

SECRETARIAT OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY AND INTELLIGENCE  
COMMITTEE OF PARLIAMENTARIANS

FUTURE-ORIENTED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEARS ENDING MARCH 31, 2023 AND MARCH 31, 2024

**Secretariat for the National Security and Intelligence Committee of  
Parliamentarians**  
**Future-Oriented Statement of Operations (unaudited)**  
**for the year ending March 31**  
**(in thousands of dollars)**

	Forecast results 2022–23	Planned results 2023–24
<b>Expenses</b>		
Parliamentary Review of National Security and Intelligence Activities	2,803	2,997
Internal services	771	821
<b>Net cost of operations before government funding and transfers</b>	<b>3,574</b>	<b>3,818</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Future-Oriented Statement of Operations.

# **Notes to the Future-Oriented Statement of Operations (unaudited)**

## **1. Methodology and significant assumptions**

The Future-Oriented Statement of Operations has been prepared based on government priorities and departmental plans as described in the Departmental Plan.

The information in the forecast results for fiscal year 2022-23 is based on actual results as at December 12, 2022 and on forecasts for the remainder of the fiscal year. Forecasts have been made for the planned results for fiscal year 2023-24.

The main assumptions underlying the forecasts are as follows:

- The department's activities will remain substantially the same as in the previous year.
- Expenses, including the determination of amounts internal and external to the government, are based on experience. The general historical pattern is expected to continue.

These assumptions are made as at December 12, 2022.

## **2. Variations and changes to the forecast financial information**

Although every attempt has been made to forecast final results for the remainder of 2022-23 and for 2023-24, actual results achieved for both years are likely to differ from the forecast information presented, and this variation could be material.

In preparing this Future-Oriented Statement of Operations, the Secretariat of the National Security and Intelligence Committee of Parliamentarians has made estimates and assumptions about the future. These estimates and assumptions may differ from the subsequent actual results. Estimates and assumptions are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, and are continually evaluated.

Factors that could lead to material differences between the Future-Oriented Statement of Operations and the historical statement of operations include:

- The timing and the amount of acquisitions and disposals of property, plant and equipment, which may affect gains, losses and amortization expense;
- The implementation of new collective agreements;
- Other changes to the operating budget, such as new initiatives or technical adjustments later in the fiscal year.

After the Departmental Plan is tabled in Parliament, the Secretariat of the National Security and Intelligence Committee of Parliamentarians will not be updating the forecasts for any changes in

financial resources made in ensuing supplementary estimates. Variances will be explained in the Departmental Results Report.

### **3. Summary of significant accounting policies**

The Future-Oriented Statement of Operations has been prepared using the Government of Canada's accounting policies in effect for fiscal year 2022–23 and is based on Canadian public sector accounting standards. The presentation and results using the stated accounting policies do not result in any significant differences from Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Significant accounting policies are as follows:

#### **a) Expenses**

Expenses are generally recorded when goods are received or services are rendered and include expenses related to personnel, professional and special services, repair and maintenance, utilities, materials and supplies, as well as amortization of tangible capital assets. Provisions to reflect changes in the value of assets or liabilities, such as provisions for bad debts, advances and inventory obsolescence, as well as utilization of inventories and prepaid expenses, and other are also included in other expenses.

### **4. Parliamentary authorities**

The department is financed by the Government of Canada through parliamentary authorities. Financial reporting of authorities provided to the department differs from financial reporting according to generally accepted accounting principles because authorities are based mainly on cash flow requirements. Items recognized in the Future-Oriented Statement of Operations in one year may be funded through parliamentary authorities in prior, current or future years.

Accordingly, the department has different net cost of operations for the year on a government funding basis than on an accrual accounting basis. The differences are reconciled in the following tables:

**a) Reconciliation of net cost of operations to requested authorities  
(in thousands of dollars)**

	Forecast results 2022–23	Planned results 2023–24
<b>Net cost of operations before government funding and transfers</b>	3,574	3,818
Adjustment for items affecting net cost of operations but not affecting authorities:		
Amortization of tangible capitals assets	(4)	(1)
Services provided without charge by other government departments	(202)	(189)
(Increase) / decrease in vacation pay and compensatory leave	(9)	(4)
(Increase) / decrease in employee future benefits	(10)	6
Refunds of previous years' expenditures	11	24
Total items affecting net cost of operations but not affecting authorities	(214)	(164)
<b>Requested authorities forecasted to be used</b>	<b>3,360</b>	<b>3,654</b>

**b) Authorities provided/requested (in thousands of dollars)**

	Forecast results for 2022–23	Planned results for 2023–24
<b>Authorities provided/requested</b>		
Vote 1: Operating expenditures	3,581	3,409
Statutory amounts	204	245
<b>Total authorities provided/requested</b>	<b>3,785</b>	<b>3,654</b>
Less: Estimated unused authorities and other adjustments	(425)	-
<b>Requested authorities forecasted to be used</b>	<b>3,360</b>	<b>3,654</b>

The authorities presented reflect current forecasts of statutory items; approved initiatives included in Estimates documents; and estimates of amounts to be allocated from Treasury Board Central Votes.