# **Privy Council Office**

## **Quarterly Financial Report**

Statement outlining results, risks and significant changes in operations, personnel and programs For the quarter ended June 30, 2022

#### **Table of Contents**

- Introduction
- Mandate
- Basis of presentation
- Highlights of fiscal quarter and fiscal year to date results
  - Significant changes to authorities
  - Significant changes to expenditures
- Risks and uncertainties
- Significant changes in relation to operations, personnel and programs
- Approval by senior officials
- Annexes A & B

#### Introduction

This quarterly report has been prepared by management as required by section 65.1 of the *Financial Administration Act* and in the form and manner prescribed by the Directive on Accounting Standards, GC 4400 Departmental Quarterly Financial Report. This quarterly financial report should be read in conjunction with the Main Estimates, Supplementary Estimates (A) and previous Quarterly Financial Reports. For more information on PCO, please visit <u>PCO's website</u>.

This quarterly report has not been subject to an external audit or review but has been shared with the PCO Departmental Audit Committee and it reflects the committee members' comments.

### Mandate

PCO supports the development and implementation of the Government of Canada's policy and legislative agendas, coordinates responses to issues facing the Government and the country, and supports the effective operation of Cabinet. PCO is led by the Clerk of the Privy Council, who also serves as Secretary to the Cabinet and the Head of the Public Service.

PCO serves Canada and Canadians by providing advice and support to the Prime Minister, portfolio ministers, and Cabinet.

#### PCO has three main roles:

- 1. Provide professional non-partisan advice to the Prime Minister, portfolio ministers, Cabinet and Cabinet committees on matters of national and international importance.
- 2. Support the smooth functioning of the Cabinet decision-making process and facilitate the implementation of the Government's agenda.
- 3. Foster a high-performing and accountable Public Service.

## **Basis of presentation**

This quarterly report has been prepared by management using an expenditure basis of accounting. The accompanying Statement of Authorities includes PCO's spending authorities granted by Parliament and those used by the department, consistent with the 2022-23 Main Estimates and Supplementary Estimates (A). This quarterly report has been prepared using a special purpose financial reporting framework (expenditure basis) designed to meet financial information needs with respect to the use of spending authorities.

The authority of Parliament is required before money can be spent by the Government. Approvals are given in the form of annually approved limits through appropriation acts or through legislation in the form of statutory spending authority for specific purposes.

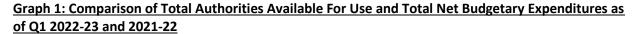
When Parliament is dissolved for the purposes of a general election, section 30 of the *Financial Administration Act* authorizes the Governor General, under certain conditions, to issue a special warrant authorizing the Government to withdraw funds from the Consolidated Revenue Fund. A special warrant is deemed to be an appropriation for the fiscal year in which it is issued.

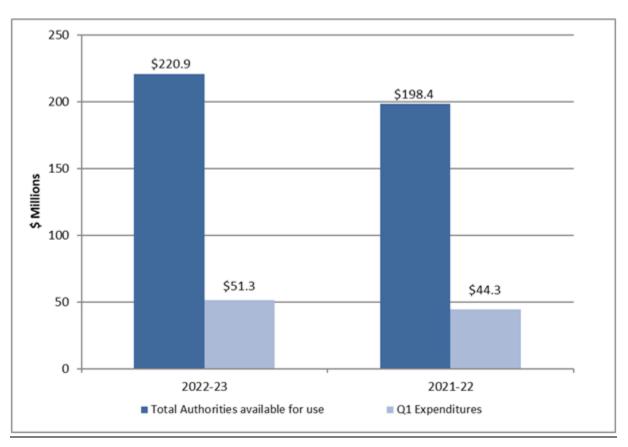
PCO uses the full accrual method of accounting to prepare and present its annual departmental financial statements<sup>1</sup> that are part of the departmental performance reporting process. The spending authorities voted by Parliament remain on an expenditure basis.

## Highlights of fiscal quarter and fiscal year to date results

This section highlights the significant items that contributed to the net increase or decrease in authorities available for the year and actual expenditures for the quarter ended June 30, 2022.

PCO spent approximately 23% of its authorities available for use by the end of the first quarter, compared to 22% in the same quarter of 2021-22 (see graph 1 below).

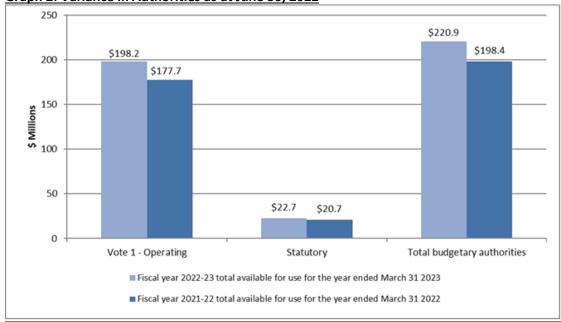




<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The notes to the annual departmental financial statements include a reconciliation between full accrual results and spending authorities.

## Significant changes to authorities

As per graph 2 below as at June 30, 2022 and Annex A, presented at the end of this document, PCO has authorities available for use of \$220.9 million in 2022-23 compared to \$198.4 million as of June 30, 2021, for a net increase of \$22.5 million or 11%.



Graph 2: Variance in Authorities as at June 30, 2022

The net increase in authorities of \$22.5 million is mainly explained by:

#### **Authorities Increase**

PCO funding has increased in 2022-23 to include amounts approved to enhance departmental
capacity and to support emergency management and preparedness and for the Public Order
Emergency Commission.

### **Authorities Decrease**

Increased authorities are offset by a reduction in funding due to the substantial completion of the
enhancement of secure communication technologies for senior officials across government and a
transfer of funds to Shared Services Canada related to the IT Enterprise Service Model.

## Significant changes to quarter expenditures

Year-to-date expenditures recorded to the end of the first quarter increased by \$7.0 million, or 16%, from the same period of the previous year (from \$44.3 million for 2021-22 to \$51.3 million for 2022-23). Table 1 below presents budgetary expenditures by standard object.

Table 1

Material Variances to Expenditures by Standard Object	Fiscal year 2022-23 Expended during the quarter ended	Fiscal year 2021-22 Expended during the quarter ended		
(in thousands of dollars)	30-June-2022	30-June-2021	Variance \$	Variance %
Personnel	38,480	36,265	2,215	6%
Transportation and communications	1,211	767	444	58%
Information	1,338	974	364	37%
Professional and special services	4,640	3,137	1,503	48%
Rentals	3,411	837	2,574	308%
Repair and maintenance	90	75	15	20%
Utilities, materials and supplies	110	54	56	104%
Acquisition of machinery and equipment	1,025	1,849	(824)	(45%)
Transfer payments	411	-	411	0%
Other subsidies and payments	585	352	233	66%
Total gross budgetary expenditures	51,303	44,310	6,993	16%
Less revenues netted against expenditures	0	(2)	2	(100%)
Total budgetary expenditures *	51,303	44,309	6,995	16%

<sup>\*</sup>Details may not add to totals due to rounding

#### Personnel:

The overall increase of \$2.2 million in personnel spending is mainly due to the timing of salary recoveries from other government departments and for activities relating to the Joint Public Inquiry into the Nova Scotia April 2020 Tragedy.

## **Transportation and communications:**

The increase of \$0.4 million is mainly attributed to increasing travel as COVID-19 restrictions lessen as compared to 2021-22.

### **Professional and special services:**

The increase of \$1.5 million in professional and special services relates to increased activities relating to the Joint Public Inquiry into the Nova Scotia April 2020 Tragedy and the earlier receipt of invoices for annual costs for information technology services in 2022-23.

**Rentals:** The increase of \$2.6 million is mainly attributed to invoices received earlier in 2022-23 for computer equipment rentals and additional software license applications, as well as for the rental of video communications equipment for the Joint Public Inquiry into the Nova Scotia April 2020 Tragedy.

### Acquisition of machinery and equipment:

The decrease of \$0.8 million is attributed to a large purchase of computer equipment delivered in the first quarter of 2021-22.

## **Transfer payments:**

Transfer payments increased by \$0.4 million due to spending for the activities of the Joint Public Inquiry into the Nova Scotia April 2020 Tragedy.

#### Risks and uncertainties

The dominant financial risks to PCO lie in the need to reallocate departmental resources to deal with issues that may emerge unexpectedly. As part of its coordinating role, PCO must be able to address emerging issues on short notice, and either manage the necessary expenditures within its own spending authorities, or cash manage until increased spending authorities are approved.

PCO is closely monitoring pay transactions to identify and address over and under payments in a timely manner and continues to apply ongoing mitigating controls which were implemented in 2016.

## Significant changes in relation to operations, personnel and programs

## **Operations and Programs**

On April 25, 2022, the Government of Canada established the Public Order Emergency Commission to inquire into the circumstances that led to the declaration of emergency that was in place from February 14-23, 2022, and the measures taken for dealing with the emergency.

## Approval by senior officials:

Janice Charette Clerk of the Privy Council and Secretary to the Cabinet Matthew Shea Assistant Deputy Minister, Corporate Services Branch and Chief Financial Officer

Ottawa, Canada Monday, August 29, 2022

## **ANNEX A**

# Privy Council Office Quarterly Financial Report For the quarter ended June 30, 2022

STATEMENT OF AUTHORITIES (unaudited) (note 2)

	Fiscal year 2022-2023			Fiscal year 2021-2022			
(In thousands of dollars)	Total available for use for the year ending March 31, 2023 (note 1)	Used during the quarter ended June 30, 2022	Year-to-date used at quarter-end	Total available for use for the year ending March 31, 2022 (note 1)	Used during the quarter ended June 30, 2021	Year-to-date used at quarter-end	
Vote 1 - Net operating expenditures	198,210	46,159	46,159	177,711	39,259	39,259	
Budgetary statutory authorities							
Contributions to employee benefits plans	22,352	5,026	5,026	20,348	4,927	4,927	
Prime Minister - Salary and motor car allowance	190	48	48	188	47	47	
Leader of the Government in the House of Commons - Salary and motor car allowance	93	23	23	91	23	23	
President of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada and the Minister of Emergency Preparedness - Salary and motor car allowance	93	23	23	-	-	-	
President of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada and the Minister of Intergovernmental Affairs - Salary and motor car allowance	-	-	-	91	23	23	
Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Finance - Salary and motor car allowance	-	-	-	-	8	8	
Minister and Special Representative for the Prairies - Salary and motor car allowance	-	-	-	-	23	23	
Minister of Intergovernmental Affairs, Infrastructure and Communities - Salary and motor car allowance	-	23	23	-	-	-	
Total budgetary authorities	220,937	51,303	51,303	198,427	44,309	44,309	
TOTAL AUTHORITIES	220,937	51,303	51,303	198,427	44,309	44,309	

Note 1: Includes only Authorities available for use and granted by Parliament at quarter-end for each respective fiscal year.

Note 2: Details may not add to totals due to rounding

# Privy Council Office Quarterly Financial Report For the quarter ended June 30, 2022

DEPARTMENTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES BY STANDARD OBJECT (unaudited) (note 2)

	Fiscal year 2022-2023			Fiscal year 2021-2022		
(In thousands of dollars)	Planned expenditures for the year ending March 3l, 2023 (note 1)	Expended during the quarter ended June 30, 2022	Year-to-date used at quarter-end	Planned expenditures for the year ending March 31, 2022 (note 1)	Expended during the quarter ended June 30, 2021	Year-to-date used at quarter-end
Budgetary expenditures						
Personnel	165,085	38,480	38,480	156,254	36,265	36,265
Transportation and communications	3,926	1,211	1,211	5,095	767	767
Information	4,636	1,338	1,338	3,466	974	974
Professional and special services	27,889	4,640	4,640	25,715	3,137	3,137
Rentals	6,452	3,411	3,411	2,138	837	837
Repair and maintenance	3,135	90	90	3,289	75	75
Utilities, materials and supplies	548	110	110	717	54	54
Acquisition of machinery and equipment	12,970	1,025	1,025	8,410	1,849	1,849
Transfer payments	443	411	411	-	-	-
Other subsidies and payments	1,296	585	585	-	352	352
Total gross budgetary expenditures	226,381	51,303	51,303	205,084	44,310	44,310
Less revenues netted against expenditures						
Revenues	(5,444)	-	-	(6,657)	(2)	(2)
Total revenues netted against expenditures	(5,444)	-	-	(6,657)	(2)	(2)
TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES	220,937	51,303	51,303	198,427	44,309	44,309

Note 1: Includes only Authorities available for use and granted by Parliament at quarter-end for each respective fiscal year.

Note 2: Details may not add to totals due to rounding.