

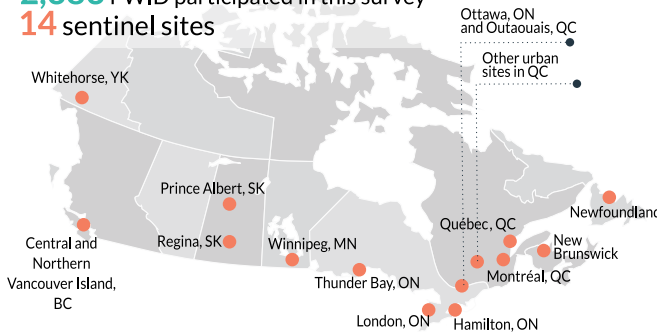


# Determinants of HIV and Hepatitis C among people who inject drugs in Canada, 2017-2019

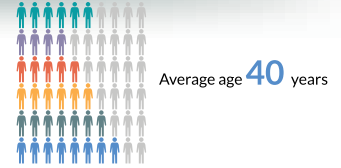
The Tracks survey of people who inject drugs was conducted between January 2017 and May 2019 in 14 sentinel sites in Canada. People who had injected drugs (PWID) in the 6 months prior to the recruitment were invited to complete an interviewer-administered questionnaire and asked to provide a biological sample that was tested for HIV antibodies and hepatitis C antibodies and RNA.

## WHO PARTICIPATED?

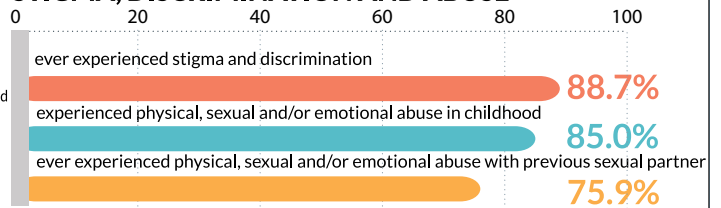
**2,383** PWID participated in this survey  
**14** sentinel sites



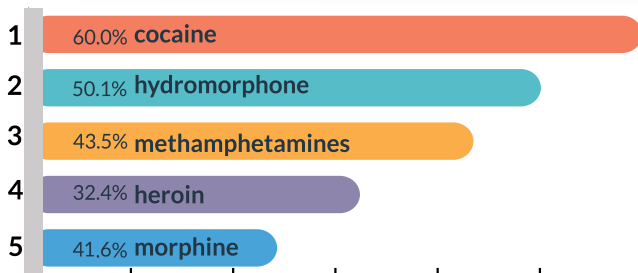
- 65.6% cisgender male
- 42.2% Indigenous
- 48.0% completed some high school or less
- 62.6% living in unstable housing
- 75.7% ever incarcerated
- 84.0% fair to excellent mental health



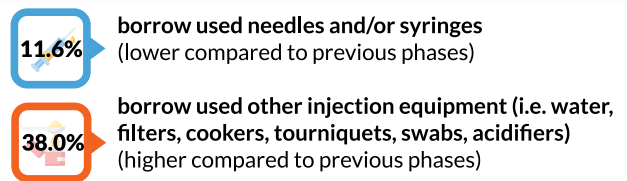
## EXPERIENCED STIGMA, DISCRIMINATION AND ABUSE



## TOP 5 INJECTION DRUGS USED IN THE PAST 6 MONTHS



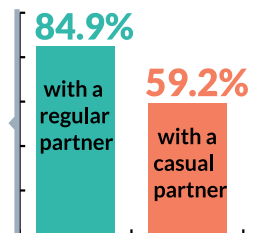
## INJECTING BEHAVIOUR IN THE PAST 6 MONTHS



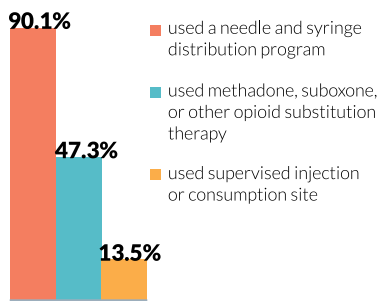
## TOP 2 OVERDOSE DRUGS USED IN THE PAST 6 MONTHS



## INCONSISTENT CONDOM USE DURING VAGINAL AND/OR ANAL SEX IN THE PAST SIX MONTHS



## PREVENTION SERVICES AND TESTING



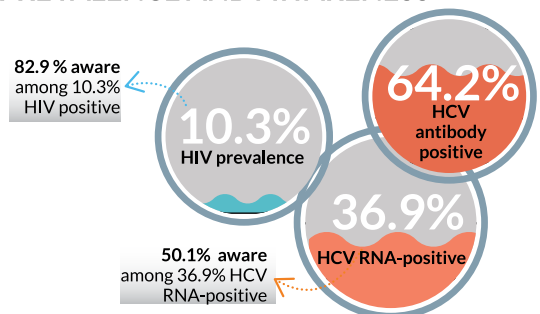
**90.9%** tested for HCV

**90.5%** tested for HIV

## LOW LEVELS OF PrEP AWARENESS AND USE

PrEP aware	14.3%
use of PrEP	0.3%

## HIV AND HEPATITIS C (HCV) PREVALENCE AND AWARENESS



**Acknowledgements:** This survey is possible because of the successful collaboration between the Public Health Agency of Canada (including the National Microbiology Laboratory), and provincial, regional and local health authorities, researchers, and community-based organizations. Special thanks to all participants and sentinel site teams for their contribution. For more information, look for our full length report in CDDR titled: *National findings from the Tracks survey of people who inject drugs in Canada, Phase 4, 2017-2019.*



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