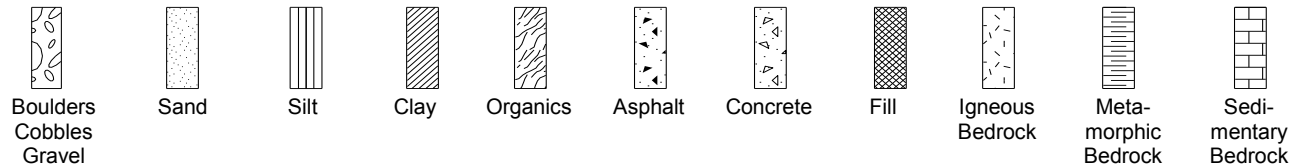
### Terminology describing rock weathering:

Term	Description
<i>Fresh</i>	No visible signs of rock weathering. Slight discolouration along major discontinuities
<i>Slightly Weathered</i>	Discolouration indicates weathering of rock on discontinuity surfaces. All the rock material may be discoloured.
<i>Moderately Weathered</i>	Less than half the rock is decomposed and/or disintegrated into soil.
<i>Highly Weathered</i>	More than half the rock is decomposed and/or disintegrated into soil.
<i>Completely Weathered</i>	All the rock material is decomposed and/or disintegrated into soil. The original mass structure is still largely intact.



## STRATA PLOT


Strata plots symbolize the soil or bedrock description. They are combinations of the following basic symbols. The dimensions within the strata symbols are not indicative of the particle size, layer thickness, etc.




## SAMPLE TYPE

SS	Split spoon sample (obtained by performing the Standard Penetration Test)
ST	Shelby tube or thin wall tube
DP	Direct-Push sample (small diameter tube sampler hydraulically advanced)
PS	Piston sample
BS	Bulk sample
WS	Wash sample
HQ, NQ, BQ, etc.	Rock core samples obtained with the use of standard size diamond coring bits.

## WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENT

 measured in standpipe, piezometer, or well

 inferred

## RECOVERY

For soil samples, the recovery is recorded as the length of the soil sample recovered. For rock core, recovery is defined as the total cumulative length of all core recovered in the core barrel divided by the length drilled and is recorded as a percentage on a per run basis.

## N-VALUE





Numbers in this column are the field results of the Standard Penetration Test: the number of blows of a 140 pound (64 kg) hammer falling 30 inches (760 mm), required to drive a 2 inch (50.8 mm) O.D. split spoon sampler one foot (305 mm) into the soil. For split spoon samples where insufficient penetration was achieved and N-values cannot be presented, the number of blows are reported over sampler penetration in millimetres (e.g. 50/75). Some design methods make use of N value corrected for various factors such as overburden pressure, energy ratio, borehole diameter, etc. No corrections have been applied to the N-values presented on the log.

## DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION TEST (DCPT)

Dynamic cone penetration tests are performed using a standard 60 degree apex cone connected to A size drill rods with the same standard fall height and weight as the Standard Penetration Test. The DCPT value is the number of blows of the hammer required to drive the cone one foot (305 mm) into the soil. The DCPT is used as a probe to assess soil variability.

## OTHER TESTS

S	Sieve analysis
H	Hydrometer analysis
k	Laboratory permeability
$\gamma$	Unit weight
$G_s$	Specific gravity of soil particles
CD	Consolidated drained triaxial
CU	Consolidated undrained triaxial with pore pressure measurements
UU	Unconsolidated undrained triaxial
DS	Direct Shear
C	Consolidation
$Q_u$	Unconfined compression
$I_p$	Point Load Index ( $I_p$ on Borehole Record equals $I_p(50)$ in which the index is corrected to a reference diameter of 50 mm)

	Single packer permeability test; test interval from depth shown to bottom of borehole
	Double packer permeability test; test interval as indicated
	Falling head permeability test using casing
	Falling head permeability test using well point or piezometer







# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH01**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/03 to 2011/09/04 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa									
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS									
					mm				Wp      W      W <sub>L</sub> *      ●										
									DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      * STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      ●										
									10   20   30   40   50   60   70   80   90										
0	-6.92	Loose to compact black ORGANIC SILT with gravel - cobbles throughout			SS	1	200	8											
1					SS	2	200	13											
2	-8.90	Very soft grey CLAY			SS	3	600	Wght. of Rods											
3					ST	4	600	Wght. of Rods											
4					VANE														
5					VANE														
6					VANE														
7					ST	5	600	Wght. of Rods											
8		VANE																	
9		SS	6	600	Wght. of Rods														
10		VANE																	

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:16

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- × UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH01

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/03 to 2011/09/04 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa											
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RGD %		20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
10		CLAY, cont'd.								WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS $W_p$ $W$ $W_L$ DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m * STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m ●											
11					SS	7	600	Wght. of Rods		■											
12																					
13					ST	8	650	PUSH		■											
14																					
15																					
16		-increasing silt content			SS	9	600	Wght. of Rods		■											
17																					
18					ST	10	0	PUSH													
18					SS	11	75	17			●										
18					SS	12	300	12			●										
19																					
20	-26.50	Compact grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel			SS	13	50	18			●										

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:16

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- × UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH01**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.


PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/03 to 2011/09/04 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa											
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %													
										WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m						STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m		
								$w_p$ $w$ $w_L$		10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90						* ●					
20		Silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel, cont'd.																			
21	-27.92	Very sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK -150 mm Quartz seam at depth of 24.4 metres																			
22							NQ 14	83%	RQD 83%												
23							NQ 15	76%	61%												
24	-30.42	End of Borehole																			
25																					
26																					
27																					
28																					
29																					
30																					
App'd  Sep 28 2012 8:31:16										<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ PENETROMETER</li> <li>▲ FIELD VANE TEST</li> <li>◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST</li> <li>× UU TRIAXIAL TEST</li> </ul>											

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH04

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/04 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS		DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m		STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m								
										20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
0	-9.04	COBBLES																				
1	-10.36	Very soft grey CLAY																				
						SS	1	50	8													
						SS	2	125	1/300mm													
						SS	3	300	Wght. of Rods													
						ST	4	525	Wght. of Rods													
						SS	5	600	Wght. of Rods													
						ST	6	600	PUSH	S												
						SS	7	600	Wght. of Rods													
						ST	8	600	PUSH													

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:17

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH04

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/04 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa									
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60
10		CLAY, cont'd.						mm		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      * STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      ●									
11		- increasing silt content																	
12	-21.23	Compact grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel				SS	9	450	14										
13																			
14						SS	10	175	13										
15	-24.05	Very sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK				SS	11	200	72/275mm										
16						NQ	12	100%	RQD										
17						NQ	13	0%	85% 0%										
18	-27.07	End of Borehole				NQ	14	100%	65%										
19																			
20																			

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH05**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.


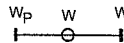

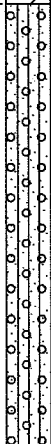
PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/09 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa															
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	200	220	240	260	280	300	
0	-12.01	Very loose COBBLES and BOULDERS				mm				WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS  DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float: right;">★</span> STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float: right;">●</span>															
1																									
2																									
3	-14.40	Very soft grey CLAY																							
4																									
5																									
6																									
7	-18.87	Very loose to loose grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel - occasional cobbles and boulders																							
8																									
9																									
10																									

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:18

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH05**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/09 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa											
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %													
10		Silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel, cont'd.							WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS <span style="float: right;">W<sub>p</sub> W W<sub>L</sub></span> DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float: right;">★</span> STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float: right;">●</span> 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90												
11																					
12	-24.13	Severely fractured to fractured grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK																			
13																					
14	-26.46																				
15		End of Borehole																			
16																					
17																					
18																					
19																					
20																					

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:18

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH06

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/12 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90		
0	-8.99	BOULDERS and COBBLES -intermixed with sand and gravel							WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS: $W_p$ $W$ $W_L$ DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m: ★ STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m: ●															
1																								
2		Very soft grey CLAY        -sand seams and increasing gravel content starting at depth of 7.9 metres																						
3	-11.50																							
4																								
5																								
6																								
7																								
8																								
9																								
10																								

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:19

MBH 9/28/12





# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH06

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC


BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/12 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m
10		CLAY, cont'd.				SS	10	600	16															
11						SS	11	600	14															
12	-21.00	Compact grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel -occasional cobbles and boulders				SS	12	600	15															
						ST	13	50	PUSH															
13						SS	14	100	14															
14	-22.81	Severely fractured to sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK				SS	15	25	19															
						SS	16	150	53/200mm															
						HQ	17	80%	RQD															
						HQ	18	100%	40%															
						HQ	19	100%	29%															
						HQ	20	100%	91%															
						HQ	20	100%	86%															
17	-25.83	End of Borehole																						
18																								
19																								
20																								

MBH 9/28/12

App'd  Sep 28 2012 8:31:19

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD


**BH07**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.  
 LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC  
 DATES: BORING 2011/09/06 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT No. 121613564  
 BH SIZE HW  
 DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa													
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m			
							mm			W <sub>p</sub> W    W <sub>L</sub> —○—	* DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m	● STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90		
0	-11.87	Very loose black ORGANIC SILT with sand - shells throughout			SS	1	250	Wght. of Hammer															
1	-13.09	Soft to stiff grey CLAY																					
2					SS	2	250	5			●												
3					SS	3	450	3			●		■										
4					ST	4	150	PUSH															
5	-16.75	Compact to dense grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel - occasional cobbles and boulders			ST	5	150	PUSH															
6					SS	6	300	51	S		○												
7					SS	7	400	20	S		○	●											
8					SS	8	250	34						●									
9					HQ	9	325	-															
10					SS	10	325	27							●								

■ PENETROMETER  
 ▲ FIELD VANE TEST  
 ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST  
 × UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd  Sep 28 2012 8:31:19

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH07

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC


BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/06 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa													
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %															
										WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS													
10	-22.16	Silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel, cont'd.			HQ	12	0	-															
11		Fractured to sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			NQ	13	90%	RQD 65%															
12					NQ	14	100%	68%															
13	-24.90	End of Borehole			NQ	15	77%	77%															
14																							
15																							
16																							
17																							
18																							
19																							
20																							

MBH 9/28/12

App'd  Sep 28 2012 8:31:19

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH08**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/07 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m					
								mm														
0	-9.73	Very loose ORGANIC SILT - shells encountered	[Plot]		SS	1	50	Wght. of Rods														
1	-11.05	Very soft to very stiff grey CLAY	[Plot]		ST	2	475	Wght. of Rods														
2					SS	3	575	Wght. of Rods														
3					ST	4	600	Wght. of Rods	S													
4		- 50 mm sand seam encountered			SS	5	600	Wght. of Rods														
5	-14.45	Compact to dense grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel	[Plot]		ST	6	250	PUSH														
6					SS	7	250	13														
7					SS	8	0	16														
8					SS	9	150	64/175mm														
9	-18.06	Very severely fractured to severely fractured grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK	[Plot]		NQ	10	97%	RQD 41%														
10					NQ	11	79%	0%														
					NQ	12	90%	33%														

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- × UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:31:20



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH08

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/07 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m
10		FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK, cont'd.																						
11	-21.01				NQ	13	95%	0%																
		End of Borehole																						
12																								
13																								
14																								
15																								
16																								
17																								
18																								
19																								
20																								

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:20

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST





# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH10**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/07 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa									
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS									
										<p style="text-align: center;"> <span style="font-size: 0.8em;">10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90</span> </p>									
0	-7.64	Loose grey ORGANIC SILT with sand - shells encountered throughout - occasional cobbles and boulders					mm		<p style="font-size: 0.8em;">                     Wp      W      W<sub>L</sub>                       ----- -----                  </p>										
1	-9.09				Very soft grey CLAY			SS	1	325	5	<p style="font-size: 0.8em;">                     DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      *                      STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      •                 </p>							
2		SS	2	375				7											
3		SS	3	50				3											
4																			
5	-11.98	Loose to compact grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel			ST	4	600	Wgt. of Rods											
6					ST	5	0	PUSH											
7					SS	6	100	8											
8					SS	7	250	9											
9					SS	8	125	50/125mm											
10					HQ	9	925												
11		HQ	10	0															
12		SS	11	150	18														
13	-15.87	Sound to very sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			SS	12	75	50/75mm											
14					HQ	13	100%	RQD 75%											
15																			

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:21



# BOREHOLE RECORD

## BH10

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.  
LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC  
DATES: BORING 2011/09/07 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT No. 121613564  
BH SIZE HW  
DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS												
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m										Wp W WL		
										STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m												
										10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90				
10		FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK,cont'd			HQ	14	100%	91%														
11	-18.84	End of Borehole																				
12																						
13																						
14																						
15																						
16																						
17																						
18																						
19																						
20																						

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:22

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST





**BOREHOLE RECORD**

**BH11**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/05 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa											
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %													
										WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS											
0	-10.74	Very loose grey silty SAND																			
					mm																
1					SS	1	425	Wght. of Rods													
2					ST	2	0	PUSH													
3	-13.74	Soft to firm grey CLAY																			
					SS	3	325	2													
4																					
5					ST	4	375	PUSH													
6	-16.30	Loose grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel - 75 mm cobble encountered																			
					NQ	5	75														
7																					
8	-18.69	Fractured to very sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK - 200 mm seam of soil at depth of 9.17 m																			
					SS	6	0	9													
9																					
10					NQ	7	98%	RQD 96%													

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- × UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:22



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH11

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/05 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m		
										$W_p$ $W$ $W_L$			*    ●							10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90						
10	-21.59	FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK, cont'd.			NQ	8	100%	65%																		
11		End of Borehole																								
12																										
13																										
14																										
15																										
16																										
17																										
18																										
19																										
20																										

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:22

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH12

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/05 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa													
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m				STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m		
0	-6.19	Very loose to compact black SAND - trace organic silt - shells throughout					mm			Wp			★				●						
1					SS 1	150	Wght. of Rods																
2		Soft to stiff grey CLAY																					
3					SS 2	200	13																
	-8.50																						
4																							
5																							
6																							
7																							
8																							
9		Compact grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel - cobbles and boulders throughout																					
					ST 9	0	PUSH																
					SS 10	250	54																
					SS 11	250	15																
10	-14.57																						

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:31:23



# BOREHOLE RECORD

## BH12

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/05 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa													
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS				★	●				
										mm					W <sub>p</sub>	W	W <sub>L</sub>			10	20	30	40
10		Silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel, cont'd.			NQ	13	575	-															
11					NQ	14	0	-															
12	-18.15	Severely fractured to very sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			HQ	15	100%	RQD 93%															
13					HQ	16	100%	34%															
14	-20.97	End of Borehole																					
15																							
16																							
17																							
18																							
19																							
20																							

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:23

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

# BH13

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/09 to 2011/09/10 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa															
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-ROD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m								
								mm		W <sub>p</sub> W    W <sub>L</sub>			★												
										●			●												
0	-6.81	Loose to compact grey SAND and GRAVEL -boulders and cobbles throughout -trace silt  - 900 mm boulder at depth of 3.2 metres																							
1				SS 1	50		Wght. of Rods																		
2				SS 2	75		24																		
3				SS 3	150		11																		
4				SS 4	0		Wght. of Hammer																		
5	-10.92	Very soft grey CLAY																							
6				SS 5	50		2																		
7				SS 6	600		8																		
8				SS 7	350		3																		
9				SS 8	275		PUSH																		
10				ST 9	600		PUSH																		
11				SS 10	600		Wght. of Rods																		
12				SS 11	600		Wght. of Hammer																		
13		SS 12	600		Wght. of Hammer																				

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:31:24



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH13

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/09 to 2011/09/10 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m
10		CLAY, cont'd.			SS	13	600	Wght. of Hammer																
					SS	14	600	Wght. of Hammer																
11																								
12								SS	15	600	Wght. of Hammer													
		Compact grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel																						
13	-20.07				SS	16	600	Wght. of Hammer																
		Very severely fractured to sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK																						
14	-20.86				SS	17	175	12																
					SS	18	125	50/25mm																
					HQ	19	43%	RQD 0%																
15					HQ	20	100%	72%																
					HQ	21	57%	57%																
17	-24.06	End of Borehole																						
18																								
19																								
20																								

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- × UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *MS* Sep 28 2012 8:31:24

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH15

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

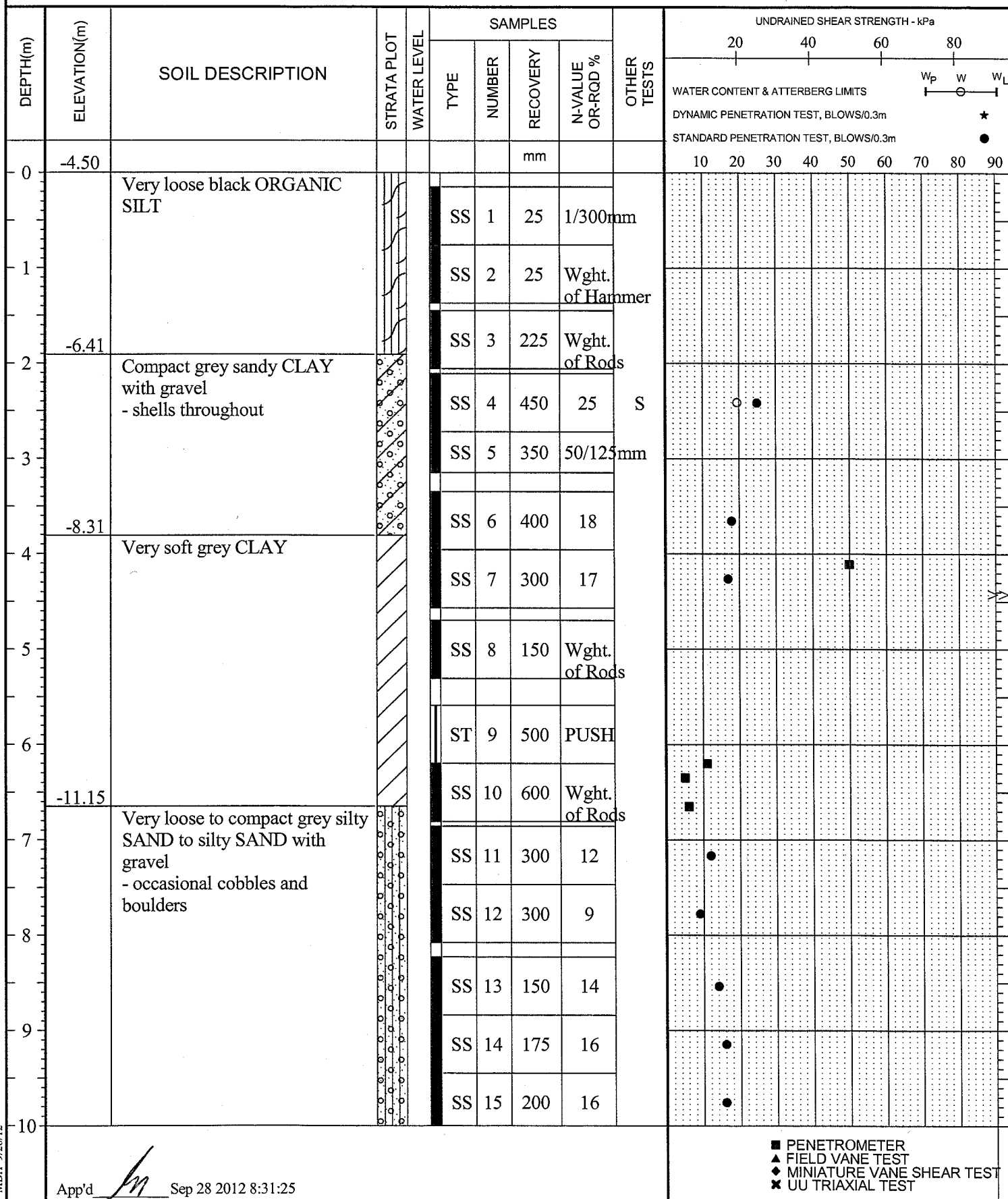
PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/08 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART



MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:25

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



## BOREHOLE RECORD

BH15

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/08 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %														
										WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m												
							mm			20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
-10		Silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel, cont'd.				SS 16	100	Wght. of Rods														
						NQ 17	150															
-11						SS 18	150	19														
	-16.29					SS 19	200	50/50mm														
-12		Severely fractured to sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK				NQ 20	80%	RQD 29%														
-13						NQ 21	90%	73%														
-14						NQ 22	100%	69%														
-15	-19.69	End of Borehole																				
-16																						
-17																						
-18																						
-19																						
-20																						

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- × UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:31:25

MBH 9/28/12





# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH16

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/14 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa															
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS															
										Wp      W      Wl ○      ○      ○															
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      * STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      ●															
						mm				10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90							
0	-5.31	Very loose ORGANIC SILT - trace sand and gravel - shells throughout			SS	1	50	Wght. of Rods																	
1	-6.48				SS	2	300	Wght. of Rods																	
2		Firm grey CLAY			SS	3	500	6																	
3	-7.62				SS	4	575	3																	
4		Very soft grey CLAY - sand and trace gravel seams throughout			SS	5	600	Wght. of Rods																	
5					SS	6	600	Wght. of Hammer																	
6					SS	7	600	Wght. of Rods																	
7					SS	8	325	Wght. of Hammer																	
8					SS	9	600	Wght. of Hammer																	
9					SS	10	600	Wght. of Hammer																	
10	-14.56	Very dense silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel - numerous cobbles and			SS	11	600	Wght. of Rods																	
					SS	12	550	Wght. of Hammer																	
					SS	13	50	50/50mm																	

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:25

MBH 9/28/12





# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH28

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/08 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS												
								mm		Wp      W      W <sub>L</sub> * DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90												
0	-10.41	Very loose grey to brown ORGANIC SILT																				
1	-11.63	Very soft to stiff grey CLAY			SS	1	300	14														
2					ST	2	325	PUSH														
3					SS	3	300	8														
4					SS	4	425	6														
5					SS	5	600	4														
5	-15.06	Very loose to compact grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel			ST	6	600	PUSH														
6					SS	7	200	22														
7					SS	8	100	3														
8					SS	9	400	3														
8	-18.79				SS	10	100	50/125mm														
9		Very severely fractured to sound, moderately weathered FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK - iron staining observed throughout			HQ	11	95%	RQD 66%														
10																						

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:26

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH28

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/08 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS				DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m						
								mm																
10	-21.36	FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK, cont'd.				HQ	12	100%	0%															
11		End of Borehole																						
12																								
13																								
14																								
15																								
16																								
17																								
18																								
19																								
20																								

P MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:26

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



**BOREHOLE RECORD**

**BH29**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/13 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																										
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RGD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS																										
										Wp W WL DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m * STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m ●																										
							mm			10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90																		
0	-15.44	Very loose grey to black ORGANIC SILT - trace sand - shells throughout																																		
1	-16.53	Very soft grey CLAY				SS	1	450	Wght. of Hammer																											
						SS	2	150	Wght. of Hammer																											
2																																				
3						ST	3	575	Wght. of Rods																											
						SS	4	600	Wght. of Rods																											
4																																				
						SS	5	600	Wght. of Rods																											
5																																				
						SS	6	600	Wght. of Rods																											
6	-21.33					ST	7	200	PUSH																											
	-21.69	Compact grey GRAVEL with sand				SS	8	75	60/200mm																											
7		End of Borehole - hole terminated because barge needed to be moved																																		
8																																				
9																																				
10																																				

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:31:27



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH29A**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/13 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa											
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS		DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m					
					mm						W <sub>p</sub> W      W <sub>L</sub>  ----- -----		STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m ★      ●								
					mm						10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90		
0	-14.66	Advanced casing to start Borehole again																			
5	-19.33	COBBLES and BOULDERS - silty sand matrix			HQ	1	550	-													
6	-20.68	Severely fractured to sound moderately weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK - iron staining throughout			HQ	2	100%	RQD 84%													
8	-23.19	End of Borehole			HQ	3	100%	42%													
9																					
10																					

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:27





# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH32**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/14 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m
					mm				Wp      W      W <sub>L</sub>  ----- -----  * ●															
0	-4.47	Loose black ORGANIC SILT - trace shells and wood			SS	1	325	7		10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90														
1					SS	2	550	6																
	-5.92	Firm grey CLAY - trace gravel - trace shells  - 300 mm boulder encountered at depth of 2.6 metres			ST	3	0	PUSH																
2					SS	4	0	Wght. of Rods																
3					SS	5	250	7																
4					SS	6	600	3																
	-8.51	Very soft grey CLAY																						
	-8.74																							
5		End of Borehole - barge needed to be moved as low tide was approaching																						
6																								
7																								
8																								
9																								
10																								

MBH 9/28/12

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:31:28





# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH32A**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/14 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m					
0	-4.47	Advanced casing to start borehole again					mm															
5	-8.79	Very soft grey CLAY - sand seams encountered	/ / / / / /		SS	1	25	Wght. of Hammer														
6	-10.08	Compact grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel - trace clay - occasional cobbles and boulders - shells in top 100 mm of layer	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○		SS	2	600	Wght. of Hammer														
7					SS	3	450	11														
					SS	4	325	20														
					SS	5	50	19														
					SS	6	275	50/125mm														
8	-12.57	Severely fractured to fractured grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			HQ	7	500															
9					HQ	8	100%	RQD 23%														
10					HQ	9	100%	72%														

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:31:29

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

### BH32A

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2011/09/14 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa											
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %													
										WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS											
										20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	200	220	240
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">★</span> STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">●</span> 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90											
-10	-14.83	FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK, cont'd. End of Borehole						mm													
-11																					
-12																					
-13																					
-14																					
-15																					
-16																					
-17																					
-18																					
-19																					
-20																					

App'd *MA* Sep 28 2012 8:31:29

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

## BH101

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/21 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa											
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS		DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m		STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m			
0	-12.01	Very loose grey to dark grey ORGANIC SILT with sand						mm													
					SS 1	275		Wght. of Rods													
1					SS 2	150		Wght. of Rods													
	-13.53	Very soft grey CLAY																			
2					SS 3	500		Wght. of Rods													
3					SS 4	600		Wght. of Rods													
4																					
5					ST 5	600		Wght. of Rods													
					SS 6	350		Wght. of Rods													
6																					
7					SS 7	600		Wght. of Rods													
					SS 8	600		Wght. of Rods													
8																					
9	-20.80	Loose to compact grey SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel -occasional cobbles and boulders			SS 9	600		Wght. of Rods													
					SS 10	100		10													
10																					

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:25

MBH 9/28/12





# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH101A**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.  
 LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC  
 DATES: BORING 2012/07/31 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT No. 121613564  
 BH SIZE HW  
 DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS		DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m		STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m												
0	-12.20	Very loose dark grey ORGANIC SILT with sand -shells throughout								Wp		W		W <sub>L</sub>		★										
1																										
2	-14.41	Very soft grey CLAY			SS	1	200	Wght. of Rods																		
3																										
4																										
5																										
6																										
7																										
8																										
9	-21.09	Grey silty SAND with gravel			ST	3	600	Wght. of Rods																		
	-21.45																									
		End of Borehole																								
10																										

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:25

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH102

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/29 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS														
										Wp      W      W <sub>L</sub> * ●														
							mm			10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90						
0	-17.04	Very loose grey ORGANIC SILT Very soft grey CLAY			SS	1	500	Wght. of Rods		■														
	17.22				SS	2	600	Wght. of Rods		■														
1																								
2																								
3								SS	3	600	Wght. of Rods		■											
								SS	4	600	Wght. of Rods		■											
4								SS	5	0	Wght. of Rods													
5					SS	6	150	Wght. of Rods																
6					SS	7	450	Wght. of Hammer																
7	-23.34	Very loose to compact grey silty SAND with gravel to SAND with silt -occasional cobbles and boulders			SS	8	275	14			●													
					SS	9	150	10		●														
8																								
9								SS	10	0	1/600mm													
								SS	11	100	3		●											
10																								

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:26



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH102

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/29 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80											
10	-27.33	Silty SAND with gravel to SAND with silt, cont'd. Severely fractured to fractured slightly weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			SS 12	75	50/75mm																	
11						NQ 13	100%	RQD 45%																
12						NQ 14	95%	76%																
13	-29.56	End of Borehole																						
14																								
15																								
16																								
17																								
18																								
19																								
20																								

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:26



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH103

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/20 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa													
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20		40		60		80							
								mm		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS: $W_p$ $W$ $W_L$ DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m: ★ STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m: ●													
0	-13.16	Very loose dark grey ORGANIC SILT with sand	[Pattern]		SS	1	350	Wght. of Rods															
1			[Pattern]		SS	2	550	Wght. of Rods															
2	-14.99	Very soft to soft grey CLAY	[Pattern]		SS	3	350	Wght. of Rods															
3			[Pattern]		SS	4	500	Wght. of Rods															
4			[Pattern]		ST	5	650	Wght. of Rods															
5			[Pattern]		SS	6	425	Wght. of Rods															
6			[Pattern]		SS	7	400	Wght. of Rods															
7			[Pattern]		SS	8	600	1															
8			[Pattern]		ST	9	250	Wght. of Rods															
9	-21.24	Compact grey SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel	[Pattern]		SS	10	600	Wght. of Hammer															
10			[Pattern]		SS	11	125	17															
			[Pattern]		SS	12	275	22															

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12

App'd \_\_\_\_\_ Sep 28 2012 8:28:27





# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH103

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/20 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %																
							mm																	
10		SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel, cont'd.			SS	13	0	35																
					SS	14	350	35																
11	-24.39	Very severely fractured to sound slightly weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			NQ	15	44%	RQD																
									0%															
12						NQ	16	63%	53%															
13																								
14	-27.56				NQ	17	100%	81%																
15		End of Borehole																						
16																								
17																								
18																								
19																								
20																								

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *Jm* Sep 28 2012 8:28:27



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH104

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/29 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS												
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">★</span> STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">●</span>												
							mm			10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	$W_p$ $W$ $W_L$			
0	-15.07	Compact black ORGANIC SILT with sand to SAND with organic silt			SS	1	250	11		●												
1	-15.81				Loose to compact dark grey to grey silty SAND -trace gravel -occasional cobbles and boulders -300 mm boulder at depth of 1.2 metres	SS	2	350	80/225mm													
2						NQ	3	350	-													
3		Intermixed layers of very soft grey CLAY and grey SILT -sand seams encountered below depth of 6 metres			SS	4	0	9		●												
4	-18.37					SS	5	0	14		●											
5						SS	6	200	Wght. of Hammer													
6						SS	7	400	Wght. of Hammer													
7						ST	8	0	PUSH													
8		Very loose to compact grey SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel -occasional cobbles			SS	9	600	Wght. of Rods														
9	-22.39					SS	10	475	Wght. of Rods		■											
10						SS	11	600	3		■											
11						SS	12	200	12		●											
12						SS	13	225	2		●											
13			SS	14	150	Wght. of Hammer																
14			SS	15	525	12		●														

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:27

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH104

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/29 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa											
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
										WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS $W_p \quad W \quad W_L$ DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m $\star$ STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m $\bullet$											
10		SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel, cont'd.				SS	16	25	6												
11						SS	17	250	12												
	-26.68					SS	18	75	50/75mm												
12		Very sound slightly weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK				NQ	19	96%	RQD 96%												
13						NQ	20	100%	98%												
14	-29.19	End of Borehole																			
15																					
16																					
17																					
18																					
19																					
20																					

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:28

MBH 9/28/12



**BOREHOLE RECORD**

**BH105**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

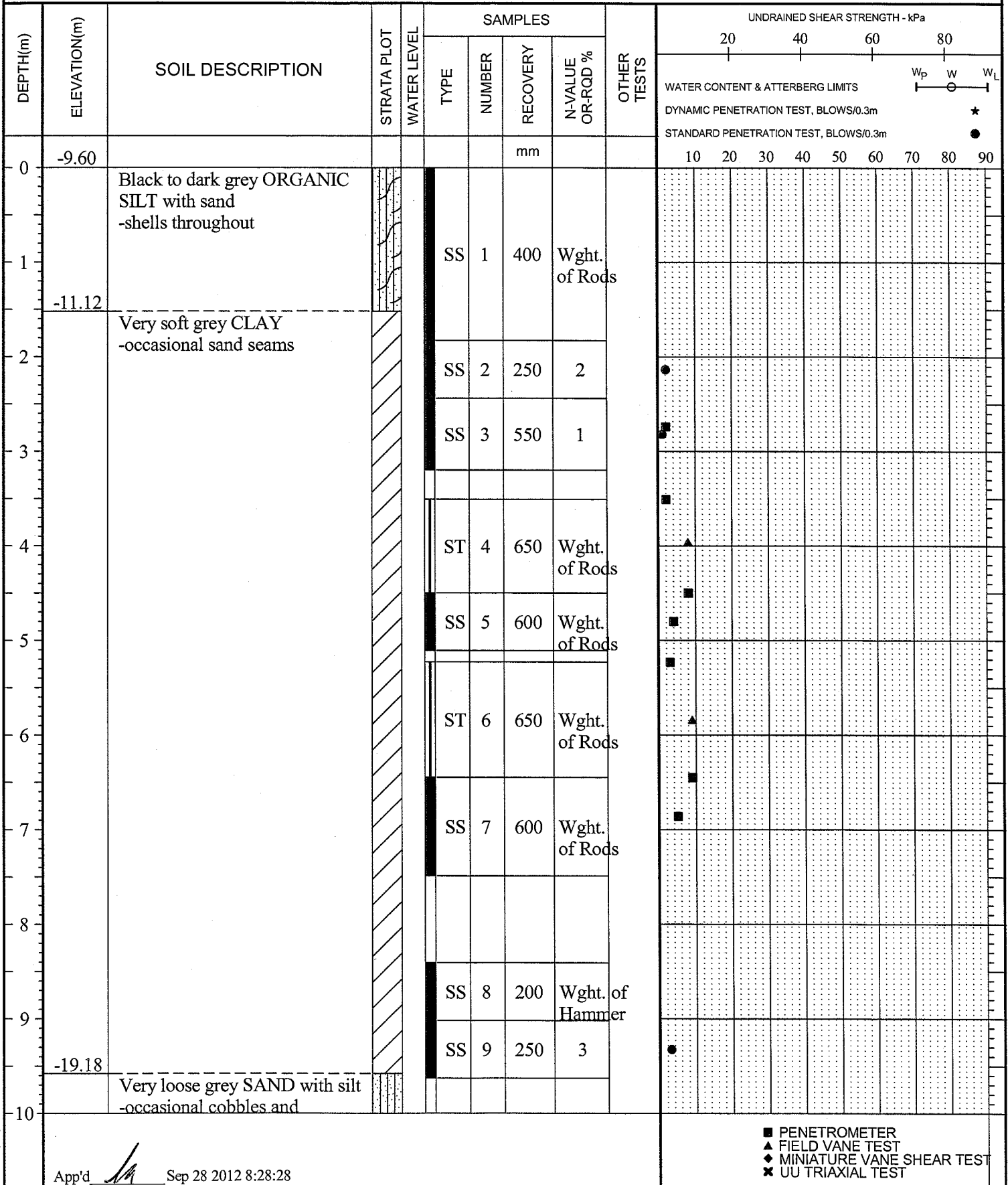
PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/20 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART



App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:28

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH105**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/20 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS					DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m			
											<small>W<sub>p</sub>    W    W<sub>L</sub></small> *    ●					<small>10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90</small>						
10		boulders SAND with silt, cont'd.																				
11					SS	10	100	Wght. of Rods														
11					SS	11	175	2														
12					SS	12	150	50/75mm														
12	-21.97																					
13		Severely fractured to very sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			NQ	13	74%	RQD 39%														
14					NQ	14	100%	100%														
14	-24.13																					
15		End of Borehole																				
16																						
17																						
18																						
19																						
20																						

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:28

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH106**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/30 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa															
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-ROD %		20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90			
0	-13.50	Very loose grey ORGANIC SILT with sand -trace gravel -occasional cobbles and boulders -600mm boulder at depth of 0.3 metres																							
					SS	1	150	50/25mm																	
1					SS	2	200	Wght. of Hammer																	
2		Very soft grey clayey SILT			SS	3	425	Wght. of Hammer																	
3	-15.94				SS	4	600	Wght. of Rods																	
4	-17.69	Very soft grey CLAY End of Borehole			SS	5	600	Wght. of Rods																	
4	-17.84																								
5		-needed to restart borehole as casing wasn't straight																							
6																									
7																									
8																									
9																									
10																									

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:29



### BOREHOLE RECORD

BH106A

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/30 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																																								
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS																																				
								mm										W <sub>p</sub>	W	W <sub>L</sub>																														
0	-13.92																																																	
		Advance casing to where BH106 was terminated																																																
5	-18.57	Very loose to compact grey silty SAND with gravel to SAND with silt -occasional cobbles and boulders -325 mm boulder encountered at depth of 5.2 metres							SS	6	150	70/225mm																																						
										NQ	7	375	-																																					
				</																																														









# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH108**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/20 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa										
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
0	-14.05	Very soft grey CLAY								WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS: $W_p$ $W$ $W_L$ DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m: ★ STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m: ●										
1																				
2					SS	1	450	Wght. of Rods												
3					SS	2	550													
4	-17.86	Very loose grey clayey SAND -trace gravel -occasional cobbles																		
5								SS	3	300	13									
6					SS	4	325	3												
7	-19.71	Compact to dense SAND with gravel and silt to silty SAND																		
8								SS	5	175	31									
9	-20.83				SS	6	150	50/75mm												
10	-23.17	Severely fractured to fractured grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK																		
11								NQ	7	78%	RQD 38%									
12					NQ	8	77%	57%												
13	-23.17	End of Borehole																		

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:30



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH109

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/19 to 2012/07/20 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS												
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">★</span> STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">●</span>												
							mm			10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	W <sub>p</sub>		W	W <sub>L</sub>
0	-6.15	Black to dark grey ORGANIC SILT with sand -trace shells			SS	1	150	2		●												
1					SS	2	375	2		●												
2	-7.83	Very soft grey CLAY			SS	3	0	3		●												
3					SS	4	350	1		●												
4	-10.42	Very loose to very dense grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel -trace clay -occasional cobbles and boulders			ST	5	450	Wght. of Rods		▲												
5					SS	7	250	17		●												
6					SS	8	125	9		●												
7					SS	9	275	7		●												
8					SS	10	75	13		●												
9					SS	11	0	4		●												
10					SS	12	0	8		●												
9	-15.09	Fractured to very sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			SS	13	400	64														
10					NQ	14	80%	RQD 53%														

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:30



# BOREHOLE RECORD

# BH109

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/19 to 2012/07/20 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS				DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m						STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m																
								mm		Wp				W				W <sub>L</sub>				★		●																
										10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90																						
10		FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK, cont'd.																																						
11	-17.58					NQ	15	100%	92%																															
		End of Borehole																																						
12																																								
13																																								
14																																								
15																																								
16																																								
17																																								
18																																								
19																																								
20																																								

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:31



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH110**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/22 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa													
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS													
								mm															
0	-11.16	Very loose dark grey to black ORGANIC SILT with sand -shells throughout				SS	1	175	Wght. of Rods														
1	-12.53	Very soft grey CLAY				SS	2	75	Wght. of Hammer														
2	-13.83	Compact grey SAND with silt to silty SAND -trace clay -occasional cobbles and boulders				SS	3	475	Wght. of Rods	■													
3						SS	4	550	13	●													
4						SS	5	0	12	●													
5						SS	6	275	14	●													
6	-16.67	Very severely fractured to severely fractured slightly weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK				NQ	7	100%	RQD 57%														
7						NQ	8	65%	41%														
8						NQ	9	55%	5%														
9	-19.95	End of Borehole																					
10																							

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:31

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH111**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.  
 LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC  
 DATES: BORING 2012/07/22 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT No. 121613564  
 BH SIZE HW  
 DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS														
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float: right;">★</span> STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float: right;">●</span>														
						mm				10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90						
0	-4.62	Loose to compact dark grey ORGANIC SILT with sand -trace gravel -shells throughout			SS	1	225	6		●														
1					SS	2	450	24			●													
2					SS	3	250	31				●												
	-7.16	Stiff grey CLAY			SS	4	425	14		●														
3	-7.77				SS	5	150	23				●												
4		Loose to compact SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel -occasional cobbles			SS	6	50	20																
5					SS	7	275	6				●												
6					SS	8	200	32																
7					SS	9	100	50/100mm																
8					NQ	10	100%	RQD 100%																
9	-13.76	End of Borehole																						

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:32



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH112

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/18 to 2012/07/19 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS														
								mm		<p>UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa: 20 40 60 80</p> <p>WATER CONTENT &amp; ATTERBERG LIMITS: <math>W_p</math> <math>W</math> <math>W_L</math></p> <p>DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m: *</p> <p>STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m: ●</p>														
										10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90						
0	-9.66	Compact grey to dark grey ORGANIC SILT -trace shells			SS	1	600	11																
1	-10.57				SS	2	500	2																
		Very soft grey CLAY																						
2	-11.34	Compact grey to dark grey silty SAND to silty SAND with gravel -occasional cobbles			SS	3	175	22																
					SS	4	350	13																
3					SS	5	200	15																
4	-13.65	Severely fractured to very sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK - sands seams and quartz seams encountered			SS	6	25	50/25mm																
					NQ	7	100%	RQD 100%																
5					NQ	8	91%	91%																
6					NQ	9	82%	34%																
7	-16.19	End of Borehole																						
8																								
9																								
10																								

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:32



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH113**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/28 to 2012/07/29 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m				STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m			
										$W_p$ $W$ $W_L$			*				•							
					mm					10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90						
0	-19.89	Very soft grey CLAY			SS	1	200	Wght. of Rods																
1					SS	2	600	Wght. of Rods	■															
2					SS	3	600	Wght. of Rods	■															
3					SS	4	600	Wght. of Rods	■															
3					ST	5	600	Wght. of Rods	▲															
5					SS	6	600	Wght. of Rods	■															
6					SS	7	600	Wght. of Rods	■															
7	-26.42				Loose to compact grey silty SAND with gravel -occasional cobbles			SS	8	600	Wght. of Rods													
7		SS	9	325				7		●														
8		SS	10	200				9		●														
9	-28.42	Sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			SS	11	50	50/50mm																
9					NQ	12	85%	RQD 79%																
10																								

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- × UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:33





# BOREHOLE RECORD

# BH113

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.  
 LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC  
 DATES: BORING 2012/07/28 to 2012/07/29 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT No. 121613564  
 BH SIZE HW  
 DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																																												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS				DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m																													
								mm																																														
10		FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK, cont'd.			NQ	13	96%	87%																																														
11	-30.91	End of Borehole																																																				
12																																																						
13																																																						
14																																																						
15																																																						
16																																																						
17																																																						
18																																																						
19																																																						
20																																																						

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:33

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH114

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/29 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																	
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m										
								mm																			
0	-19.30	Very loose grey sandy SILT with gravel to silty SAND with gravel																									
					SS 1	50	Wght. of Rods																				
1	-20.21	Very soft grey clayey SILT																									
					SS 2	100	Wght. of Hammer																				
					SS 3	425	Wght. of Rods																				
					SS 4	450	Wght. of Rods																				
2	-21.74	Very soft grey CLAY																									
					SS 5	600	Wght. of Rods																				
					SS 6	600	Wght. of Rods																				
					ST 7	600	Wght. of Rods																				
					SS 8	600	Wght. of Hammer																				
					SS 9	300	6																				
6	-25.55	Loose to compact grey silty SAND with gravel to SAND with silt																									
					SS 10	150	5																				
					SS 11	75	6																				
					SS 12	225	15																				
					SS 13	325	6																				

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:33

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH114**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/29 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m
					mm																			
10	-30.15	Silty SAND with gravel to SAND with silt, cont'd.			SS	14	0	50/25mm																
11		Fractured to sound slightly weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK -275 mm zone of dark grey MAFIC GNEISS encountered at depth of 11.8 metres			NQ	15	175	-																
12									100%	RQD	77%													
13	-32.33	End of Borehole			NQ	16	97%	38%																
14																								
15																								
16																								
17																								
18																								
19																								
20																								

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:33

MBH 9/28/12



**BOREHOLE RECORD**

**BH115**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/30 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa									
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-ROD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS									
										mm	W <sub>p</sub>	W	W <sub>L</sub>	DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m					
					STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m														
0	-17.69	Very loose dark grey to black ORGANIC SILT with sand -shells throughout			ST 1	450		PUSH											
1					ST 2	425		PUSH											
2	-19.52				ST 3	600		PUSH											
		Very soft grey clayey SILT -shells throughout			SS 4	550		Wght. of Rods											
3	-20.87				SS 5	600		Wght. of Rods											
		Very soft grey CLAY			SS 6	575		Wght. of Rods											
4					SS 7	600		Wght. of Rods											
5					SS 8	550		Wght. of Rods											
		Very loose to compact grey SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel -occasional cobbles and boulders			SS 9	400		3											
6	-24.29				SS 10	225		12											
7					SS 11	325		12											
8					SS 12	50		2											
9	-26.96				SS 13	300		50/75mm											
10		End of Borehole -barge needed to be moved for an onshore blast																	

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- × UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:34



# BOREHOLE RECORD

# BH115A

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

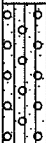
PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC


BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/30 to 2012/07/31 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																				
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %						WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS				DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m									
0	-17.91	Advanced casing to where BH115 was terminated						mm			20	40	60	80	W <sub>p</sub>	W	W <sub>L</sub>	*	★	●	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	
1																														
2																														
3																														
4																														
5																														
6																														
7																														
8																														
9	-26.90	Grey SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel -cobble and boulders throughout																												
10																														

MBH 9/28/12

App'd  Sep 28 2012 8:28:34



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH115A**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.  
 LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC  
 DATES: BORING 2012/07/30 to 2012/07/31 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT No. 121613564  
 BH SIZE HW  
 DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							
					mm					10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90														
10		SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel, cont'd.			NQ	14	850	-																
11	-28.88	Very severely fractured slightly to moderately weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			NQ	15	71%	RQD 14%																
13	-31.60				NQ	16	97%	17%																
14		End of Borehole																						
15																								
16																								
17																								
18																								
19																								
20																								

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:34



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH116**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/31 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m
									<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>10</span><span>20</span><span>30</span><span>40</span><span>50</span><span>60</span><span>70</span><span>80</span><span>90</span> </div>															
0	-16.79	Very soft grey clayey SILT						mm																
1	-17.93	Dark grey to grey ORGANIC SILT with sand to silty SAND -frequent shell fragments			SS	1	150	Wght. of Rods																
2	-19.13	Very soft grey clayey SILT			SS	2	200	Wght. of Rods																
3	-20.40	Very soft grey CLAY			SS	3	600	Wght. of Hammer																
4	-21.36	Very loose to compact grey SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel -occasional cobbles			SS	4	600	Wght. of Rods	■															
5					SS	5	600	Wght. of Rods	■															
6					SS	6	600	Wght. of Rods	■															
7					SS	7	75	4	●															
8					SS	8	50	8	●															
9					SS	9	100	9	●															
10					SS	10	325	6	●															
11					SS	11	25	10	●															
12					SS	12	400	4	●															
13	-25.45	Severely fractured to fractured slightly to moderately weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK -occasional sand seams			NQ	13	100%	RQD 31%																

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:35



# BOREHOLE RECORD

# BH116

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/31 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa									
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m		
								mm		<p>WATER CONTENT &amp; ATTERBERG LIMITS: <math>W_p</math> <math>W</math> <math>W_L</math></p> <p>DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m: ★</p> <p>STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m: ●</p> <p>10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90</p>									
10		FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK, cont'd.			NQ	14	74%	37%											
11					NQ	15	100%	39%											
12					NQ	16	100%	50%											
13	-29.59	End of Borehole																	
14																			
15																			
16																			
17																			
18																			
19																			
20																			

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST





## BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH117**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. **121613564**

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE **HW**

DATES: BORING 2012/07/21 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM **CHART**

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %																		
0	-9.58	Very loose black to dark grey ORGANIC SILT with sand -shells throughout																								
1					mm																					
2	-11.76	Very loose to compact grey silty SAND -trace clay -shells throughout			SS	2	150	Wght. of Hammer																		
3					SS	3	425	Wght. of Hammer																		
4					SS	4	150	16																		
4	-13.75				SS	5	275	2																		
5		Very soft grey CLAY -sand seams encountered below depth of 10.2 metres			SS	6	0	Wght. of Rods																		
6					SS	7	475	Wght. of Rods																		
7					ST	8	675	Wght. of Rods																		
8					SS	9	600	Wght. of Rods																		
9					SS	10	600	Wght. of Rods																		
9					SS	11	600	Wght. of Rods																		

MBH 9/28/12

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✖ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:36



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH117

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.  
 LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC  
 DATES: BORING 2012/07/21 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT No. 121613564  
 BH SIZE HW  
 DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m					
								mm		W <sub>P</sub> W    W <sub>L</sub> ○    ○    ○ * •												
10		CLAY, cont'd.																				
11						SS	12	400	Wght. of Rods													
12						SS	13	600	Wght. of Rods													
	-21.98	Very loose to compact grey SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel -occasional cobbles and boulders				ST	14	0	PUSH													
						SS	15	225	1													
						SS	16	150	Wght. of Hammer													
						SS	17	250	8													
						SS	18	400	80/225mm													
	-25.56	COBBLES and BOULDERS				NQ	19	250	-													
						NQ	20	100%	50%													
	-26.90	Very severely fractured slightly weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK																				
	-27.61	End of Borehole																				
20																						

□ MBH 9/28/12

App'd *ha* Sep 28 2012 8:28:36

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH408**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/22 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa										
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
0	-6.17						mm			WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m ★ STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m ●										
1		Loose grey to dark grey silty SAND to sandy SILT -trace organics -trace gravel -trace shells			SS	1	100	6		●										
2	-7.74	Very soft grey CLAY			SS	2	450	13		●										
3					SS	3	600	3		●										
4	-8.91	Compact grey SAND with silt to silty SAND with gravel -occasional cobbles and boulders			SS	4	300	3		●										
5					SS	5	50	15		●										
6		- 325 mm boulder			SS	6	275	14		●										
7					SS	7	50	50/75mm												
8					SS	8	100	56/175mm												
9	-12.88	Sound to very sound slightly weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			NQ	9	98%	RQD 87%												
10					NQ	10	85%	74%												
10	-15.21	End of Borehole																		

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:36



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH409**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/22 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m
									Wp      W      W <sub>L</sub> * ●															
					mm				10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90															
0	-10.19	Very loose dark grey ORGANIC SILT with sand -shells throughout			SS	1	100	Wght. of Rods																
1	-11.41				SS	2	0																	
2		Soft grey CLAY -trace gravel			SS	3	25	1/900mm																
3	-12.93				SS	4	50	50/75mm																
4		Severely fractured to sound slightly weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			NQ	5	100%	RQD 50%																
5	-15.12				NQ	6	93%	78%																
5		End of Borehole																						
6																								
7																								
8																								
9																								
10																								



**BOREHOLE RECORD**

**BH410**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/22 to 2012/07/23

WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m				
										20 40 60 80			10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90											
0	-6.22	Very loose grey sandy SILT						mm																
1	-7.44	Very soft grey CLAY				SS	1	0	Wght. of Rods															
2	-8.30	Compact grey SAND with silt to silty SAND -trace gravel				SS	2	350	Wght. of Rods															
3	-9.57	Very sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK				SS	3	600	Wght. of Hammer															
4						SS	4	400	8															
5						SS	5	225	14															
6	-11.81	End of Borehole				SS	6	125	50/125mm															
7						NQ	7	98%	RQD 92%															
8						NQ	8	100%	100%															
9																								
10																								



# BOREHOLE RECORD

## BH411

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/23 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																																
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m																		
							mm																																			
0	-14.30	Very loose grey to dark grey ORGANIC SILT																																								
	-15.21				SS	1	325	Wght. of Rods																																		
1	-15.52	Very loose grey sandy SILT to silty SAND -trace gravel -occasional shells			SS	2	600	Wght. of Rods																																		
2		Very soft grey CLAY			SS	3	600	Wght. of Hammer	■																																	
3					ST	4	600	Wght. of Rods	■																																	
4					SS	5	600	Wght. of Rods																																		
5	-19.48				SS	6	600	Wght. of Rods	■																																	
6		Severely fractured moderately weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK																																								
7					NQ	7	90%	RQD 43%																																		
8	-22.45				NQ	8	81%	46%																																		
9		End of Borehole																																								
10																																										

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:37

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH412**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/23 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS												
								mm		Wp      W      W <sub>L</sub> * •												
										10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90				
0	-8.22																					
		Very loose black to dark grey ORGANIC SILT with sand -shells throughout				SS	1	350	Wght. of Rods													
1	-9.06					SS	2	100	8													
		Loose to compact grey silty SAND -shells throughout				SS	3	200	37													
	-9.87					NQ	4	100%	RQD													
2		Sound to very sound grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK				NQ	5	100%	71%													
						NQ	6	94%	86%													
4	-12.54																					
		End of Borehole																				
5																						
6																						
7																						
8																						
9																						
10																						

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:38



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH413**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/23 to 2012/07/24 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20 40 60 80					WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS							
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      * STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      •												
										10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90												
0	-14.60	Very loose dark grey to black ORGANIC SILT with sand -strong organic odour																				
					SS 1	200	mm	Wght. of Hammer														
1	-15.97	Very loose black SAND with organic silt -strong organic odour																				
					SS 2	450		Wght. of Rods														
2		Very loose black SAND with organic silt -strong organic odour																				
					SS 3	600	1															
3	-17.34	Compact dark grey silty SAND with gravel to SAND with silt -organic odour -shells throughout																				
					SS 4	600	12															
4		-375 mm boulder																				
					SS 5	600		Wght. of Rods														
5	-19.10	Very soft grey CLAY																				
					SS 6	300		Wght. of Rods														
6																						
					ST 7	0		Wght. of Rods														
7																						
					SS 8	600		Wght. of Rods														
8																						
					ST 9	600		PUSH														
9																						
					SS 10	600		Wght. of Rods														
10																						

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *M* Sep 28 2012 8:28:38







# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH414**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2102/07/23 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa											
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
0	-11.02									WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS $W_p$ $W$ $W_L$ DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m * STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m ●											
0	-11.48	Very loose dark grey <b>ORGANIC SILT</b> with sand				SS	1	200	Wght. of Rods												
1		Very loose dark grey to black <b>SAND</b> with organic silt -shells throughout -strong organic odour				SS	2	250	3	●											
2						SS	3	25	Wght. of Hammer												
2	-13.66					SS	4	425	1	●											
3		Intermixed layers of very soft grey <b>CLAY</b> and grey <b>SILT</b> -sand seams encountered below depth of 10 metres				SS	5	450	Wght. of Rods												
4						SS	6	450	7	●											
5						SS	7	600	Wght. of Rods												
6						SS	8	600	Wght. of Rods	■											
6						SS	9	300	Wght. of Rods												
6						SS	10	600	Wght. of Rods												
7						SS	11	600	Wght. of Rods												
8						SS	12	600	Wght. of Rods												
9						ST	13	600	Wght. of Rods	▲											
9						SS	14	600	Wght. of Rods	■											

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:39



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH414**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2102/07/23 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa													
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m			
										20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	
10		CLAY and SILT, cont'd.				SS	15	450	Wght. of Rods														
11						SS	16	425	Wght. of Rods														
	-22.58																						
12		Severely fractured to fractured slightly to moderately weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK -quartz mineralization throughout				NQ	17	100%	RQD 38%														
13						NQ	18	100%	70%														
14	-25.04	End of Borehole																					
15																							
16																							
17																							
18																							
19																							
20																							

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:39

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH415**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/24 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa									
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-ROD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m		
									<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <span>10</span><span>20</span><span>30</span><span>40</span><span>50</span><span>60</span><span>70</span><span>80</span><span>90</span> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> <span><math>W_p</math></span><span><math>W</math></span><span><math>W_L</math></span> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> <span>★</span><span>●</span> </div>										
0	-14.41							mm											
	-14.79	Very loose grey ORGANIC SILT with sand			SS	1	550	Wght. of Rods											
1	-15.32	Very loose grey silty SAND -trace gravel -trace shells Soft grey CLAY			SS	2	600	Wght. of Hammer											
2	-16.39	Very loose grey SILT with sand to silty SAND -shells throughout -trace gravel			SS	3	600	Wght. of Rods											
3					SS	4	600	5	●										
4	-18.19	Very soft grey CLAY			SS	5	600	Wght. of Hammer											
6					ST	6	600	Wght. of Rods	▲										
7					SS	7	600	Wght. of Rods	■										
8					ST	8	600	Wght. of Rods	▲										
9					SS	9	600	Wght. of Rods	■										
10					SS	10	600	Wght. of Rods	■										
10					SS	11	600	Wght. of Rods	■										

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:40

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH415

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/24 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa									
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS									
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">★</span> STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">●</span>									
										10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90									
10		CLAY, cont'd.																	
11						ST 12	600	PUSH											
12	-26.58					SS 13	400	Wght. of Rods											
13		Compact grey silty SAND with gravel to SAND with silt				SS 14	175	10											
13	-27.87					SS 15	100	85/250mm											
14		COBBLES and BOULDERS -possible bedrock at 13.9 metres				NQ 16	425	-											
14	-28.74					NQ 17	500mm-												
15		Very severely fractured to sound slightly weathered dark grey MAFIC GNEISS:BEDROCK				NQ 18	100%	66%											
17		- 125 mm Quartz seam at depth of 16.9 metres				NQ 19	100%	89%											
17	-32.04																		
18		End of Borehole																	
19																			
20																			

■ PENETROMETER  
▲ FIELD VANE TEST  
◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST  
× UU TRIAXIAL TEST

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:40







# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH417

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/25 to 2012/07/26 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %														
0	-13.88							mm														
		Very loose dark grey ORGANIC SILT				SS	1	350	Wght. of Rods													
						SS	2	600	Wght. of Rods													
	-15.43																					
		Very loose grey silty SAND with gravel -trace shells				SS	3	200	Wght. of Hammer													
						SS	4	300	1													
	-16.93																					
		Very soft grey CLAY				SS	5	600	Wght. of Rods	■												
						SS	6	600	Wght. of Rods	■												
						SS	7	600	Wght. of Rods	■												
						SS	8	350	Wght. of Rods	■												
						SS	9	600	Wght. of Rods	■												
						SS	10	600	Wght. of Rods	■												
10																						

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:41







# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH418**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/25 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																															
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m																								
							mm			W <sub>p</sub> W    W <sub>L</sub>			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m																												
										10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90																							
0	-12.13	Very loose dark grey ORGANIC SILT with sand -occasional cobbles -shells throughout			SS	1	350	Wght. of Rods																																	
1					SS	2	600	Wght. of Rods																																	
2					SS	3	50	7																																	
3	-14.64				SS	4	600	3																																	
4		Very loose grey SILT with sand to sandy SILT -shells throughout			SS	5	400	Wght of Hammer																																	
5					SS	6	600	Wght of Hammer																																	
6					ST	7	0	PUSH																																	
7	-17.01	Very soft grey CLAY			SS	8	600	Wght. of Rods																																	
8					SS	9	600	Wght. of Rods																																	
9					ST	10	600	Wght. of Rods																																	
10																																									

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:42

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

## BH418

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/25 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa														
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m							STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m
10		CLAY. cont'd.				SS	11	600	Wght. of Rods															
	-23.00																							
11		Inferred to be silty SAND with gravel -spoon broke off in borehole				SS	12	-	27															
	-23.61																							
12		Fractured moderately weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK				NQ	13	100%	RQD 53%															
13						NQ	14	93%	67%															
14	-26.02	End of Borehole				NQ	15	100%	61%															
15																								
16																								
17																								
18																								
19																								
20																								

MBH 9/28/12

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:42

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH419**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/24 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa											
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RCD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS											
										Wp      W      W <sub>L</sub>  ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----											
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      * STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m      ●											
								mm		10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90			
0	-6.74	Very loose to loose dark grey to black ORGANIC SILT with sand																			
1	-7.76	Very loose to loose black SAND with organic silt -strong organic odour -shells throughout																			
2																					
3																					
4																					
5	-11.06	Very loose to loose dark grey SAND with organic silt to ORGANIC SILT with sand -strong organic odour -shells throughout																			
6																					
7																					
8	-12.28	Very loose to loose grey silty SAND to SAND with silt -shells throughout -trace gravel																			
9																					
10																					
11	-14.26	Very soft grey SILT																			
12																					
13																					
14	-15.53	Very soft grey CLAY																			
15																					
16																					

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:43

MBH\_9/28/12





# BOREHOLE RECORD

BH420

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/25 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa															
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		20	40	60	80	WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS			DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m				STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m				
0	-7.61							mm																	
		Very loose to loose black ORGANIC SILT with sand -shells throughout				SS	1	50	Wght. of Rods																
1						SS	2	400	Wght. of Rods																
	-9.13																								
2		Very loose to loose SAND with organic silt -shells throughout -occasional cobbles -strong organic odour				SS	3	25	6																
3						SS	4	400	3																
	-11.50																								
4		Black ORGANIC SILT -trace gravel -occasional cobbles				SS	5	225	9																
	-12.11																								
5		Very loose to loose dark grey silty SAND with gravel -shells throughout				SS	6	600	4																
	-13.71																								
6		Very soft grey SILT				SS	7	350	6																
	-14.26																								
7		Very soft grey CLAY -sand seam at depth of 9.24 metres				SS	8	600	Wght. of Rods																
8																									
9						SS	9	600	Wght. of Rods																
						SS	10	600	Wght. of Rods																
10																									

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH420**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/25 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa												
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS												
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">★</span> STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">●</span>												
							mm			10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	W <sub>p</sub>		W	W <sub>L</sub>
10		CLAY, cont'd.																				
11	-18.68				SS	11	600	Wght. of Rods														
		Loose grey silty SAND with gravel																				
	-19.29				SS	13	50	50/50mm														
12		Very severely fractured to severely fractured grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK -seam of MAFIC GNEISS encountered																				
					NQ	14	44%	RQD 0%														
13																						
					NQ	15	97%	36%														
14	-21.86	End of Borehole																				
15																						
16																						
17																						
18																						
19																						
20																						

- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:44

MBH 9/28/12



# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH423**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/25 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART

DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa										
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS										
								mm		DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">★</span> STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">●</span>										
										10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	W <sub>p</sub> W    W <sub>L</sub>	
0	-3.56	Very loose black ORGANIC SILT			SS	1	100	1		●										
	-4.17	-shells throughout																		
1		Compact black SAND with organic silt			SS	2	350	14			●									
		-trace gravel																		
		-occasional cobbles			SS	3	275	32					●							
		-shells throughout																		
2		-strong organic odour			SS	4	225	25				●								
	-6.02																			
3		Loose grey SILT with sand to silty SAND with gravel			SS	5	25	9			●									
		-occasional cobbles																		
4					SS	6	450	7			●									
	-7.70																			
	-7.90	Very soft grey CLAY																		
5		Dense grey silty SAND with gravel			SS	7	175	63/250mm												
	-8.54	-occasional cobbles																		
6		Severely fractured to sound slightly weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK			NQ	8	75mm -													
		-iron staining						100% RQD												
								77%												
7					NQ	9	98%	47%												
	-10.98																			
		End of Borehole																		
8																				
9																				
10																				

MBH 9/28/12

App'd *[Signature]* Sep 28 2012 8:28:44





# BOREHOLE RECORD

**BH424**

CLIENT CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.

PROJECT No. 121613564

LOCATION PROPOSED WHARF - SITE 1, DECEPTION BAY, QUEBEC

BH SIZE HW

DATES: BORING 2012/07/25 WATER LEVEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM CHART


DEPTH(m)	ELEVATION(m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	SAMPLES				OTHER TESTS	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH - kPa																
					TYPE	NUMBER	RECOVERY	N-VALUE OR-RQD %		WATER CONTENT & ATTERBERG LIMITS																
										DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">★</span> STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS/0.3m <span style="float:right">●</span>																
										20	40	60	80	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90				
0	-3.37	Very loose dark grey ORGANIC SILT with sand -shells throughout					mm																			
	-4.06				SS 1	150	Wght. of Rods																			
1					SS 2	525	4																			
2					SS 3	425	2																			
3	-6.52	Very soft grey CLAY																								
					SS 4	300	1																			
4					SS 5	475	Wght. of Hammer																			
5	-8.20	-sand seams below depth of 4.4 metres																								
					SS 6	600	Wght. of Hammer																			
6	-9.29	Loose grey silty sand with gravel -occasional cobbles																								
					SS 7	225	Wght. of Hammer																			
7		Severely fractured to fractured slightly weathered grey FELSIC GNEISS:BEDROCK																								
					SS 8	575	9																			
8	-11.07	End of Borehole																								
9					SS 9	25	7																			
10																										

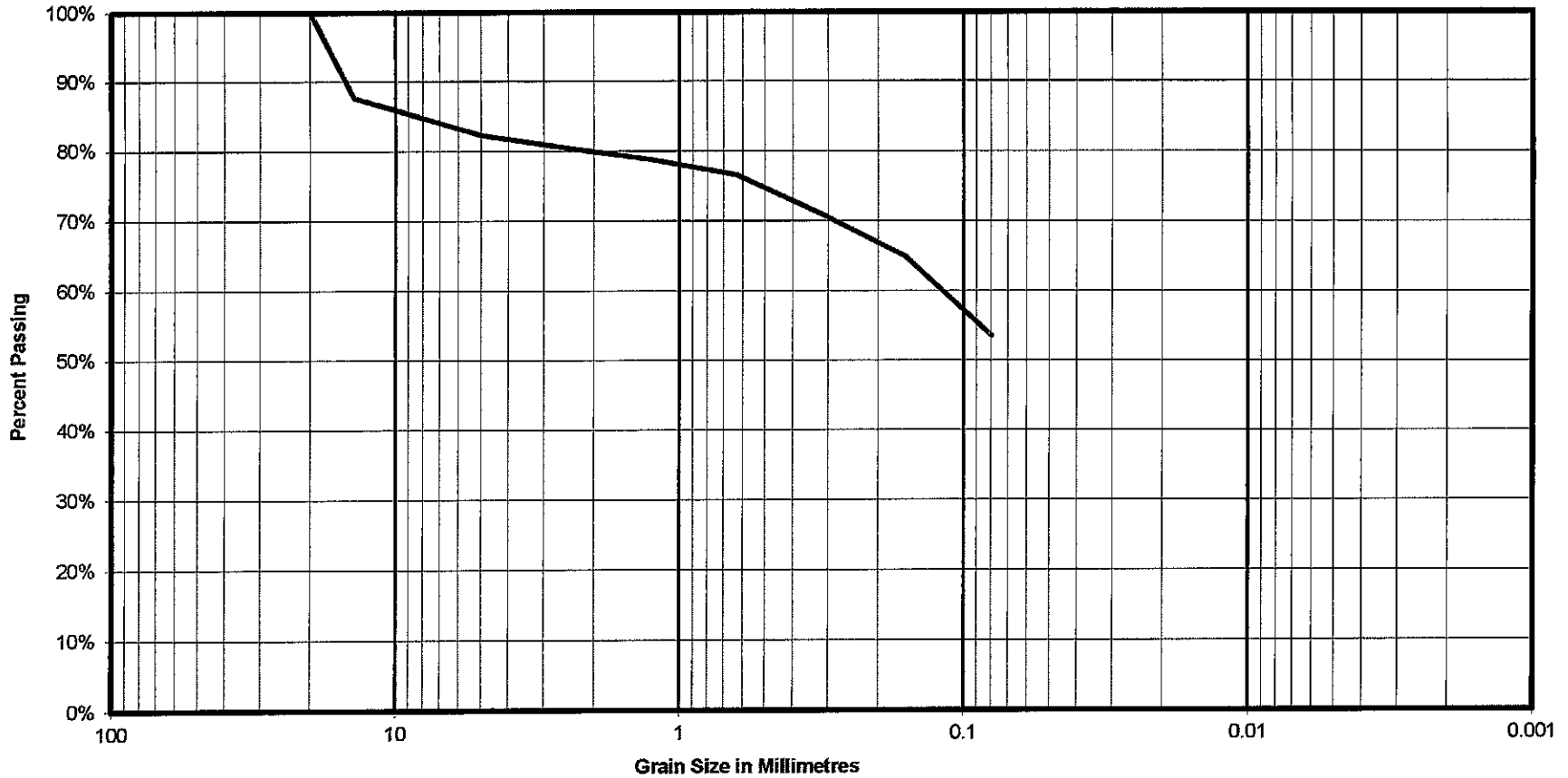
- PENETROMETER
- ▲ FIELD VANE TEST
- ◆ MINIATURE VANE SHEAR TEST
- ✕ UU TRIAXIAL TEST

App'd Sep 28 2012 8:28:45

MBH 9/28/12

**APPENDIX B**  
**Grain Size Curves**

Approved: 



Gravel		Sand			Silt and Clay
Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	

Unified Soil Classification System ASTM D 2487/2488

Curve	BOREHOLE/TESTPIT	SAMPLE	DEPTH (m)	Soil Fractions			Soil Description
				Gravel	Sand	Silt/Clay	
—	BH 15	Sa 4	2.11 - 2.72	18%	29%	54%	Sandy CLAY with Gravel

Job No.: 121613564



Stantec

Approved: *[Signature]*




Gravel		Sand			Silt and Clay
Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	

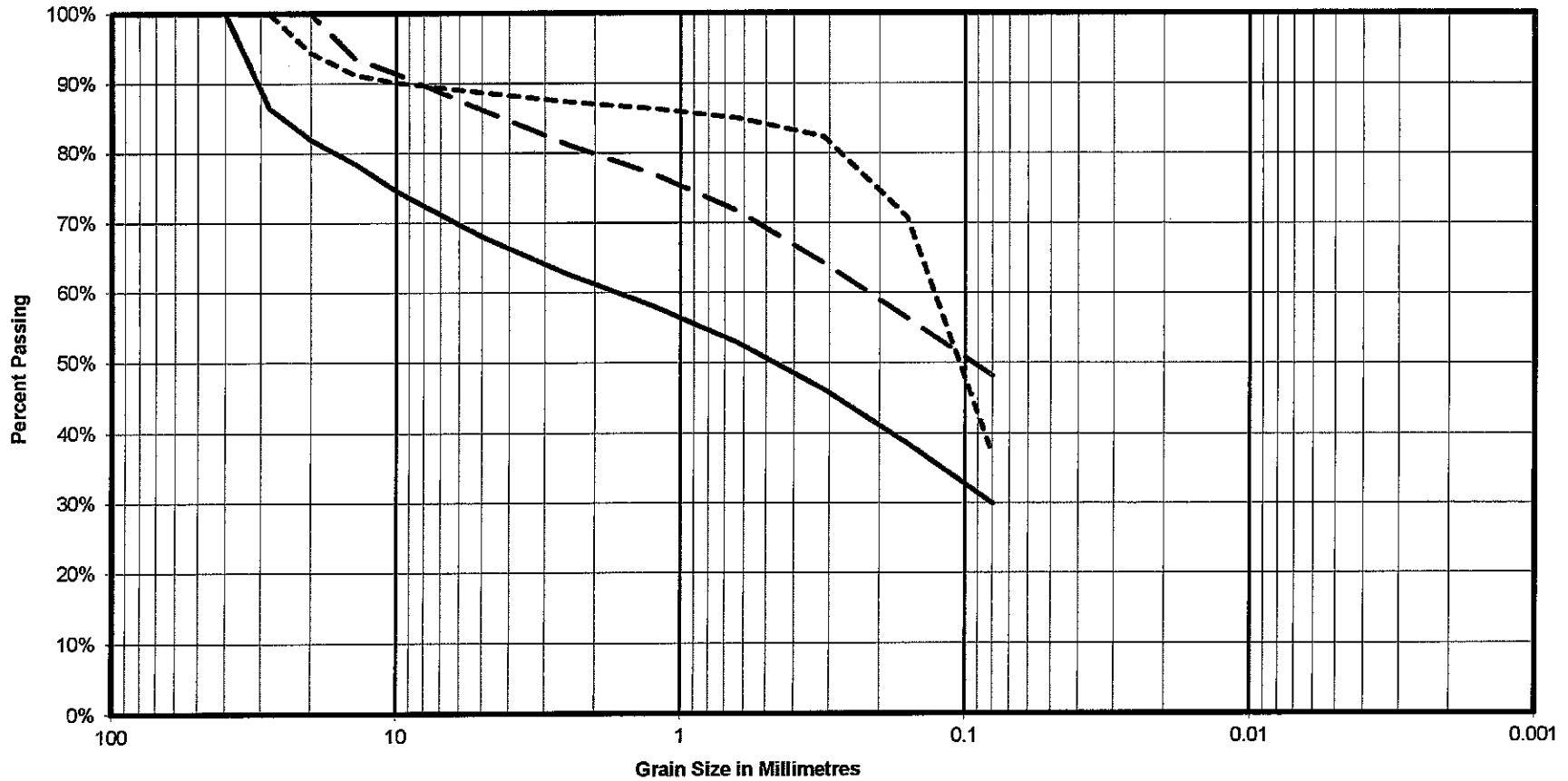
Unified Soil Classification System ASTM D 2487/2488

Curve	BOREHOLE/TESTPIT	SAMPLE	DEPTH (m)	Soil Fractions			Soil Description
				Gravel	Sand	Silt/Clay	
—	BH 4A	Sa 6	6.1		3%	97%	CLAY
- - -	BH 8	Sa 4	3.05 - 3.66		2%	98%	CLAY



Stantec

Approved: 



Gravel		Sand			Silt and Clay
Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	

Unified Soil Classification System ASTM D 2487/2488

Curve	BOREHOLE/TESTPIT	SAMPLE	DEPTH (m)	Soil Fractions			Soil Description
				Gravel	Sand	Silt/Clay	
—	BH 4	Sa 11	14.43 - 15.04	32%	38%	30%	Silty SAND with Gravel
- - -	BH 7	Sa 6	5.11 - 5.71	14%	38%	48%	Silty SAND
- . - .	BH 7	Sa 7	5.71 - 6.32	11%	52%	37%	Silty SAND

Job No.: 121613564

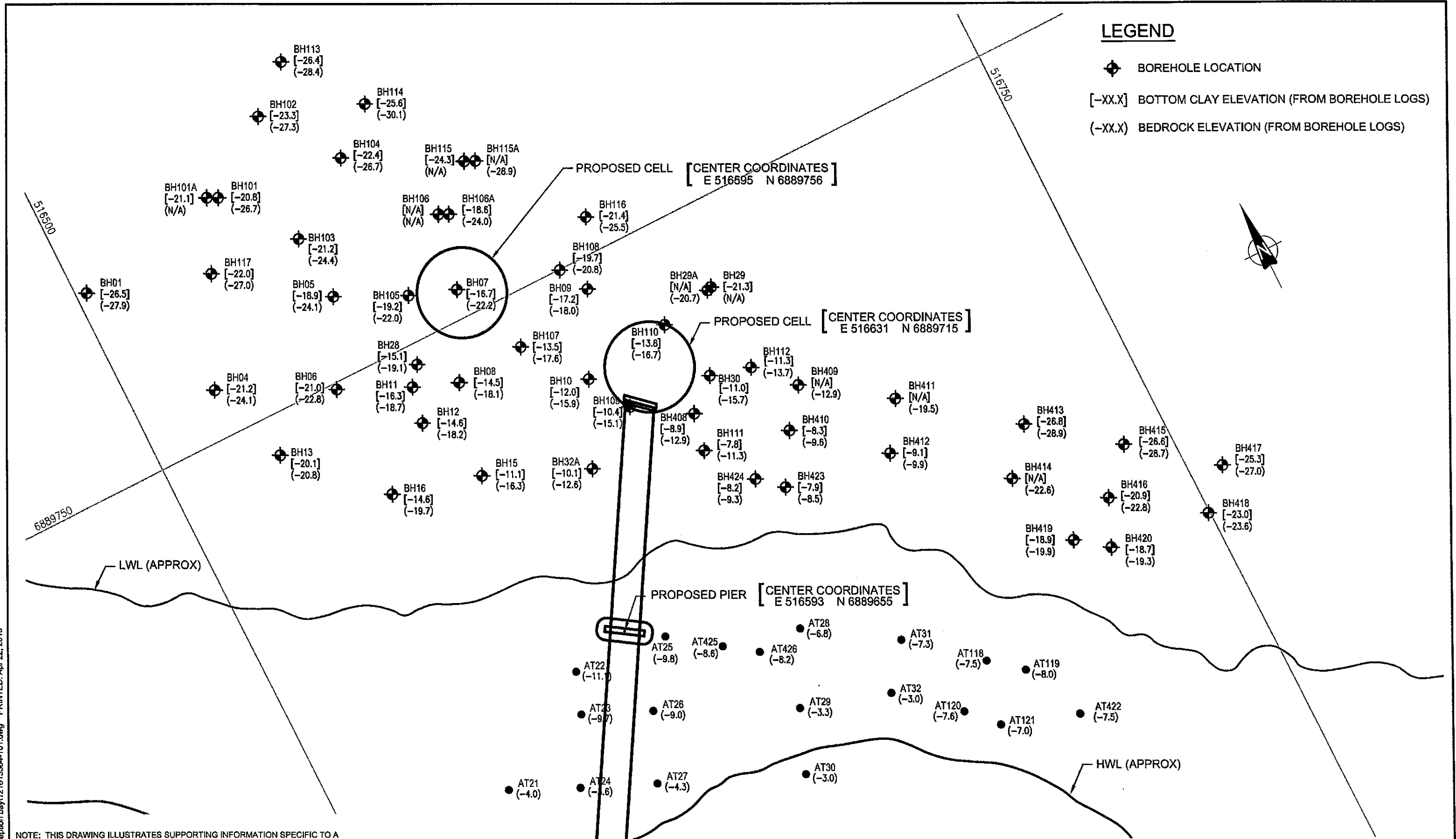


Stantec

**APPENDIX C**  
**Drawing No. 101, Borehole Location Plan**

**LEGEND**

- ◆ BOREHOLE LOCATION
- [ -XX.X ] BOTTOM CLAY ELEVATION (FROM BOREHOLE LOGS)
- ( -XX.X ) BEDROCK ELEVATION (FROM BOREHOLE LOGS)



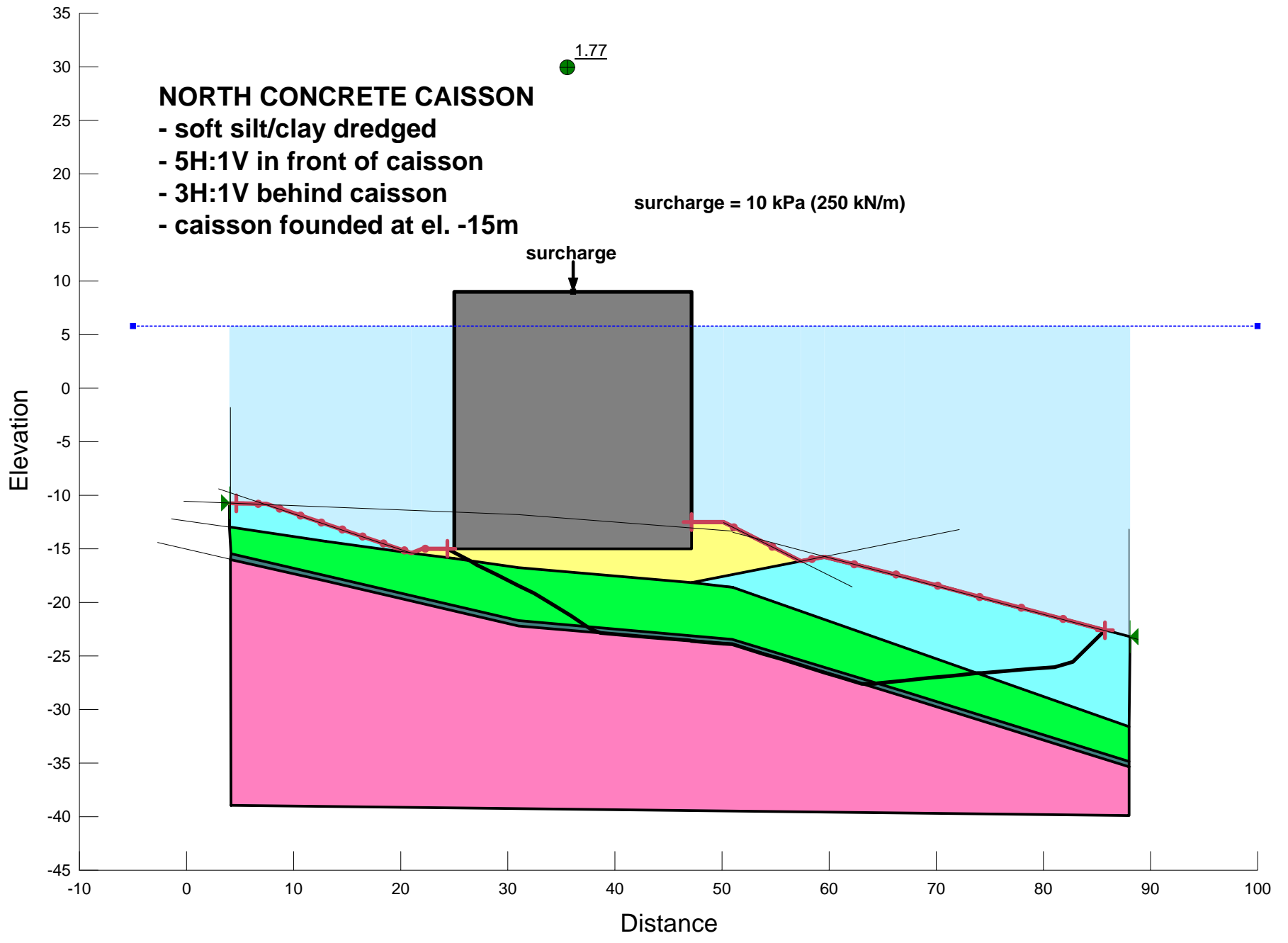
NOTE: THIS DRAWING ILLUSTRATES SUPPORTING INFORMATION SPECIFIC TO A STANTEC CONSULTING LTD REPORT AND MUST NOT BE USED FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

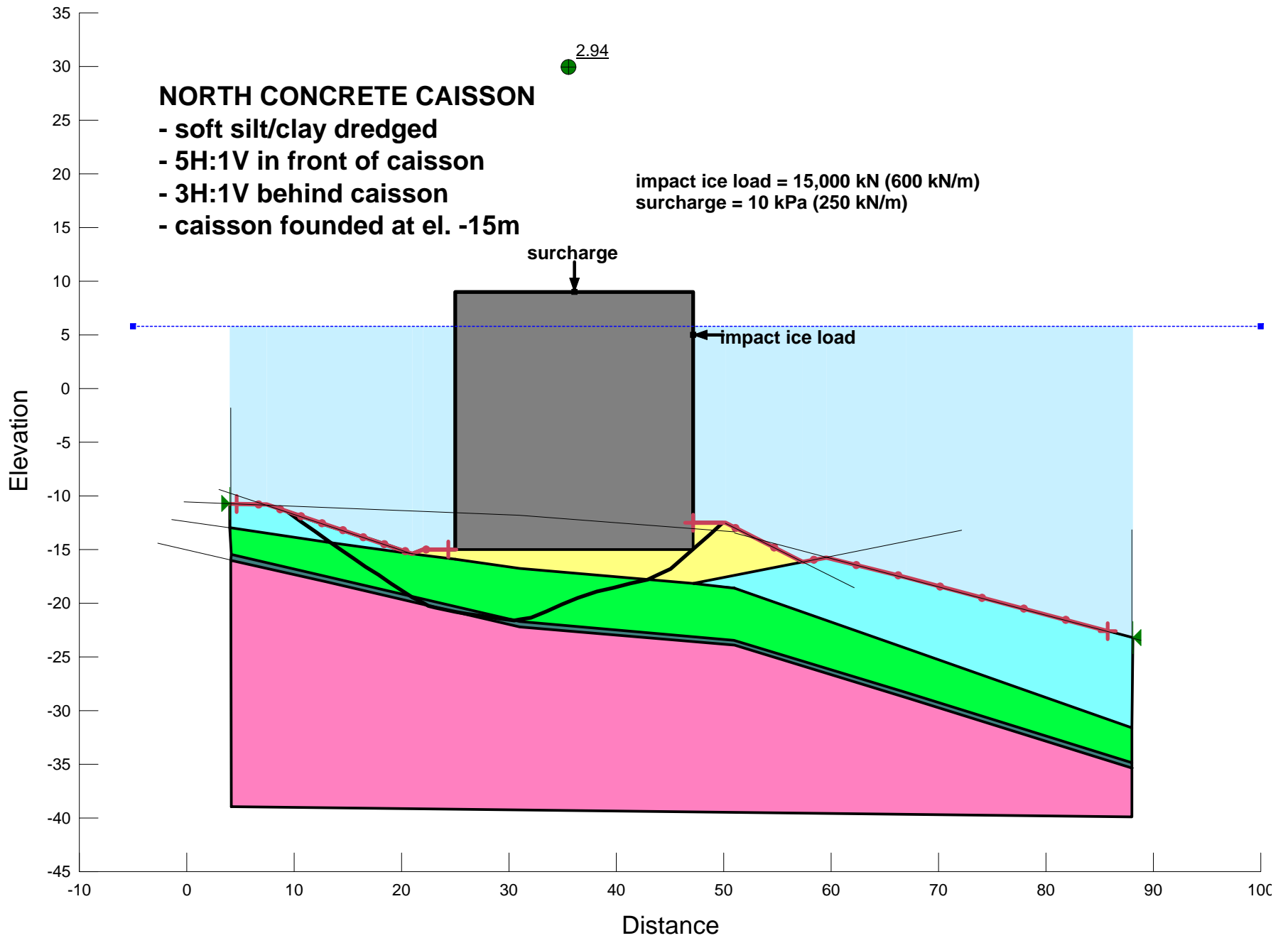
T:\1216\XX\121613564\deception bay\121613564-101.dwg PRINTED: Apr 22, 2013

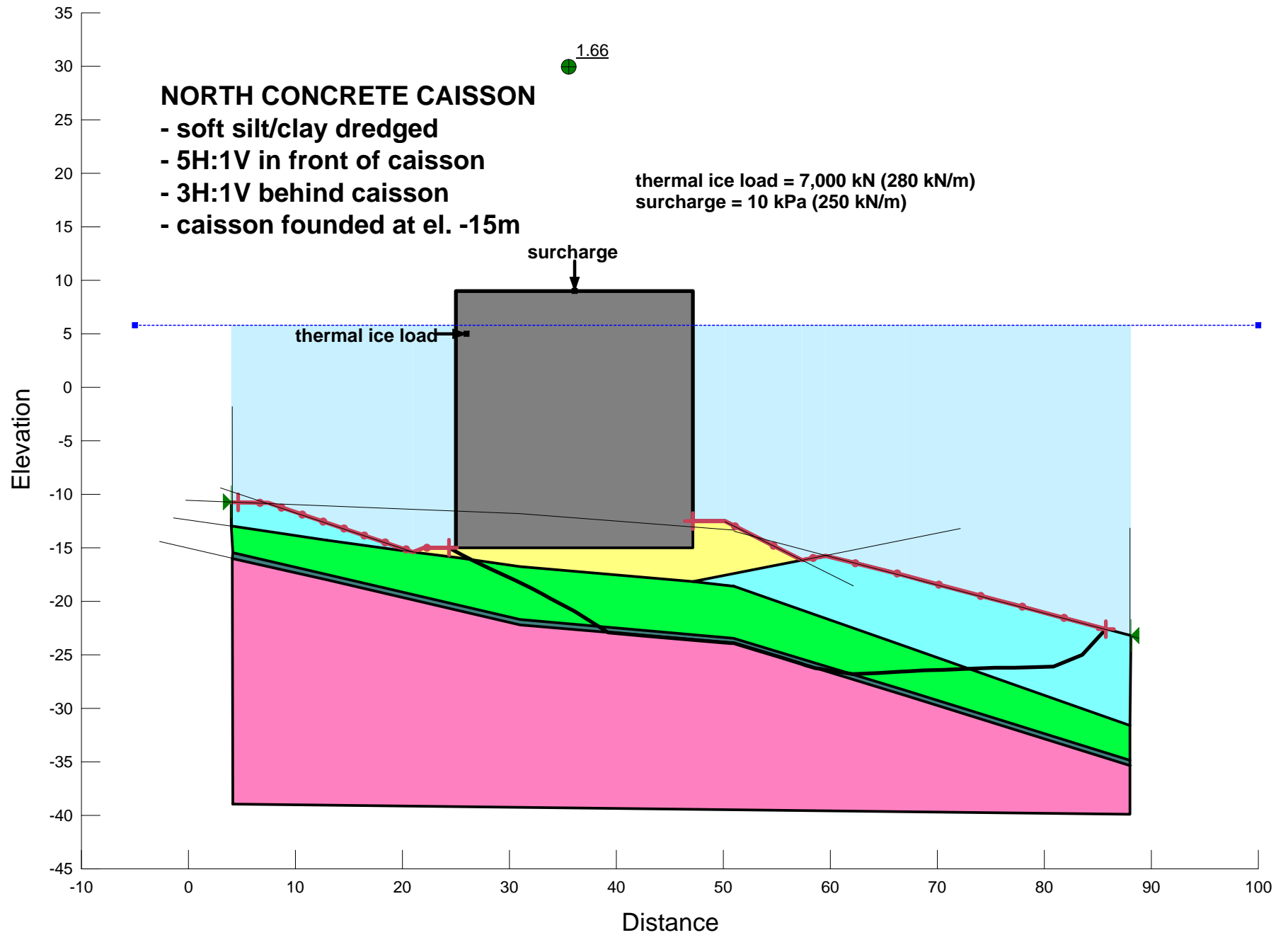
Reference: -CAD FILE "10730_contours.dwg" PROVIDED BY IGLU, 5 JULY 2012 -CAD FILE "8063SG-001-BTY-DECP12-01-0.dwg" PROVIDED BY FUGRO JACQUES GEOSURVEYS INC., 30 AUG, 2011	Job No.: 121613564	Client: CANADIAN ROYALTIES INC.	Project: DECEPTION BAY WHARF SITE 1	Drawing Title: BOREHOLE LOCATION PLAN	Dwg. No.: 101	
	Scale: 1:1000					
	Date: 2013/04/16					
	Dwn. By: BSP					
	App'd By:					

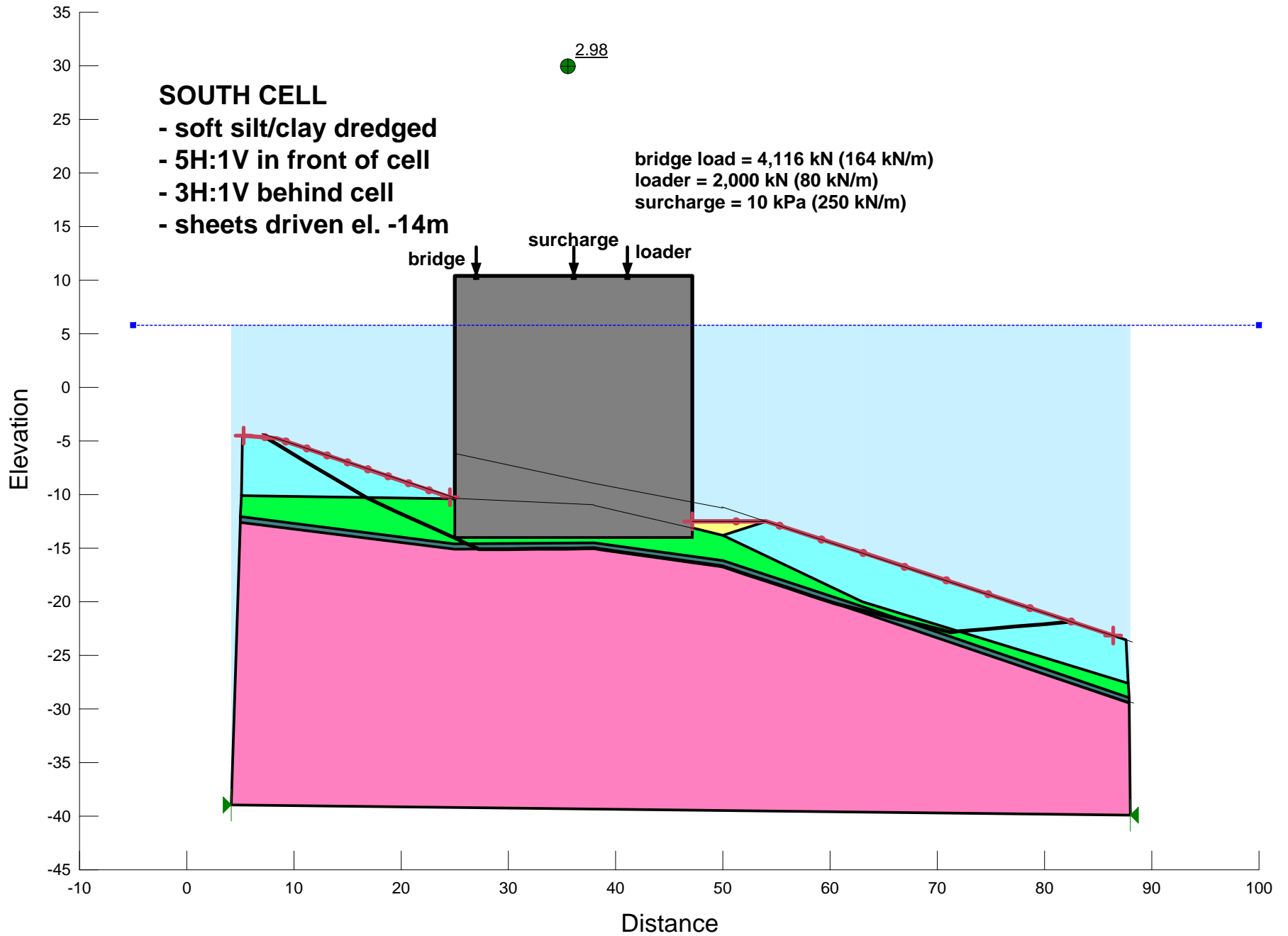
**APPENDIX D**  
**Figures 1 to 6, Typical Wharf Sections**

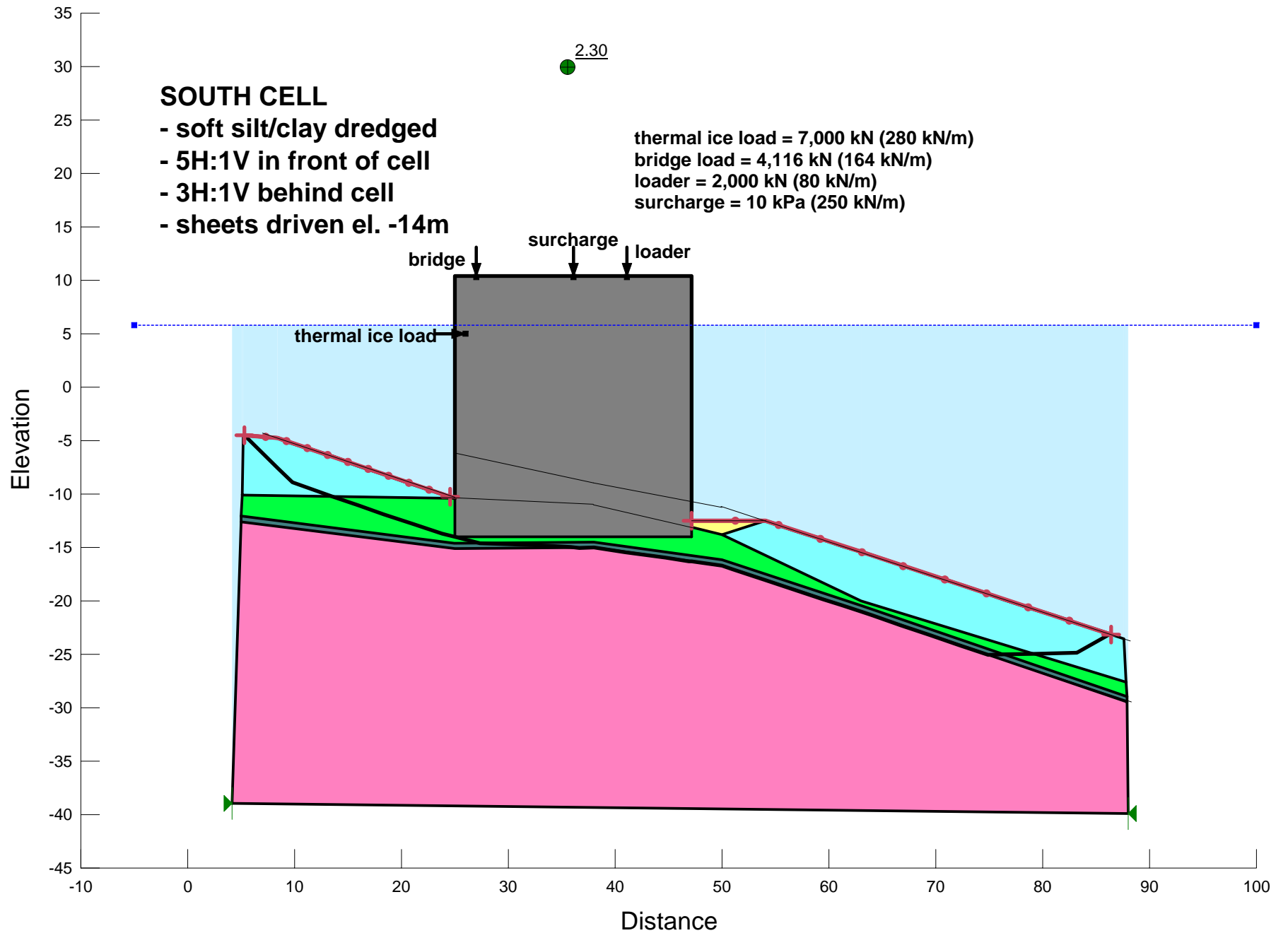


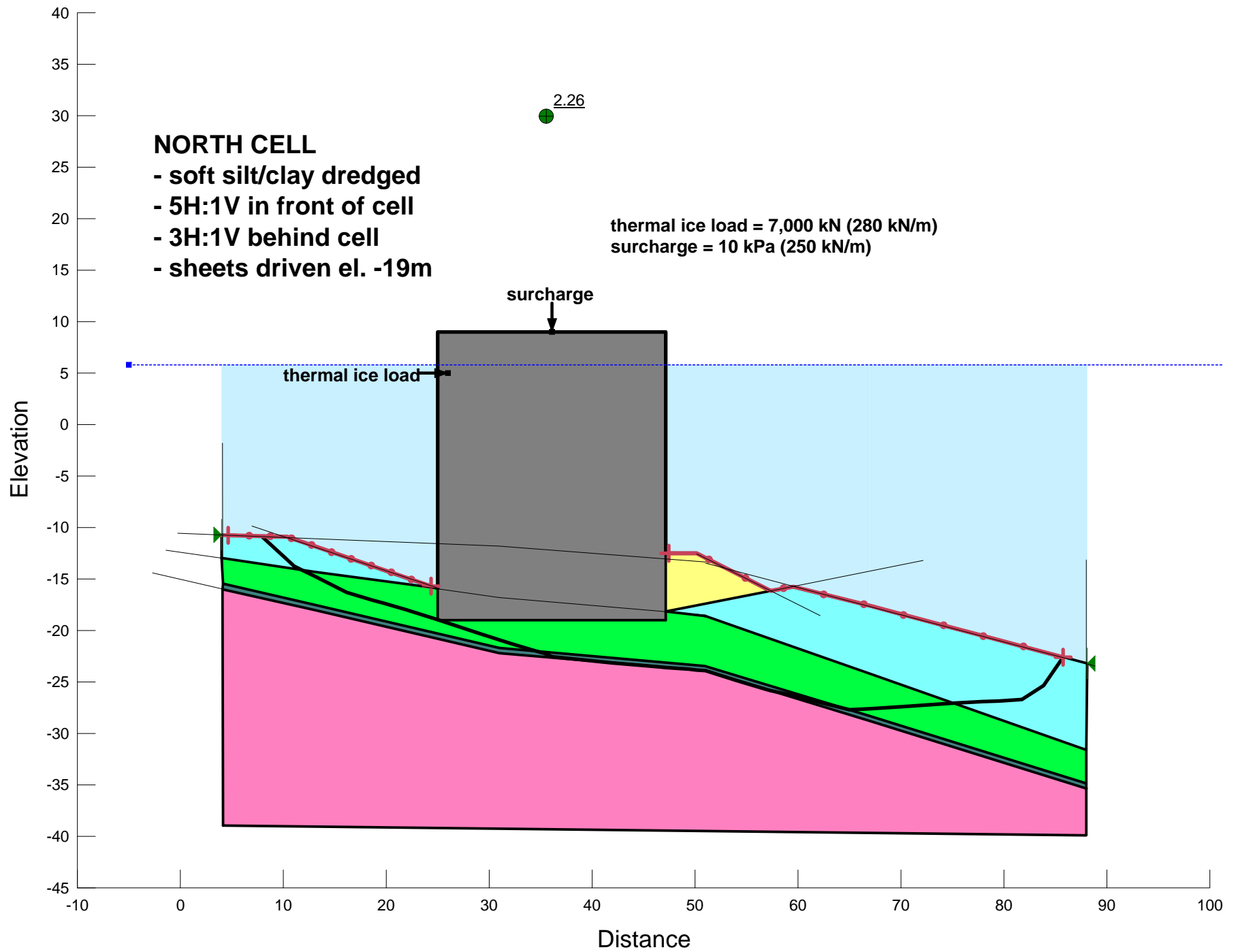












**De :** [McQuinn, Dan](#)  
**A :** [Gail Amyot](#)  
**Cc :** [Natalie Gagne](#); [Jean Corbeil](#); [Joel Desmeules](#); [briantaylor@accesswave.ca](mailto:briantaylor@accesswave.ca)  
**Objet :** RE: questions from COFEX  
**Date :** 7 mai 2013 14:33:09

---

Gail,

please find attached response to geotechnical questions by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans. Each question is preceded by a bullet and succeeded by our response. If any clarification is need please do not hesitate to contact us.

- How can we be sure of the slopes' stability? Can the clay to silty clay layer support/take up the weight of the riprap? Can you calculate the security factor of the slope (after the excavation and with the riprap)?

We have not specifically calculated the slope stability for each condition within the clay to silty clay surrounding the proposed SSP cells. However, in general the rock fill /riprap will only replace the volume of clay that will be removed. Although the weight of rock fill is assumed to be approximately 10 percent more than the clay that it replaces the rock would form a significant part of the shear plane and would therefore reinforce the slope relative to its original condition. Hence, we expect the final factor of safety against slope failure to be equivalent to or better than the pre-construction condition.

Stability calculations conducted for the riprap fill around the centre bridge pier indicate a need for revision of this detail and we have been in contact with the designers on this matter. Revisions may include reduction of the fill height or, benching of the fill to improve the slope stability or a combination of these. Other solutions could include strengthening the pile bent to reduce the need for armouring or surrounding the pier with a steel sheet pile barrier. The final solution would be submitted as an addendum to the design specifications.

- Can you calculate the global stability in pseudo static condition?

For earthquake loading, we have used a site peak ground acceleration (PGA) of 0.102g. This value was obtained from Natural Resources Canada for Deception Bay using 2%/50 years probability. For pseudostatic slope stability analysis,  $k_h = 0.051g$  and  $k_v = 0g$  were used. The recommended value of  $k_h$  is based on Hynes-Griffin and Franklin (1984) criteria which suggests that for pseudostatic analysis, 50% of the PGA is appropriate.

We have assumed that the earthquake loading does not act simultaneously with the thermal ice loading, in that they are both considered to be extraordinary loads. Our analyses for the north cell yield a factor of safety of 1.63 under earthquake loading, compared to 2.63 under dead loads alone. The Slope/W output for the global stability analysis is attached.

Since the south cell has a higher factor of safety under dead loads than the north cell, we infer that the south cell factor of safety under earthquake loading will be greater than 1.63.

Using similar assumptions, bearing capacity analysis of the South cell (the critical case under static conditions) under a pseudostatic earthquake loading gives a factor of safety against bearing capacity failure of 3.

- Is there settlement anticipated under the riprap?

We would expect consolidation settlement of the clay to silty clay where the future net pressure exceeds the existing in situ pressure. However, settlements would be within tolerable limits.

- What is the bearing capacity of the clay to silty clay layer?

We have assumed the undrained shear strength of the clay to silty clay to be 10 kPa. Based on this the unfactored bearing capacity would be 50 kPa. In some locations this is a conservative value considering that the sediment layer that failed in 2011 was estimated to be supporting in excess of 5 metres of fill, approximately equivalent to 100 kPa. However, the borehole and test pit data indicate that there is variation in the strength of the silty clay layer, although no trends or patterns could be determined. Accordingly, for analysis and design purposes we have adopted the aforementioned value of 10 kPa.

-

Reference

Hynes-Griffin, M.E., and Franklin, A.G. 1984. "Rationalizing the seismic coefficient method", Miscellaneous Paper GL-84-13, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, MS

---

**From:** Gail Amyot [mailto:gail.amyot@canadianroyalties.com]

**Sent:** Friday, May 03, 2013 1:45 PM

**To:** McQuinn, Dan

**Cc:** Natalie Gagné; Jean Corbeil; Joel Desmeules

**Subject:** questions from COFEX

Hi Dan

We recently got some other questions from DFO related to the port conception and geotechnical stability of the location.

Could you please provide us answers to the followings:

- How can we be sure of the slopes' stability? Can the clay to silty clay layer support/take up the weight of the riprap? Can you calculate the security factor of the slope (after the excavation and with the riprap)
- Can you calculate the global stability in pseudo static condition?
- Is there settlement anticipated under the riprap?
- What is the bearing capacity of the clay to silty clay layer?

As you might know we are in the final stretch of permitting process; so rapid answer will be appreciated.

Best regards

Gail Amyot

---

CONFIDENTIALITY WARNING:

This message is intended only for the use of the individual or entity to which it is addressed, and may contain information which is privileged, confidential, proprietary or exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If you are not the intended recipient or the person responsible for delivering the message to the intended recipient, you are strictly prohibited from disclosing, distributing, copying or in



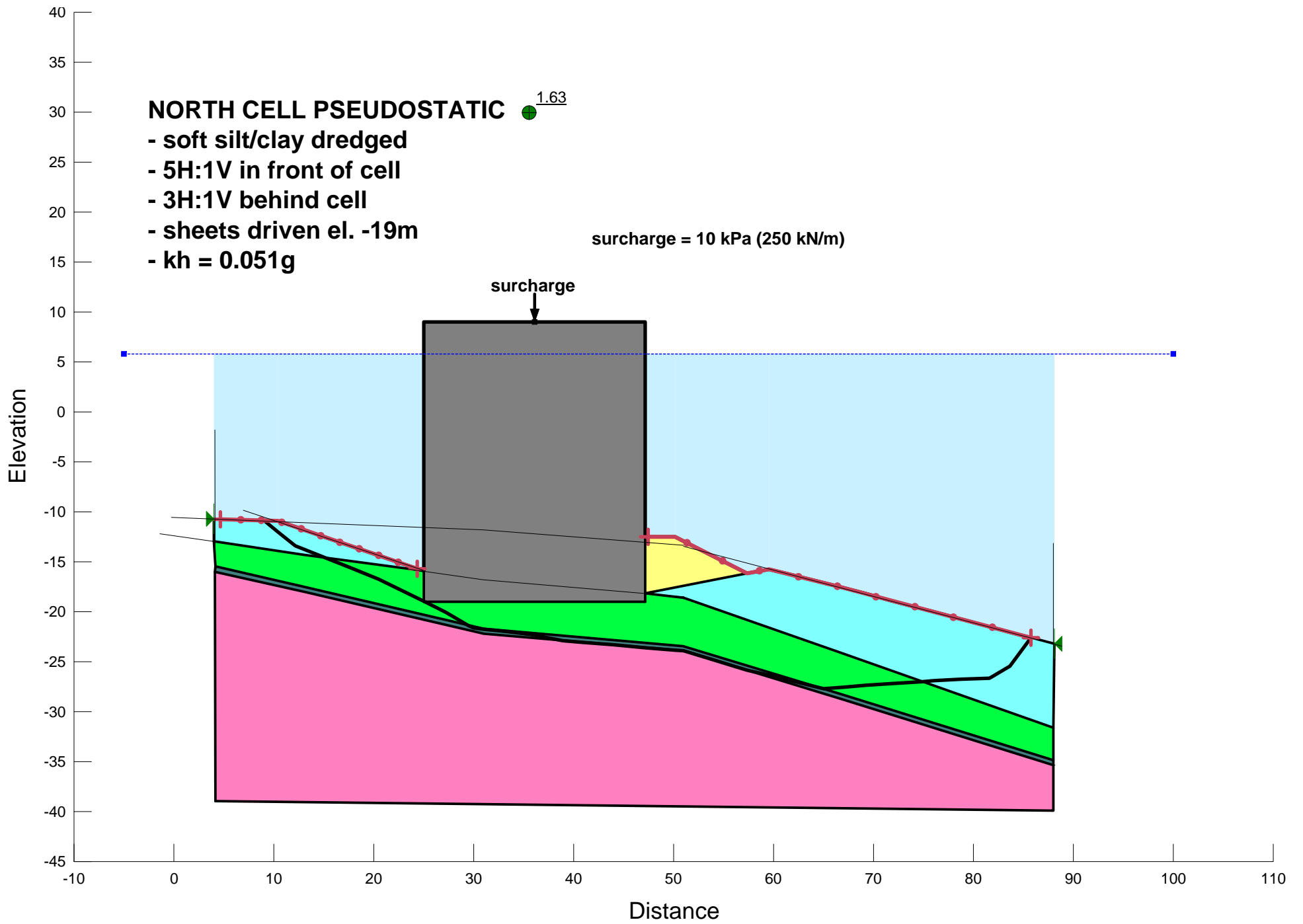
any way using this message. If you have received this communication in error, please notify the sender, and destroy and delete any copies you may have received.

---

**AVERTISSEMENT:**

Ce message est destiné uniquement à la personne ou à l'organisation à laquelle il est adressé et il peut contenir des informations privilégiées, confidentielles ou non divulgables en vertu de la loi. Si vous n'êtes pas le destinataire du présent message ni la personne chargée de remettre le présent message à son destinataire, il vous est strictement interdit de le divulguer, de le distribuer, de le copier ou de l'utiliser de quelque façon que ce soit. Si vous avez reçu la présente communication par erreur, veuillez en aviser l'expéditeur et détruire ou effacer tous les exemplaires que vous avez reçus.







## Appendix 3

GENIVAR: Technical Note: Dredging Methods



# TECHNICAL NOTE

**RECIPIENT:** Ms. Gail Amyot, Eng. M.Sc.  
**SENDER:** Ms. Natalie Gagné, Eng. M.Sc., GENIVAR  
**COPY:** Mr. François Hazel, Biologist  
**DATE:** 2013-04-19  
**SUBJECT:** **Nunavik Nickel Project, Canadian Royalties Inc. (CRI)**  
**Environmental and Social Impact Assessment for the**  
**Development of Port Infrastructure and Sediment**  
**Management in Deception Bay**  
**Dredging Techniques**  
**O/Ref.: 101-53046-03\_100**

---

## 1.0 CONTEXT

Following the submission of the Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) for the Development of Port Infrastructure and Sediment Management in Deception Bay, in December 2012, Fisheries and Oceans Canada analysts requested further information regarding the recommended dredging method as well as the measures proposed for sediment containment.

The aim of this technical note is to provide the information on which GENIVAR Inc. (GENIVAR) based its choice of dredging technique. The following sections give an overview and compare the different dredging options, highlighting the solution seeming to be the most appropriate for work required in Deception Bay.

Besides the dredging methods, the control measures proposed in the ESIA for the sediment dispersion plume will also be presented and commented with regard to their effectiveness for Deception Bay.

## 2.0 DREDGING TECHNIQUES

The most common dredges can be divided into three categories: mechanical dredges, hydraulic dredges and specialized dredges (1992; Herbich, 1992; Bray, 2008).

### 2.1 Mechanical Dredges

Mechanical dredges are used both for hard and soft materials. They remove sediment by direct application of mechanical force to the bottom surface. There are three types of mechanical dredges, namely clamshell dredges, dipper dredges and backhoe dredges.

Table 1 presents the main characteristics of each type of dredge, while their main advantages and disadvantages are in Table 2.

**Clamshell dredge:** This dredge is among the most common in the world and is sometimes considered to be an environmentally-friendly dredge (Bray, 2008). Clamshell dredges comprise a floating platform which can be self-propelled or be towed. It is mounted onto a crane which is itself installed on a pontoon stabilized using spuds or an anchor system. The crane can be cable or hydraulic. The pontoon can be equipped with a space to receive the dredged material, but most often, for transportation purposes, the dredged material is placed on scows or barges. Clamshell dredges are compact and relatively precise. In addition, they offer great flexibility in rough waters, as they can move vertically. However, clamshell dredges can lead to resuspension of sediment at several points of the dredging work, for instance at the moment of impact with the bottom surface, or during its penetration of the sediment, the lifting of the material and any spillage of dredged material from barges or scows, as well as during their disposal in open water, if applicable. According to Herbich (1992), it is preferable to use watertight clamshell dredges from an environmental point of view, as they reduce turbidity by 30 to 70% compared to other dredges.

**Dipper dredge:** This dredge is comparable to a power shovel mounted onto a pontoon with three spuds. The two front spuds are used to raise the pontoon alongside its dredging position, while the back spud keeps the dredger in a fixed position. It is most often used to extract soft rock and indurated sedimentary deposits, as well as recovering submerged infrastructure. There is however extensive loss of fine material when raising the bucket.

**Backhoe dredge:** This dredge is similar to excavators used on land except that at sea, it is installed on the reinforced deck of a scow. The dredge's bucket is attached to a mechanical arm and sediment is excavated by dragging the bucket towards the dredge. Dredged material can be dumped into scows, trucks or directly on the shore. This dredging method is very precise, but its main disadvantage is that fine material is easily resuspended. It should be noted that the hopper scows used during the dredging have a draft of around 2.4 m when filled with sediment. Thus, there needs to be an additional depth allowance of 3.7 m for the opening of hoppers when dumping.



Table 1 Characteristics of Main Types of Dredges Used in the St. Lawrence River

	Mechanical Dredges			Hydraulic Dredges			Environmental Dredges	
	Clamshell Dredge	Dipper Dredge	Backhoe Dredge	Plain suction Dredge	Cutter-Suction Dredge	Hopper Dredge	Horizontal Auger Dredge (Mud Cat™)	Suction Bucket Dredge (Amphibex™)
Types of dredged materials	Fine, consolidated, gravel and sand sediment	Broken weak rock and dense sediments	All types	Mud, sand, loose, gravel	Mud, sand, gravel, compact material	Sandy, unconsolidated and non-cohesive	Fine sediments	All types
Maximum Water Depth	40 m	12 m	12 m	25 m	25 m	20 m	6.1 m	6.5 m
Precision of Dredging	35 to 50 cm	35 to 50 cm	10 cm (with newer equipment)	10 to 20 cm	10 to 20 cm (depending on required production)	Vertical: 15 to 25 cm (with improved equipment, otherwise 0.5 to 1 m) Horizontal: 3 to 10 m	10 to 20 cm	5 cm
Yield	30 to 500 m³/h	30 to 200 m³/h	30 to 200 m³/h	50 to 1000 m³/h	50 to 1000 m³/h	50 to 500 m³/h	90 m³/h	100 m³/h
Resuspension	Average	Extensive	Average	Low at dredging site	Low at dredging site	Extensive	Extensive	Average
Water Content of Dredged Material	Low	Low	Low	Extensive	Extensive	Extensive	Extensive	Average
Dredged Material Transportation	Scows, trucks	Scows, trucks	Scows, trucks	Pipeline	Pipeline	Integrated	Pipeline	Scows, trucks, pipeline

Source: Alliance Environnement (2004).

Table 2 Main Advantages and Disadvantages of Mechanical Dredges Used in the St. Lawrence River

	Advantages	Disadvantages
General	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low disturbance of excavated soil with a high level of solids and a low level of water.</li> <li>• Minimal facilities necessary for transportation, treatment and disposal of material.</li> <li>• Safe work near wharfs and other fixed installations.</li> <li>• Effective for removal of polluted sediment near the shore or in a floodplain.</li> <li>• Flexibility of execution in loose or compacted material and where there are obstacles or debris.</li> <li>• Unit costs generally lower than for hydraulic dredges for dredging small volumes of sediments.</li> <li>• Good dredging precision in shallow water.</li> <li>• Barge discharging in open water generating less turbidity than hydraulic dredging.</li> <li>• Easier to transport dredged material over long distances.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relatively low production rate, getting lower as depth increases.</li> <li>• Relatively high sediment resuspension rate in the water column, particularly when working in fine and non-cohesive materials.</li> <li>• Low effectiveness in fluid sediment or where there are debris.</li> <li>• Can make navigation cumbersome.</li> <li>• Additional handling required when open water disposal is impossible.</li> <li>• Worker safety (possibility of direct contact with contaminated materials, if applicable).</li> </ul>
Clamshell Dredge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maneuverability.</li> <li>• Similar water content in material to in-situ sediments.</li> <li>• Dredging possible in very deep water.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mixing of sediment layers.</li> <li>• Average to extensive resuspension, especially for very fine and non-cohesive materials.</li> </ul>
Dipper Dredge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Stability of pontoon.</li> <li>• Can excavate in very cohesive rock or material.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Difficult to operate in bad weather.</li> <li>• Low yield.</li> <li>• Extensive resuspension in fine and non-cohesive materials.</li> </ul>
Backhoe Dredge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Stability of pontoon.</li> <li>• Avoids mixing of sediment layers.</li> <li>• Dredged sediment maintains own density.</li> <li>• Provides great dredging precision.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Difficult to operate in bad weather.</li> <li>• Low yield.</li> <li>• Average to extensive resuspension especially for fine and non-cohesive materials.</li> </ul>

Source: Alliance Environnement (2004).

## 2.2 Hydraulic Dredges

Hydraulic dredging is carried out using a machine that breaks up the sediment then sucks it up through a pipe with a strong flow of water. They are generally mounted on barges equipped with centrifugal pumps powered by a diesel or an electric motor. Pumps are connected to 15 to 122-cm diameter pipelines, kept at the surface by floaters. Hydraulic dredges suck up and discharge sediment in the form of liquid mud whose water content hovers around 90% (USACE, 2008). There are three main types of hydraulic dredges: plain suction dredges, cutter-suction dredges and hopper dredges. Some of the characteristics of these dredges are presented in Table 2. The main advantages and disadvantages of the various pieces of hydraulic equipment are contained in Table 3.

**Plain suction dredge:** This dredge uses a centrifugal pump and generally moves using a system of anchor cables.

**Cutter-suction dredge:** This dredge is equipped with a powerful rotating apparatus installed at the end of a suction pipe. The cutting step serves to break up hard and cohesive material into debris which are then sucked up. For optimal yield, the bucket ladder and the cutter must be used at their full capacity, which means that the minimum thickness of sediment must reach between 1 and 3 m (Alliance Environnement, 2004).

**Hopper dredge:** This machine differs from the other two types of hydraulic dredge, as it is installed on self-propelled ships. They transport dredged material on board instead of channelling them to a discharge site via a pipe. Dredged material is sucked up using a suction pipe to be then poured into hopper's space where solids settle. The excess water with low amounts of suspended matter (SM) is discharged into open waters by overflow weirs and solids are kept on board to then be dumped at an authorized aquatic site. As this type of dredging does not use any type of anchoring, the elevation of the dredged area is often very uneven, which requires overdredging to obtain the desired depth throughout.

Table 3 Main Advantages and Disadvantages of Hydraulic Dredges Used in the St. Lawrence River

	Advantages	Disadvantages
General	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High rate of production (up to several hundreds of cubic meters per hour)</li> <li>• Lower sediment resuspension rate in water column than with mechanical dredges, at the dredging location</li> <li>• Use not affected by current speed</li> <li>• In polluted sediment, minimizes risks to workers and population due to pipeline transportation</li> <li>• Unit costs are generally lower when excavating large volumes than for mechanical dredges, especially for large-scale capital work</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High percentage of water in excavated material (80 – 90%)</li> <li>• Large surfaces needed for disposal of dredged material and water treatment</li> <li>• Impossible to remove most debris hydraulically</li> <li>• Navigation possibly impeded by the dredge as well as the pipeline</li> <li>• More turbidity generated by open water disposal via pipeline than barge disposal by mechanical dredges</li> <li>• Possible impact of gas in the sediment on the pumps</li> <li>• Long-distance transportation (more than a few kilometres) impossible</li> <li>• Loud noise sometimes generated</li> </ul>
Plain Suction Dredge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Significant yield in fine and loose sediment</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Possible mixing of sediment layers</li> </ul>
Cutter Suction Dredge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compatible with a large array of materials</li> <li>• Precision and uniformity of excavation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Possible extensive resuspension at dredging site if pumping power is not equal to the cutter power</li> </ul>
Self-supporting Suction Dredge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low sensitivity to swells and waves</li> <li>• Does not impede navigation</li> <li>• Makes long-distance transport easier and requires no additional handling when open water disposal is possible</li> <li>• Maximum use of compartments due to overflow</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Type of dredge which can only be used on non-contaminated sand that can be discharged into open waters (generally reserved for excavating large volumes in the St. Lawrence's navigation channel)</li> <li>• Dredging depth limited by the draft of the boat and bucket ladders</li> <li>• Requires overdredging (several passes to obtain an even surface)</li> </ul>

Source: Alliance Environnement (2004).

### 3.0 RECOMMENDED DREDGING TECHNIQUE

There are three (3) dredging methods that can be considered for the dredging work at Deception Bay, namely:

- Mechanical dredging using an environmental clamshell dredge;
- Suction cutter hydraulic dredge; or
- Suction hydraulic dredge.

Given the advantages and disadvantages listed in Tables 2 and 3, mechanical dredging seems to be a better choice than hydraulic dredging. The main disadvantage of using a clamshell is the relatively high rate of sediment resuspension in the water column, especially when fine, non-cohesive materials are present. However, resuspension is greatly reduced by the use of an environmental clamshell, as it becomes leak-free once closed. Furthermore, it also prevents resuspension of dredged materials in the water column when the clamshell is raised or when it crosses the water surface, or when the clamshell is hanging in the air between the dredging point and the dumping point. Sediment resuspension remains an issue at the clamshell's point of contact with the sea bed, but at this depth, there is almost no current. The scow used for transporting the materials to the shore must of course be leak-free.

The environmental clamshell dredge is suitable for land dumping of dredged material. Its advantage is that the water content of the dredged materials is similar to that of the sediment in place. This is a significant advantage as this limits the amount of water to be managed at the dumping site. The amount of excess water depends on the volume of the clamshell and its fill rate. Based on data compiled during dredging work using this method, the clamshell's fill volume varies from 39% to 70%, thus the volume of water varies from 61% to 30%. Another advantage that should not be ignored is that mechanical dredging using a clamshell preserves the integrity of the dredged material, which reduces the settling time of the sediment in the basin, thus making management of excess water easier: limiting the amount of disturbance of the consolidated clay reduces the amount of SM in the overlying water.

Hydraulic dredging could be used; however, the large quantities of water generated by this method have a major impact on the facilities at the disposal site. Values contained in literature suggest that a percentage of solids of around 8% to 12% (USACE, 2008) should be considered, thus the water content would be about 90%.

The materials excavated from Deception Bay consist mainly of consolidated clay, meaning a cutter-suction dredge must be used to render the materials uniform and easy to pump. It should be noted that heterogeneous materials could be encountered; variable-sized rocks could also be observed, which would greatly impede the efficiency of this method. There could also be a great turbidity of the water at the point of contact while using this method if the suction level is inadequate.

Another consideration is that the dredged materials' disintegration could increase significantly during the settlement of solids once transferred to the land-based sediment management site. The increase in water turbidity would oblige CRI to oversize the sedimentation facilities and, given the size of suspended particles (micron-sized), this could make reaching water quality criteria difficult. CRI will only authorize hydraulic dredging if the contractor demonstrates that the hydraulic method used will be combined with other operations that will make it possible to meet water quality criteria: water returned to Deception Bay shall at all times have a SM rate below 30 mg/l.

#### **4.0 CONFINEMENT METHOD**

Sediment dispersion during dredging can be controlled through one of two (2) approaches:

- Engineered containment methods:
  - Cofferdam, sheet piles
  - Containment curtain: geomembranes, geotextiles, pneumatic (bubbles)
  - Use of geotubes
- Controlling operations

Engineered containment methods consist of erecting physical barriers to isolate the work zone. At first, we can exclude the construction of a rock or sheet pile cofferdam considering the major impacts it would have on the environment.

In the case of Deception Bay, using containment curtains would not be very effective. Indeed, a containment curtain is frequently used in lakes or maritime or port areas that are sheltered from the wind and oceanographic conditions (IADC/CEDA, 1999; Bray, 2008). At Deception Bay, the worksite is not sheltered from the wind and waves. Moreover there are 5 m tides at this location. According to Bray (2008), the site's meteorological and oceanographic conditions could restrict the use of such mitigation measures. Indeed, when climatic conditions are not perfect (waves under 1 m and tides under 3 m), the retention rate of a containment curtain is around 25% to 40% (Bray, 2008). Notwithstanding the method's low effectiveness, in the climatic context of Deception Bay where difficult oceanographic conditions are frequent, deploying a containment curtain would be dangerous for the workers, as the complexity of deployment would require specialized equipment and an experienced contractor (Bray, 2008). Moreover, when such work is conducted at depths of more than 3 to 5 m (20 m in this case), using a curtain requires additional flotation devices. Thus, for technical and safety reasons, the possibility of using a containment curtain for controlling sediment dispersion was rejected.

Using a bubble curtain is one alternative to using a containment curtain with membrane. However, this technique is only effective when conditions are perfect, which is rarely the case in Deception Bay. Further, it requires injecting large quantities of air, and thus consumes a great deal of energy. Noise generated by compressors is also a nuisance factor that cannot be ignored.

As engineered containment methods have low effectiveness in the context of Deception Bay, it was deemed preferable to apply measures aimed at controlling the dredging operations so as to minimize sediment dispersion at the source. These control measures include:

- controlling and limiting the clamshell's speed of ascent;
- using a clamshell with reasonably leak-proof jaws;
- using a leak-proof scow for transporting dredged material to the shore;
- avoiding overfilling the scow containing the dredged material;
- avoiding overdredging;
- developing a staging area for materials on the shore, ensuring that quality criteria are respected for the water sent back to the bay.

These control methods will be included in the specifications provided to bidding contractors.

## **5.0 CONCLUSION**

CRI favours mechanical dredging using an environmental clamshell (leak-proof). Hydraulic dredging will only be authorized if it is shown that the method suggested by the contractor maintains the water quality criteria at all times.

Considering climatic and sea conditions, as well as the nature of the dredging in Deception Bay, controlling sediment dispersion through work methods seems to be more effective than using engineered containment methods.

## 6.0 BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

- ALLIANCE ENVIRONNEMENT INC. 2004. *Étude d'impact sur l'environnement, Dragage du chenal Tardif à Notre-Dame-de-Pierreville – Municipalité de Pierreville, 2004*. Rapport final soumis au ministère de l'Environnement du Québec et à Pêches et Océans Canada. 84 p. et annexes.
- ANCHOR ENVIRONMENTAL CA, L.P. 2003. *Litterature Review of Effets of Resuspended Sediments due to Dredging Operations*. Prepared for Los Angeles Sediments Task Force.
- BRAY, R.N. 2008. *Environmental Aspects of Dredging*. Taylor and Francis, New York. 386 p.
- BRAY, R.N., A.D. BATES et J.M. LAND. 1997. *Dredging – A Handbook for Engineers*. 2e édition. Butterworth-Heinemann, Boston. 434 p.
- FLETCHER C.A., STEVENSON J.R., DEARNALEY M.P., 2001. *The Beneficial Use of Muddy Material*. Report SR 579.
- HERBICH, J.B. 1992. *Handbook of Dredging Engineering*. McGraw-Hill Inc., Montréal. Pagination multiple.
- PIANC. 2010. PIANC Report 108. *Dredging and Port Construction Around Coral Reefs*. 75 pages.
- USACE. 2008. *Technical Guidelines for Environmental Dredging of Contaminated Sediments*. US Army Corps of Engineers, Engineer Research and Development Center. ERDC/EL TR-08-29.
- USACE. 1983. *Dredging and Dredge Material Disposal*. EM1110-2-5025.