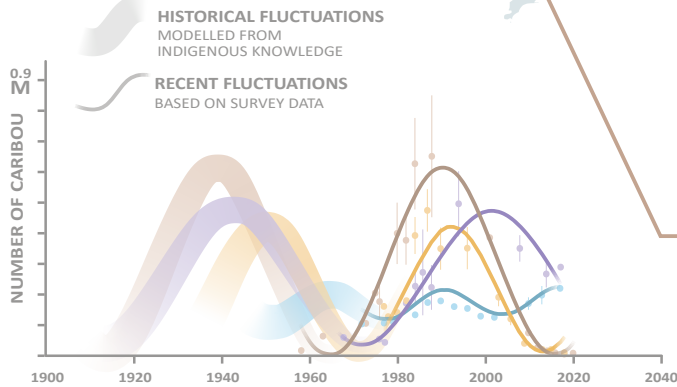
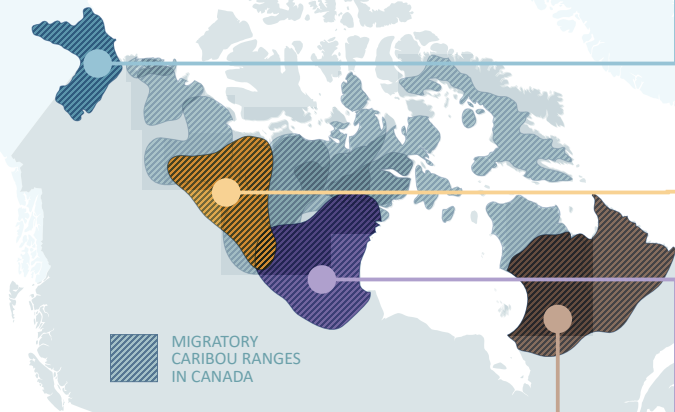


In the past, caribou herds have fluctuated naturally. It is uncertain how new threats will affect caribou in the future.



### PORCUPINE

**CURRENT TREND**  
Increasing

**MAIN CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACTS**  
Late spring drought and winter icing conditions decrease food

**MANAGEMENT**  
<2% harvest  
Caribou protection: Ivvavik National Park (Yukon), Arctic National Wildlife Refuge (Alaska)

**OTHER THREATS**  
Development poses risk to calving grounds in Alaska



### BATHURST

**CURRENT TREND**  
Declining

**MAIN CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACTS**  
Warmer summer decreases food; more insect harassment; freezing rain

**MANAGEMENT**  
Restricted harvest  
Caribou Protection: Mobile Core Bathurst Caribou Management Zone

**OTHER THREATS**  
Industrial development, roads



### QAMANIRJUAQ

**CURRENT TREND**  
Slow decline

**MAIN CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACTS**  
Warmer summer decreases food; increased shrubification; freezing rain

**MANAGEMENT**  
Moderate harvest  
No caribou habitat protection in Nunavut

**OTHER THREATS**  
Industrial development, roads, potential power line corridor (enhances predation)



### GEORGE RIVER

**CURRENT TREND**  
Declining

**MAIN CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACTS**  
Increased summer rains lead to changes in vegetation and more insect harassment

**MANAGEMENT**  
Restricted harvest  
Caribou Protection: George River Natural Reserves (Nunavik, Quebec)

**OTHER THREATS**  
Industrial development, roads, power line corridors

## Many factors influence caribou populations

